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LG ARUN115BT2 Owner's Manual

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ENGLISH

FRANÇAIS

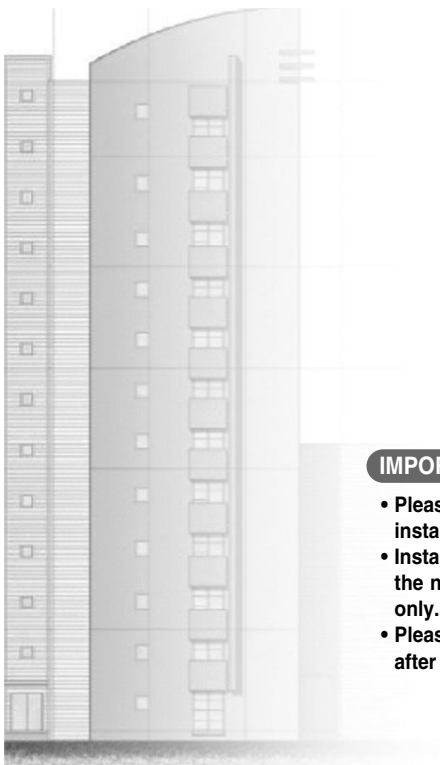
ESPAÑOL

MULTI V™ System **PLUS II**

Outdoor Unit **R410A**

INSTALLATION MANUAL

MODELS: ARUN/ARUV Series



IMPORTANT

- Please read this installation manual completely before installing the product.
- Installation work must be performed in accordance with the national wiring standards by authorized personnel only.
- Please retain this installation manual for future reference after reading it thoroughly.

IMPORTANT!

Please read this instruction sheet completely before installing the product.

This air conditioning system meets strict safety and operating standards. As the installer or service person, it is an important part of your job to install or service the system so it operates safely and efficiently.

WARNING

- Installation or repairs made by unqualified persons can result in hazards to you and others. Installation MUST conform with local building codes or, in the absence of local codes, with the National Electrical Code NFPA 70/ANSI C1-1993 or current edition and Canadian Electrical Code Part 1 CSA C.22.1.
- The information contained in the manual is intended for use by a qualified service technician familiar with safety procedures and equipped with the proper tools and test instruments.
- Failure to carefully read and follow all instructions in this manual can result in equipment malfunction, property damage, personal injury and/or death.

CAUTION: Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can void the warranty. The weight of the condensing unit requires caution and proper handling procedures when lifting or moving to avoid personal injury. Use care to avoid contact with sharp or pointed edges.

Safety Precautions

- Always wear safety eye wear and work gloves when installing equipment.
- Never assume electrical power is disconnected. Check with meter and equipment.
- Keep hands out of fan areas when power is connected to equipment.
- R-410A causes frostbite burns.
- R-410A is toxic when burned.

NOTE TO INSTALLING DEALER: The Owners Instructions and Warranty are to be given to the owner or prominently displayed near the indoor Furnace/Air Handler Unit.

Special warnings

When wiring:

Electrical shock can cause severe personal injury or death. Only a qualified, experienced electrician should attempt to wire this system.

- Do not supply power to the unit until all wiring and tubing are completed or reconnected and checked.
- Highly dangerous electrical voltages are used in this system. Carefully refer to the wiring diagram and these instructions when wiring. Improper connections and inadequate grounding can cause accidental injury or death.
- Ground the unit following local electrical codes.
- Connect all wiring tightly. Loose wiring may cause overheating at connection points and a possible fire hazard.

When transporting:

Be careful when picking up and moving the indoor and outdoor units. Get a partner to help, and bend your knees when lifting to reduce strain on your back. Sharp edges or thin aluminum fins on the air conditioner can cut your finger.

When installing...

- ... **in a wall:** Make sure the wall is strong enough to hold the unit's weight. It may be necessary to construct a strong wood or metal frame to provide added support.
- ... **in a room:** Properly insulate any tubing run inside a room to prevent "sweating" that can cause dripping and water damage to wall and floors.
- ... **in moist or uneven locations:** Use a raised concrete pad or concrete blocks provide a solid, level foundation for the outdoor unit. This prevents water damage and abnormal vibration.
- ... **in an area with high winds:** Securely anchor the outdoor unit down with bolts and a metal frame. Provide a suitable air baffle.
- ... **in a snowy area (for Heat Pump Model):** Install the outdoor unit on a raised platform that is higher than drifting snow. Provide snow vents.

When connecting refrigerant tubing

- Keep all tubing runs as short as possible.
- Use the flare method for connecting tubing.
- Check carefully for leaks before starting the test run.

When servicing

- Turn the power OFF at the main power box (mains) before opening the unit to check or repair electrical parts and wiring.
- Keep your fingers and clothing away from any moving parts.
- Clean up the site after you finish, remembering to check that no metal scraps or bits of wiring have been left inside the unit being serviced.

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Safety Precautions



To prevent injury to the user or other people and property damage, the following instructions must be followed.

■ Incorrect operation due to ignoring instruction will cause harm or damage. The seriousness is classified by the following indications.

⚠ WARNING This symbol indicates the possibility of death or serious injury.

⚠ CAUTION This symbol indicates the possibility of injury or damage to properties only.

■ Meanings of symbols used in this manual are as shown below.

	Be sure not to do.
	Be sure to follow the instruction.

⚠ WARNING

■ Installation

Have all electric work done by a licensed electrician according to "Electric Facility Engineering Standard" and "Interior Wire Regulations" and the instructions given in this manual and always use a special circuit.

- If the power source capacity is inadequate or electric work is performed improperly, electric shock or fire may result.



Ask the dealer or an authorized technician to install the air conditioner.

- Improper installation by the user may result in water leakage, electric shock, or fire.



Always ground the product.

- There is risk of fire or electric shock.



Always install a dedicated circuit and breaker.

- Improper wiring or installation may cause fire or electric shock.



For re-installation of the installed product, always contact a dealer or an Authorized Service Center.

- There is risk of fire, electric shock, explosion, or injury.



Do not install, remove, or re-install the unit by yourself (customer).

- There is risk of fire, electric shock, explosion, or injury.



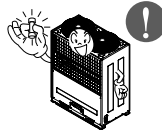
Do not store or use flammable gas or combustibles near the air conditioner.

- There is risk of fire or failure of product.



Use the correctly rated breaker or fuse.

- There is risk of fire or electric shock.



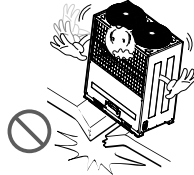
Prepare for strong wind or earthquake and install the unit at the specified place.

- Improper installation may cause the unit to topple and result in injury.



Do not install the product on a defective installation stand.

- It may cause injury, accident, or damage to the product.



When installing and moving the air conditioner to another site, do not charge it with a different refrigerant from the refrigerant specified on the unit.

- If a different refrigerant or air is mixed with the original refrigerant, the refrigerant cycle may malfunction and the unit may be damaged.



Do not reconstruct to change the settings of the protection devices.

- If the pressure switch, thermal switch, or other protection device is shorted and operated forcibly, or parts other than those specified by LGE are used, fire or explosion may result.



Safety Precautions

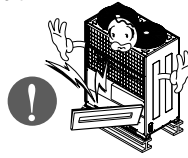
Ventilate before operating air conditioner when gas leaked out.

- It may cause explosion, fire, and burn.



Securely install the cover of control box and the panel.

- If the cover and panel are not installed securely, dust or water may enter the outdoor unit and fire or electric shock may result.



If the air conditioner is installed in a small room, measures must be taken to prevent the refrigerant concentration from exceeding the safety limit when the refrigerant leaks.

- Consult the dealer regarding the appropriate measures to prevent the safety limit from being exceeded. Should the refrigerant leak and cause the safety limit to be exceeded, hazards due to lack of oxygen in the room could result.



■ Operation

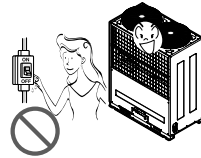
Do not damage or use an unspecified power cord.

- There is risk of fire, electric shock, explosion, or injury.



Use a dedicated outlet for this appliance.

- There is risk of fire or electrical shock.



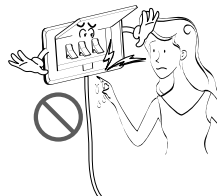
Be cautious that water could not enter the product.

- There is risk of fire, electric shock, or product damage.



Do not touch the power switch with wet hands.

- There is risk of fire, electric shock, explosion, or injury.



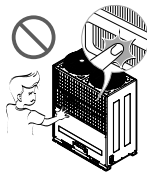
When the product is soaked (flooded or submerged), contact an Authorized Service Center.

- There is risk of fire or electric shock.



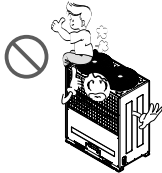
Be cautious not to touch the sharp edges when installing.

- It may cause injury.



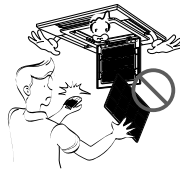
Take care to ensure that nobody could step on or fall onto the outdoor unit.

- This could result in personal injury and product damage.



Do not open the inlet grille of the product during operation. (Do not touch the electrostatic filter, if the unit is so equipped.)

- There is risk of physical injury, electric shock, or product failure.

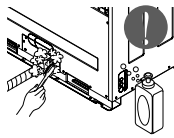


CAUTION

Installation

Always check for gas (refrigerant) leakage after installation or repair of product.

- Low refrigerant levels may cause failure of product.



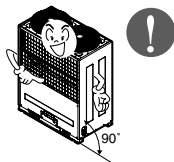
Do not install the product where the noise or hot air from the outdoor unit could damage the neighborhoods.

- It may cause a problem for your neighbors.



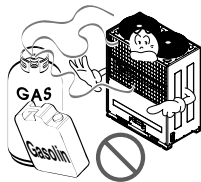
Keep level even when installing the product.

- To avoid vibration or water leakage.



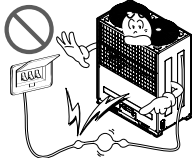
Do not install the unit where combustible gas may leak.

- If the gas leaks and accumulates around the unit, an explosion may result.



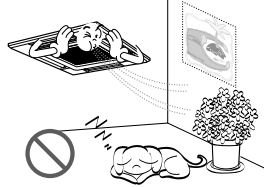
Use power cables of sufficient current carrying capacity and rating.

- Cables that are too small may leak, generate heat, and cause a fire.



Do not use the product for special purposes, such as preserving foods, works of art, etc. It is a consumer air conditioner, not a precision refrigeration system.

- There is risk of damage or loss of property.



Keep the unit away from children. The heat exchanger is very sharp.

- It can cause the injury, such as cutting the finger. Also the damaged fin may result in degradation of capacity.



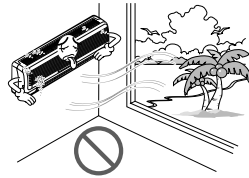
When installing the unit in a hospital, communication station, or similar place, provide sufficient protection against noise.

- The inverter equipment, private power generator, high-frequency medical equipment, or radio communication equipment may cause the air conditioner to operate erroneously, or fail to operate. On the other hand, the air conditioner may affect such equipment by creating noise that disturbs medical treatment or image broadcasting.



Do not install the product where it is exposed to sea wind (salt spray) directly.

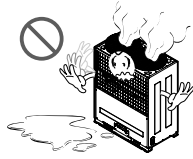
- It may cause corrosion on the product. Corrosion, particularly on the condenser and evaporator fins, could cause product malfunction or inefficient operation.



■ Operation

Do not use the air conditioner in special environments.

- Oil, steam, sulfuric smoke, etc. can significantly reduce the performance of the air conditioner or damage its parts.



Do not block the inlet or outlet.

- It may cause failure of appliance or accident.



Make the connections securely so that the outside force of the cable may not be applied to the terminals.

- Inadequate connection and fastening may generate heat and cause a fire.



Be sure the installation area does not deteriorate with age.

- If the base collapses, the air conditioner could fall with it, causing property damage, product failure, or personal injury.



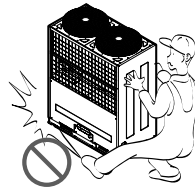
Install and insulate the drain hose to ensure that water is drained away properly based on the installation manual.

- A bad connection may cause water leakage.



Be very careful about product transportation.

- Only one person should not carry the product if it weighs more than 20 kg.
- Some products use PP bands for packaging. Do not use any PP bands for a means of transportation. It is dangerous.
- Do not touch the heat exchanger fins. Doing so may cut your fingers.
- When transporting the outdoor unit, suspending it at the specified positions on the unit base. Also support the outdoor unit at four points so that it cannot slip sideways.



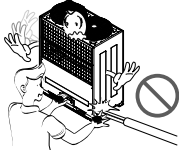
Safely dispose of the packing materials.

- Packing materials, such as nails and other metal or wooden parts, may cause stabs or other injuries.
- Tear apart and throw away plastic packaging bags so that children may not play with them. If children play with a plastic bag which was not torn apart, they face the risk of suffocation.



Do not touch any of the refrigerant piping during and after operation.

- It can cause a burn or frostbite.



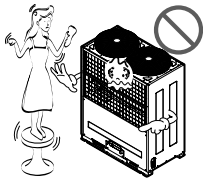
Do not directly turn off the main power switch after stopping operation.

- Wait at least 5 minutes before turning off the main power switch. Otherwise it may result in water leakage or other problems.



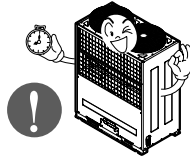
Use a firm stool or ladder when cleaning or maintaining the air conditioner.

- Be careful and avoid personal injury.



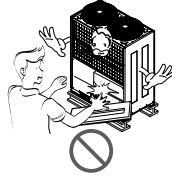
Turn on the power at least 6 hours before starting operation.

- Starting operation immediately after turning on the main power switch can result in severe damage to internal parts. Keep the power switch turned on during the operational season.



Do not operate the air conditioner with the panels or guards removed.

- Rotating, hot, or high-voltage parts can cause injuries.



Auto-addressing should be done in condition of connecting the power of all indoor and outdoor units. Auto-addressing should also be done in case of changing the indoor unit PCB.



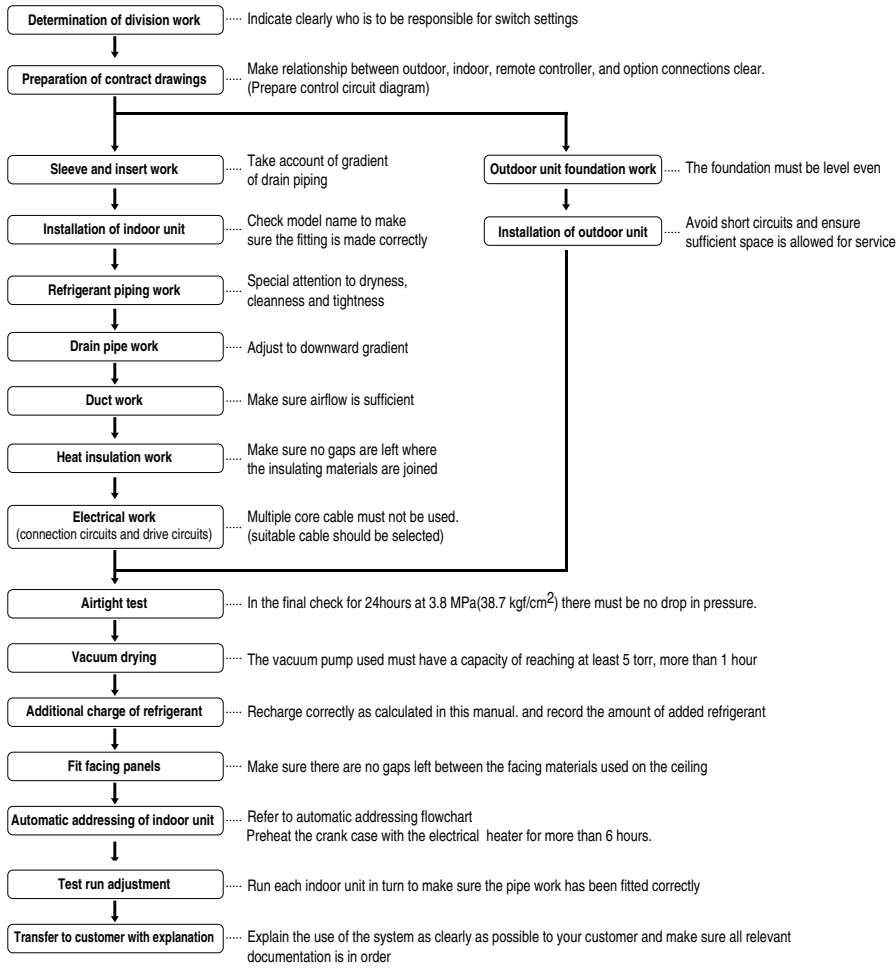
Do not insert hands or other objects through the air inlet or outlet while the air conditioner is plugged in.

- There are sharp and moving parts that could cause personal injury.



Installation Process

ENGLISH



CAUTION

- The above list indicates the order in which the individual work operations are normally carried out but this order may be varied where local conditions warrants such change.
- The wall thickness of the piping should comply with the relevant local and national regulations for the designed pressure 3.8MPa.
- Since R410A is a mixed refrigerant, the required additional refrigerant must be charged in its liquid state.(If the refrigerant is charged in its gaseous state, its composition changes and the system will not work properly.)

Outdoor units Information

⚠ CAUTION: Ratio of the connectable Indoor Units to the Outdoor: Within 50 ~ 130%
Ratio of the running Indoor Units to the Outdoor: Within 10 ~ 100%
A combination operation over 100% cause to reduce the total capacity.

Power Supply: Outdoor Unit (3Ø, 460V, 60Hz)

■ Heat pump

Unit		1 Outdoor Unit					2 Outdoor Units	
System	HP	8	10	12	14	16	18	20
	Ton	6.5	8.0	9.5	11.0	12.5	14.5	16.0
Model		ARUN076DT2	ARUN096DT2	ARUN115DT2	ARUN134DT2	ARUN154DT2	ARUN173DT2	ARUN192DT2
							ARUN096DT2	ARUN115DT2
Product Charge	kg(lbs)	8(17.6)	8(17.6)	8(17.6)	8(17.6)	8(17.6)	8+8(17.6+17.6)	8+8(17.6+17.6)
CF(Correction Factor)	kg(lbs)	-1(-2.2)	0(0)	1(2.2)	2(4.4)	3(6.6)	-1(-2.2)	0(0)
Max. Connectable No. of Indoor Units		13	16	19	23	26	29	32
Net Weight	kg	240	285	285	285	285	285+240	285+240
	lbs	529	628	628	628	628	628+529	628+529
Dimensions (WxHxD)	mm	1,280x1,607x730	1,280x1,607x730	1,280x1,607x730	1,280x1,607x730	1,280x1,607x730	1,280x1,607x730)x2	1,280x1,607x730)x2
	inch	(50.39x63.516x28.116)	(50.39x63.516x28.116)	(50.39x63.516x28.116)	(50.39x63.516x28.116)	(50.39x63.516x28.116)	(50.39x63.516x28.116)x2	(50.39x63.516x28.116)x2
Connecting Pipes	Liquid Pipes[mm(inch)]	9.52(3/8)	9.52(3/8)	12.7(1/2)	12.7(1/2)	12.7(1/2)	15.88(5/8)	15.88(5/8)
	Gas Pipes[mm(inch)]	19.05(3/4)	22.2(7/8)	28.58(1 1/8)	28.58(1 1/8)	28.58(1 1/8)	28.58(1 1/8)	28.58(1 1/8)

Unit		2 Outdoor Units					
System	HP	22	24	26	28	30	32
	Ton	17.5	19.0	20.5	22.5	24.0	25.5
Model		ARUN211DT2	ARUN230DT2	ARUN250DT2	ARUN270DT2	ARUN290DT2	ARUN310DT2
		ARUN134DT2	ARUN154DT2	ARUN134DT2	ARUN134DT2	ARUN154DT2	ARUN154DT2
		ARUN076DT2	ARUN076DT2	ARUN115DT2	ARUN134DT2	ARUN134DT2	ARUN154DT2
Product Charge	kg(lbs)	8+8(17.6+17.6)	8+8(17.6+17.6)	8+8(17.6+17.6)	8+8(17.6+17.6)	8+8(17.6+17.6)	8+8(17.6+17.6)
CF(Correction Factor)	kg(lbs)	1(2.2)	2(4.4)	3(6.6)	4(8.8)	5(11.0)	6(13.2)
Max. Connectable No. of Indoor Units		35	39	42	45	49	52
Net Weight	kg	285+240	285+240	285x2	285x2	285x2	285x2
	lbs	628+529	628+529	628x2	628x2	628x2	628x2
Dimensions (WxHxD)	mm	(1,280x1,607x730)x2	(1,280x1,607x730)x2	(1,280x1,607x730)x2	(1,280x1,607x730)x2	(1,280x1,607x730)x2	(1,280x1,607x730)x2
	inch	(50.39x63.516x28.116)x2	(50.39x63.516x28.116)x2	(50.39x63.516x28.116)x2	(50.39x63.516x28.116)x2	(50.39x63.516x28.116)x2	(50.39x63.516x28.116)x2
Connecting Pipes	Liquid Pipes[mm(inch)]	15.88(5/8)	15.88(5/8)	19.05(3/4)	19.05(3/4)	19.05(3/4)	19.05(3/4)
	Gas Pipes[mm(inch)]	28.58(1 1/8)	34.9(1 3/8)	34.9(1 3/8)	34.9(1 3/8)	34.9(1 3/8)	34.9(1 3/8)

Power Supply: Outdoor Unit (3Ø, 208/230V, 60Hz)

■ Heat pump

ENGLISH

Unit		1 Outdoor Unit			2 Outdoor Units
System	HP	8	10	12	16
	Ton	6.5	8.0	9.5	11.0
Model		ARUN076BT2	ARUN096BT2	ARUN115BT2	ARUN154BT2
					ARUN076BT2 ARUN076BT2
Product Charge	kg(lbs)	8(17.6)	8(17.6)	8(17.6)	8+8(17.6+17.6)
CF(Correction Factor)	kg(lbs)	-1(-2.2)	0(0)	1(2.2)	-2(-4.4)
Max. Connectable No. of Indoor Units		13	16	19	26
Net Weight	kg	285	285	285	285+285
	lbs	628	628	628	628+628
Dimensions (WxHxD)	mm	1,280x1,607x730	1,280x1,607x730	1,280x1,607x730	(1,280x1,607x730)x2
	inch	(50-3/8 x 63-5/16 x 28-11/16)	(50-3/8 x 63-5/16 x 28-11/16)	(50-3/8 x 63-5/16 x 28-11/16)	(50-3/8 x 63-5/16 x 28-11/16) x2
Connecting Pipes	Liquid Pipes[mm(inch)]	9.52(3/8)	9.52(3/8)	12.7(1/2)	12.7(1/2)
	Gas Pipes[mm(inch)]	19.05(3/4)	22.2(7/8)	28.58(1 1/8)	28.58(1 1/8)

Unit		2 Outdoor Unit			
System	HP	18	20	22	24
	Ton	14.5	16.0	17.5	19.0
Model		ARUN173BT2	ARUN192BT2	ARUN211BT2	ARUN230BT2
		ARUN096BT2 ARUN076BT2	ARUN096BT2 ARUN096BT2	ARUN115BT2 ARUN096BT2	ARUN115BT2 ARUN115BT2
Product Charge	kg(lbs)	8+8(17.6+17.6)	8+8(17.6+17.6)	8+8(17.6+17.6)	8+8(17.6+17.6)
CF(Correction Factor)	kg(lbs)	-1(-2.2)	0(0)	1(2.2)	2(4.4)
Max. Connectable No. of Indoor Units		29	32	35	39
Net Weight	kg	285+285	285+285	285+285	285+285
	lbs	628+628	628+628	628+628	628+628
Dimensions (WxHxD)	mm	(1,280x1,607x730)x2	(1,280x1,607x730)x2	(1,280x1,607x730)x2	(1,280x1,607x730)x2
	inch	(50-3/8 x 63-5/16 x 28-11/16) x2	(50-3/8 x 63-5/16 x 28-11/16) x2	(50-3/8 x 63-5/16 x 28-11/16) x2	(50-3/8 x 63-5/16 x 28-11/16) x2
Connecting Pipes	Liquid Pipes[mm(inch)]	15.88(5/8)	15.88(5/8)	15.88(5/8)	15.88(5/8)
	Gas Pipes[mm(inch)]	28.58(1 1/8)	28.58(1 1/8)	28.58(1 1/8)	34.9(1 3/8)

Environment-friendly Alternative Refrigerant R410A

- The refrigerant R410A has the property of higher operating pressure in comparison with R22. Therefore, all materials have the characteristics of higher resisting pressure than R22 ones and this characteristic should be also considered during the installation.
- R410A is an azeotrope of R32 and R125 mixed at 50:50, so the ozone depletion potential (ODP) of R410A is 0. These days the developed countries have approved it as the environment-friendly refrigerant and encouraged to use it widely to prevent environment pollution.

CAUTION:

- The wall thickness of the piping should comply with the relevant local and national regulations for the designed pressure 3.8MPa
- Since R410A is a mixed refrigerant, the required additional refrigerant must be charged in its liquid state. If the refrigerant is charged in its gaseous state, its composition changes and the system will not work properly.
- Do not place the refrigerant container under the direct rays of the sun to prevent it from exploding.
- For high-pressure refrigerant, any unapproved pipe must not be used.
- Do not heat pipes more than necessary to prevent them from softening.
- Be careful not to install wrongly to minimize economic loss because it is expensive in comparison with R22.

Select the Best Location

Select space for installing outdoor unit, which will meet the following conditions:

- No direct thermal radiation from other heat sources
- No possibility of annoying neighbors by noise from unit
- No exposition to strong wind
- With strength which bears weight of unit
- Note that drain flows out of unit when heating
- With space for air passage and service work shown next
- Because of the possibility of fire, do not install unit to the space where generation, inflow, stagnation, and leakage of combustible gas is expected.
- Avoid unit installation in a place where acidic solution and spray (sulfur) are often used.
- Do not use unit under any special environment where oil, steam and sulfuric gas exist.
- It is recommended to fence round the outdoor unit in order to prevent any person or animal from accessing the outdoor unit.
- If installation site is area of heavy snowfall, then the following directions should be observed.
 - Make the foundation as high as possible.
 - Fit a snow protection hood.
- Select installation location considering following conditions to avoid bad condition when additionally performing defrost operation.
 1. Install the outdoor unit at a place well ventilated and having a lot of sunshine in case of installing the product at a place with a high humidity in winter (neare beach, coast, lake, etc).
(Ex) Rooftop where sunshine always shines.
 2. Performance of heating will be reduced and preheat time of the indoor unit may be lengthened in case of installing the outdoor unit in winter at following location:
 - (1) Shade position with a narrow space
 - (2) Location with much moisture in neighboring floor.
 - (3) Location with much humidity around.
 - (4) Location where water gathers since the floor is not even.

Installation Space

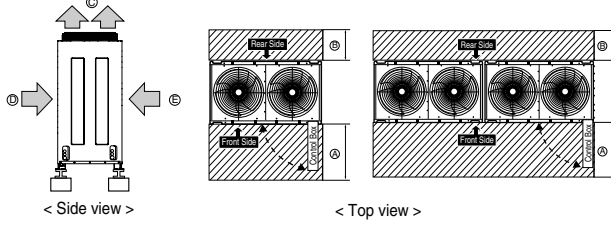
Individual Installation

ENGLISH

Basic space required

A space of at least 250mm(9-13/16 inch) is necessary at the back for inlet air. Taking servicing, etc. from the rear into account, a space of about 915mm(36 inches) should be provided, the same as at the front.

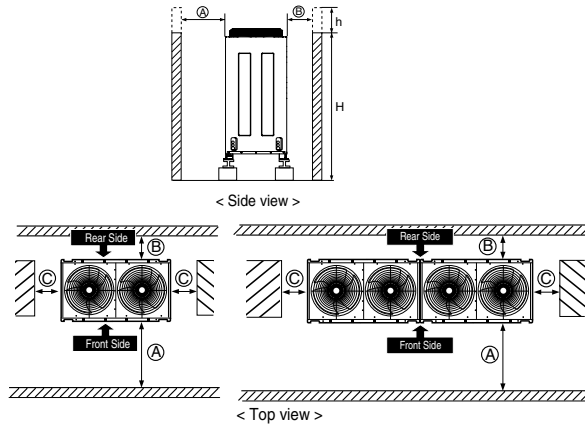
- ⌋ 915mm(36 inches) or more (Control box is open/close type)
- ⌋ 250mm(9-13/16 inch) or more
- ⌋ Top discharge (open in principle)
- ⌋ Front inlet (open in principle)
- ⌋ Rear inlet (open in principle)



When inlet air enters from right and left sides of unit

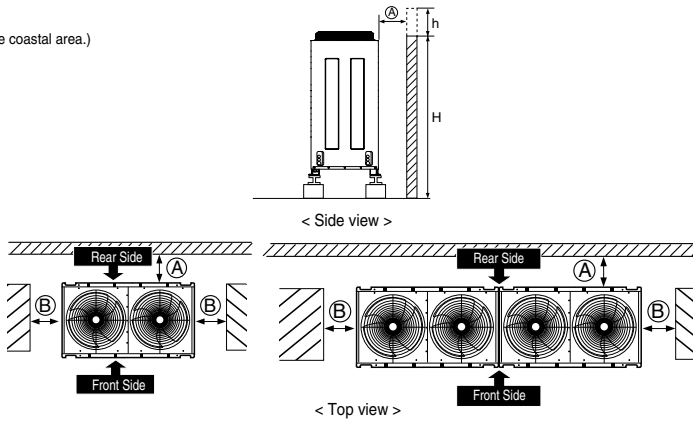
- ⌋ 915mm(36 inches) or more (Control box is open/close type)
- ⌋ 250mm(9-13/16 inch) or more
- ⌋ 150mm(5-7/8 inch) from the wall

CAUTION
 Wall height(H) must not exceed height of the product. If the wall height is higher than the whole height of product by (h), Add (h) to A, B.



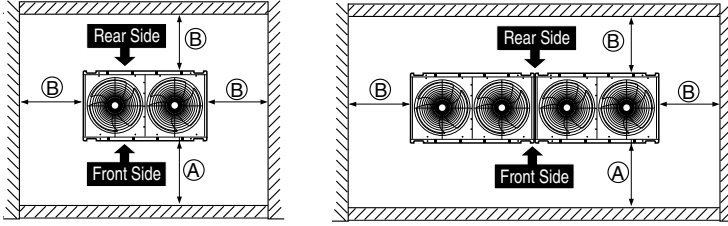
- Ⓐ 250mm(9-13/16 inch) or more (350mm(13-3/4 inch) or more at the coastal area.)
- Ⓑ 150mm(5-7/8 inch) from the wall

CAUTION
 Wall height(H) must not exceed height of the product. If the wall height is higher than the whole height of product by (h), Add (h) to A, B.



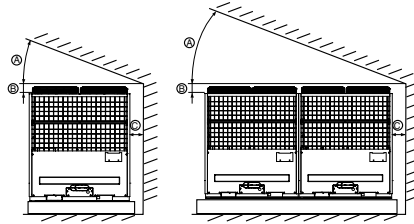
■ When unit is surrounded by walls

- Ⓐ 915mm(36 inches) or more (Control box is of a open/close type)
- Ⓑ 250mm(9-13/16 inch) or more

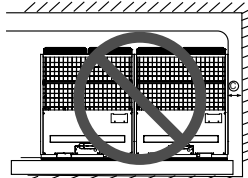


■ When there is an obstruction above the unit

- Ⓐ 45° or more
- Ⓑ 200mm(7-7/8 inch) or more
- Ⓒ 250mm(9-13/16 inch) or more

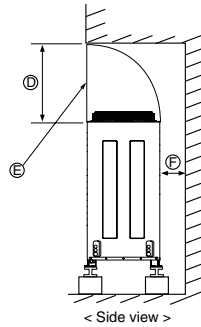


< Front view >

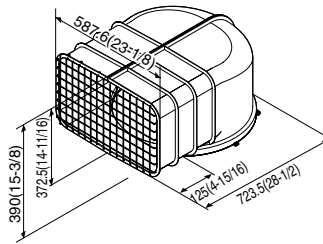


< Front view >

- Ⓓ Air guide
- Ⓔ Air outlet guide (Procured at the site)
- Ⓕ 250mm(9-13/16 inch) or more



< Side view >



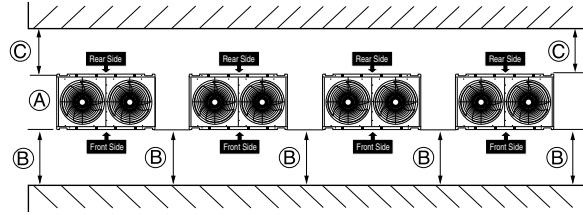
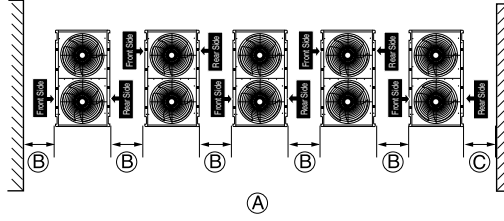
< Air guide >

Collective / Continuous installation

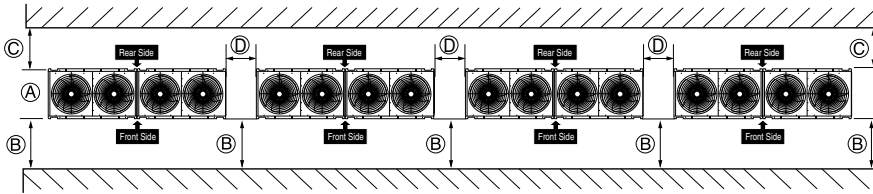
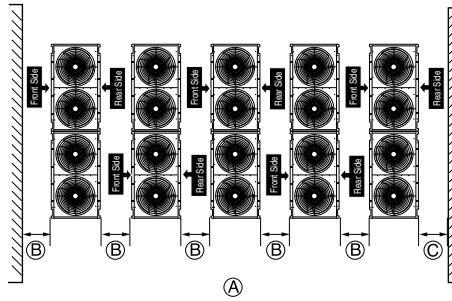
ENGLISH

Space required for collective installation and continuous installation: When installing several units, leave space between each block as shown below considering passage for air and people.

- Ⓐ (Be opened)
- Ⓑ 915mm(36 inches) or more (control box is of a open/close type)
- Ⓒ 250mm(9-13/16 inch) or more
- Ⓓ 150mm(5-7/8 inch) or more



※ Ⓑ = 1250mm(49-1/4 inch) or more at the coastal area or strong wind area



Seasonal wind and cautions in winter

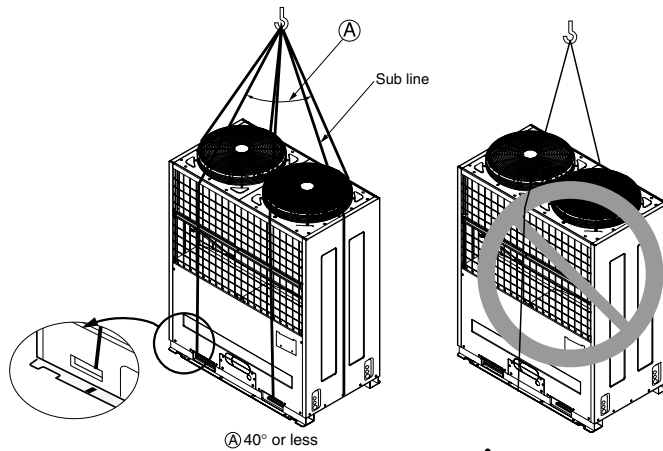
- Sufficient measures are required in a snow area or severe cold area in winter so that product can be operated well.
- Get ready for seasonal wind or snow in winter even in other areas.
- Install a suction and discharge duct not to let in snow or rain.
- Install the outdoor unit not to come in contact with snow directly. If snow piles up and freezes on the air suction hole, the system may malfunction. If it is installed at snowy area, attach the hood to the system.
- Install the outdoor unit at the higher installation console by 50cm than the average snowfall (annual average snowfall) if it is installed at the area with much snowfall.
- Where snow accumulated on the upper part of the Outdoor Unit by more than 10cm, always remove snow for operation.

- | |
|--|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. The height of H frame must be more than 2 times the snowfall and its width shall not exceed the width of the product. (If width of the frame is wider than that of the product, snow may accumulate)2. Don't install the suction hole and discharge hole of the Outdoor Unit facing the seasonal wind. |
|--|

Lifting method

ENGLISH

- When carrying the suspended, unit pass the ropes under the unit and use the two suspension points each at the front and rear.
- Always lift the unit with ropes attached at four points so that impact is not applied to the unit.
- Attach the ropes to the unit at an angle of 40° or less.



! WARNING

! CAUTION

Be very careful while carrying the product.

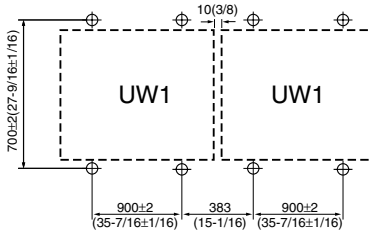
- Do not have only one person carry product if it is more than 20 kg(44 lbs).
- PP bands are used to pack some products. Do not use them as a mean for transportation because they are dangerous.
- Do not touch heat exchanger fins with your bare hands. Otherwise you may get a cut in your hands.
- Tear plastic packaging bag and scrap it so that children cannot play with it. Otherwise plastic packaging bag may suffocate children to death.
- When carrying in Outdoor Unit, be sure to support it at four points. Carrying in and lifting with 3-point support may make Outdoor Unit unstable, resulting in a fall.
- Be very careful while carrying ARUN076DT2. It will be tilted in right side.

Installation

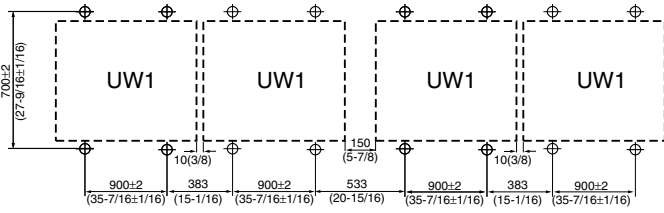
Location of anchor bolt(To be applied to 1, 2 Units installation)

■ Individual installation

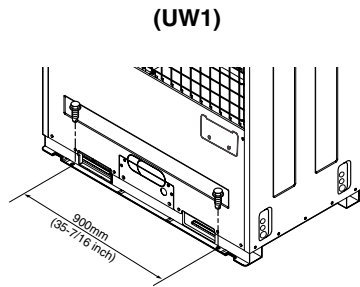
Unit: mm(inch)



■ Collective installation



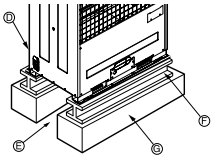
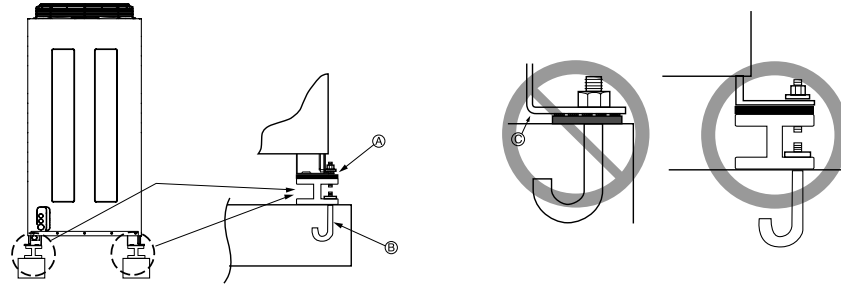
■ Installation foot(Location of anchor bolt)



Foundation for Installation

- Fix the unit tightly with bolts as shown below so that unit will not fall down due to earthquake or gust.
- Use the H-beam support as a base support
- Noise and vibration may occur from the floor or wall since vibration is transferred through the installation part depending on installation status. Thus, use anti-vibration materials (cushion pad) fully (The base pad shall be more than 200mm).

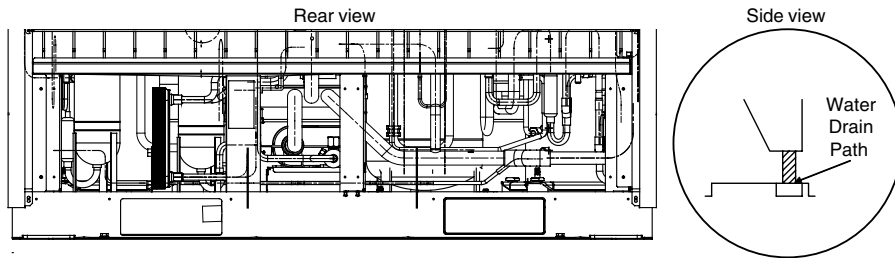
ENGLISH



- Ⓐ Ensure that the corner part can be securely mounted. Otherwise, the support for installation may be bent.
- Ⓑ Obtain and use the M10 anchor bolt.
- Ⓒ The corner was not properly mounted.
- Ⓓ Outdoor unit (Insert the cushion pad between outdoor unit and base support to ensure that anti-vibration may be done in a wide area)
- Ⓔ Pipe and wiring space (in case of piping and wiring on the floor surface)
- Ⓕ H-Beam support
- Ⓖ Concrete base support

⚠ WARNING

- Be sure to install unit in a place strong enough to withstand its weight. Any lack of strength may cause unit to fall down, resulting in a personal injury.
- Have installation work in order to protect against a strong wind and earthquake. Any installation deficiency may cause unit to fall down, resulting in a personal injury.
- Especially take care for support strength of the floor surface, water drain processing (processing of water flown out from the outdoor unit during operation) and paths of the pipe and wiring when making a base support.
- Don't use a tube or pipe for water drain in the base pan and perform water drain processing by using the drain path. Water drain may not be done due to freezing of a tube or pipe.

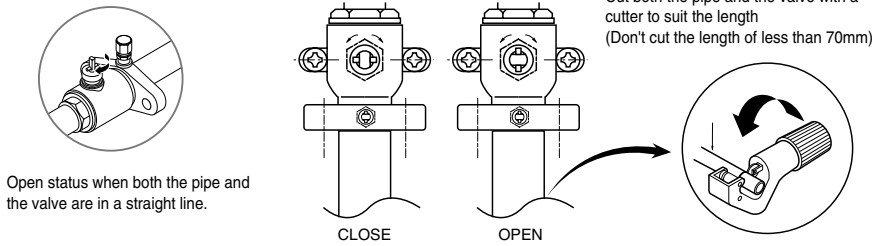


Refrigerant piping installation

⚠ WARNING

Always use extreme care to prevent the refrigerant gas (R410A) from leakage while using fire or flame. If the refrigerant gas comes in contact with the flame from any source, such as a gas stove, it breaks down and generates a poisonous gas which can cause gas poisoning. Never perform brazing in an unventilated room. Always conduct an inspection for gas leakage after installation of the refrigerant piping has been completed.

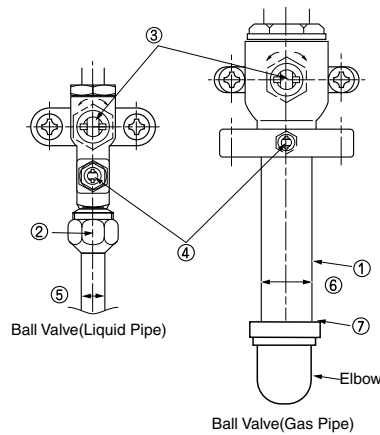
Cautions in pipe connection/valve operation



⚠ WARNING

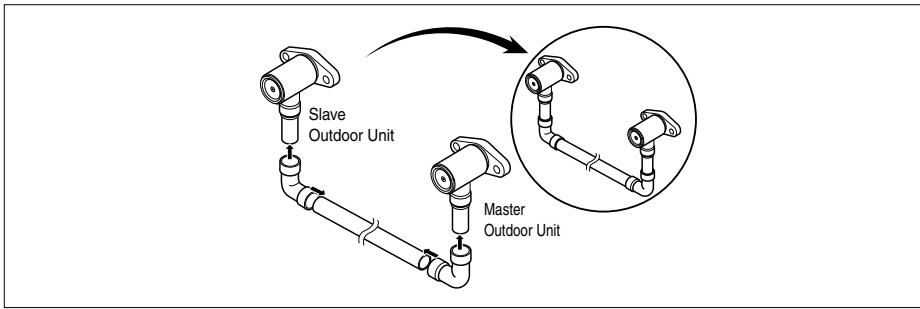
After completing work, securely tighten both service ports and caps so that gas does not leak.

- ① Pipe joint (auxiliary parts): Securely perform brazing with a nitrogen blow into the service valve port. (Releasing pressure : 0.29 psi or less)
- ② Flare nut: Loose or tighten flare nut by using the wrench with both ends. Coat the flare connection part with oil for the compressor.
- ③ Cap: Remove caps and operate valve, etc. After operation, always reattach caps (tightening torque of valve cap: 25Nm (250kg-cm) or more). (Don't remove the internal part of the port)
- ④ Service port: Make the refrigerant pipe vacuum and charge it using the service port. Always reattach caps after completing work (tightening torque of service cap: 10 lbf·ft or more).
- ⑤ Liquid pipe
- ⑥ Gas pipe
- ⑦ Elbow joint (field supply)



Connection of High/Low Pressure Common pipe

ENGLISH

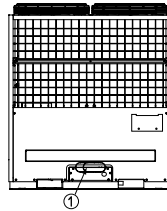


2 outdoor units

1. For the High/Low Pressure Common pipe, connect both Master Outdoor Unit and Slave (1, 2) Outdoor Unit to the pipe (field supply) by using elbows (field supply)
2. For cutting the pipe, connect the High/Low Pressure Common pipe after removing burrs, dusts and foreign materials within the pipe. Otherwise, the product may not operate due to sludge within the pipe.

When connecting the pipes from the front of the outdoor unit, remove part ①.

When connecting the pipes from the side of the outdoor unit, remove part ② (the whole "Knock out" part).



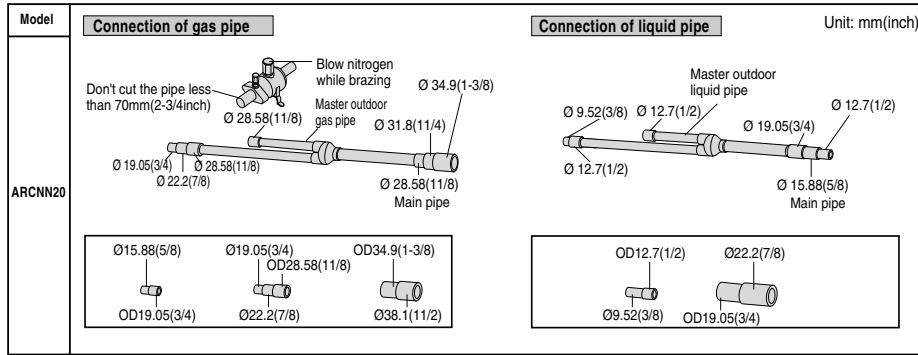
(Front)

! WARNING

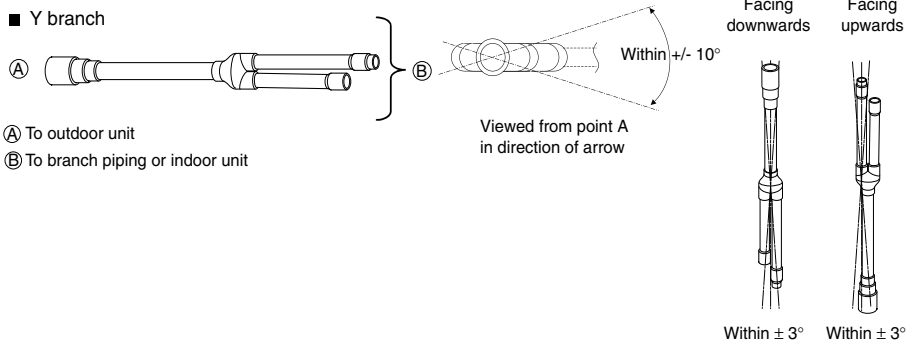
After installing the pipe, clog the pipe excavation inlet of the front panel and the side panel (Wire may be damaged due to entry of rats, animals, etc).

Connection of Outdoor units

2 outdoor units



Y branch



Ⓐ To outdoor unit

Ⓑ To branch piping or indoor unit

Caution

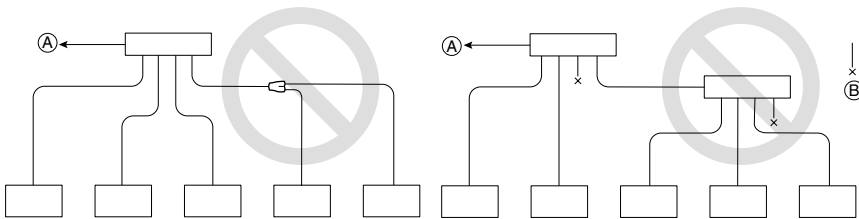
- Use the following materials for refrigerant piping.
 - Material: Seamless phosphorous deoxidized copper pipe
 - Wall thickness : Comply with the relevant local and national regulations for the designed pressure 3.8MPa. We recommend the following table as the minimum wall thickness.

Outer diameter [mm(inch)]	6.35 (1/4)	9.52 (3/8)	12.7 (1/2)	15.88 (5/8)	19.05 (3/4)	22.2 (7/8)	25.4 (1)	28.58 (1-1/8)	31.8 (1-1/4)	34.9 (1-3/8)	38.1 (1-1/2)	41.3 (1-15/16)
Minimum thickness [mm(inch)]	0.8 (0.03)	0.8 (0.03)	0.8 (0.03)	0.99 (3.25)	0.99 (0.04)	0.99 (0.04)	0.99 (0.04)	0.99 (0.04)	1.1 (0.04)	1.21 (0.05)	1.35 (0.05)	1.43 (0.06)

- Commercially available piping often contains dust and other materials. Always blow it clean with a dry inert gas.
- Use care to prevent dust, water or other contaminants from entering the piping during installation.
- Reduce the number of bending portions as much as possible, and make bending radius as big as possible.
- Always use the branch piping set shown below, which are sold separately.

Y branch		Header		
		4 branch	7 branch	10 branch
ARBLN01620	ARBLN03320	ARBL054	ARBL057	ARBL1010
ARBLN07120	ARBLN14520	ARBL104	ARBL107	ARBL2010

- If the diameters of the branch piping of the designated refrigerant piping differs, use a pipe cutter to cut the connecting section and then use an adapter for connecting different diameters to connect the piping.
- Always observe the restrictions on the refrigerant piping (such as rated length, difference in height, and piping diameter).
Failure to do so can result in equipment failure or a decline in heating/cooling performance.
- A second branch cannot be made after a header. (These are shown by ⊘.)



(A) To Outdoor Unit
(B) Sealed Piping

- The Multi V will stop due to an abnormality like excessive or insufficient refrigerant. At such a time, always properly charge the unit. When servicing, always check the notes concerning both the piping length and the amount of additional refrigerant.
- Never use refrigerant to perform an air purge. Always evacuate using a vacuum pump.
- Always insulate the piping properly. Insufficient insulation will result in a decline in heating/cooling performance, drip of condensate and other such problems.
- When connecting the refrigerant piping, make sure the service valves of the Outdoor Unit is completely closed (the factory setting) and do not operate it until the refrigerant piping for the Outdoor and Indoor Units has been connected, a refrigerant leakage test has been performed and the evacuation process has been completed.
- Always use a non-oxidizing brazing material for brazing the parts and do not use flux. If not, oxidized film can cause clogging or damage to the compressor unit and flux can harm the copper piping or refrigerant oil.

ENGLISH

Refrigerant piping installation

12. Always insulate the piping properly. Insufficient insulation will result in a decline in heating/cooling performance, drip of condensate and other such problems.
13. When connecting the refrigerant piping, make sure the service valves of the Outdoor Unit is completely closed (the factory setting) and do not operate it until the refrigerant piping for the Outdoor and Indoor Units has been connected, a refrigerant leakage test has been performed and the evacuation process has been completed.
14. Always use a non-oxidizing brazing material for brazing the parts and do not use flux. If not, oxidized film can cause clogging or damage to the compressor unit and flux can harm the copper piping or refrigerant oil.

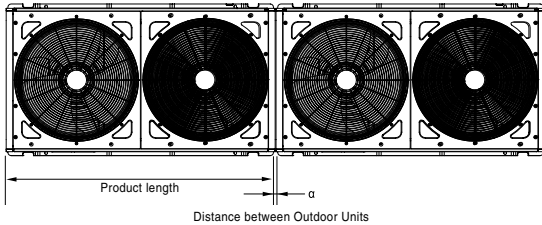
WARNING

When installing and moving the air conditioner to another site, be sure to make recharge refrigerant after perfect evacuation.

- If a different refrigerant or air is mixed with the original refrigerant, the refrigerant cycle may malfunction and the unit may be damaged.
- After selecting diameter of the refrigerant pipe to suit total capacity of the indoor unit connected after branching, use an appropriate branch pipe set according to the pipe diameter of the indoor unit and the installation pipe drawing.

Pipe length between Outdoor Units (Gas pipe, Liquid pipe, High/Low Pressure Common pipe)

= Product length + $\sum \alpha$ (distance between Outdoor Units)



Refrigerant piping system

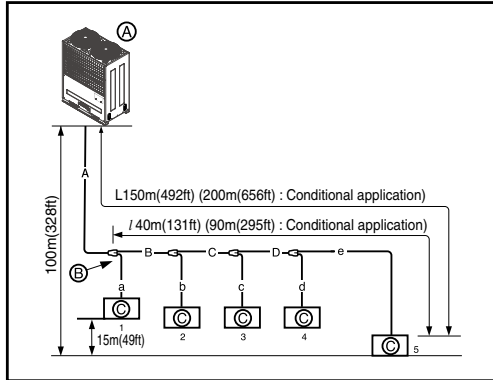
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◆ Y branch method

1 Outdoor Units

Example : 5 Indoor Units connected

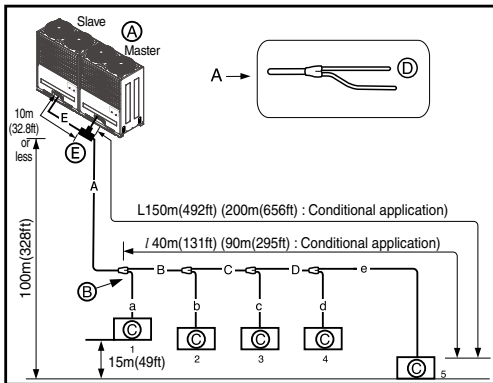
- Ⓐ : Outdoor Unit
- Ⓑ : 1st branch (Y branch)
- Ⓒ : Indoor Units



2 Outdoor Units

Example : 5 Indoor Units connected

- Ⓐ : Outdoor Unit
- Ⓑ : 1st branch (Y branch)
- Ⓒ : Indoor Units
- Ⓓ : Downward Indoor Unit
- Ⓔ : Connection branch pipe between Outdoor units: ARCNN20



Piping length from outdoor branch to outdoor unit $\leq 10\text{m}$ (32.8ft), equivalent length: max 13m(42.7ft) (for 18HP or more)

Conditional Application

To satisfy below condition to make 40 m ~ 90 m(131 ft ~ 295 ft) of pipe length after first branch.

- 1) Diameter of pipes between first branch and the last branch should be increased by one step, except pipe diameter B,C,D is same as Diameter A
 $\varnothing 6.35(1/4 \text{ inch}) \rightarrow \varnothing 9.52(3/8 \text{ inch}) \rightarrow \varnothing 12.7(1/2 \text{ inch}) \rightarrow \varnothing 15.88(5/8 \text{ inch}) \rightarrow \varnothing 19.05(3/4 \text{ inch}) \rightarrow \varnothing 22.2(7/8 \text{ inch}) \rightarrow \varnothing 25.4(1 \text{ inch}) \rightarrow \varnothing 28.58(1-1/8 \text{ inch}) \rightarrow \varnothing 31.8(1-1/4 \text{ inch}) \rightarrow \varnothing 34.9(1-3/8 \text{ inch}) \rightarrow \varnothing 38.1(1-1/2 \text{ inch})$
 * : It is not necessary to size up.
- 2) While calculating whole refrigerant pipe length, pipe B,C,D length should be calculated twice.
 $A+Bx2+Cx2+Dx2+a+b+c+d+e \leq 1,000 \text{ m}(3,281 \text{ ft})$
- 3) Length of pipe from each indoor unit to the closest branch (a,b,c,d,e) $\leq 40\text{m}$ (131ft)
- 4) [Length of pipe from outdoor unit to the farthest indoor unit 5 (A+B+C+D+e)]
 - [Length of pipe outdoor unit to the closest indoor unit 1 (A+a)] $\leq 40\text{m}$ (131ft)

▷ Refrigerant pipe diameter from branch to branch (B,C,D)

Downward Indoor Unit total capacity [kW(Btu/h)]	Liquid pipe [mm(inch)]	Gas pipe [mm(inch)]
<22.4(76,400)	Ø9.52(3/8)	Ø19.05(3/4)
< 33(112,600)	Ø9.52(3/8)	Ø22.2(7/8)
< 47(160,400)	Ø12.7(1/2)	Ø28.58(1-1/8)
< 71(242,300)	Ø15.88(5/8)	Ø28.58(1-1/8)
< 104(354,900)	Ø19.05(3/4)	Ø34.9(1-3/8)

▷ Total pipe length = A+B+C+D+a+b+c+d+e ≤ 1,000m(3,281 ft)

L	Longest pipe length	Equivalent pipe length
	A+B+C+D+e ≤ 150m(492ft)(200m**(656ft)**)	*A+B+C+D+e ≤ 175m(574ft) (225m(738ft)**)
l	Longest pipe length after 1st branch	
	B+C+D+e ≤ 40m(131ft) 90m(295ft)**)	
H	Difference in height(Outdoor Unit ↔ Indoor Unit)	
	H ≤ 100m(328ft)	
h	Difference in height (Indoor Unit ↔ Indoor Unit)	
	h ≤ 15m(49ft)	
h1	Difference in height (Outdoor Unit ↔ Outdoor Unit)	
	h1 ≤ 5m(16ft)	

- * : Assume equivalent piping length of Y branch to be 0.5m(1.6ft), that of header to be 1m(3.3ft), calculation purpose.
- ** : To apply Conditional Application

Ⓐ

Upward Outdoor Unit total capacity [HP]	Liquid pipe [mm(inch)]	Gas pipe [mm(inch)]
8	Ø9.52(3/8)	Ø19.05(3/4)
10	Ø9.52(3/8)	Ø22.2(7/8)
12~16	Ø12.7(1/2)	Ø28.58(1-1/8)
18~22	Ø15.88(5/8)	Ø28.58(1-1/8)
24	Ø15.88(5/8)	Ø34.9(1-3/8)
26~32	Ø19.05(3/4)	Ø34.9(1-3/8)

Ⓔ

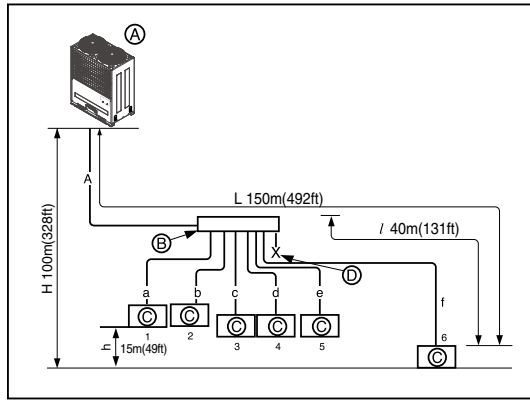
Upward Outdoor Unit total capacity [HP]	Liquid pipe [mm(inch)]	Gas pipe [mm(inch)]
20, 22, 24	Ø15.88(5/8)	Ø28.58(1-1/8)
26, 28, 30, 32	Ø19.05(3/4)	Ø34.9(1-3/8)

◆ Header Method

1 Outdoor Unit

Example : 6 Indoor Units connected

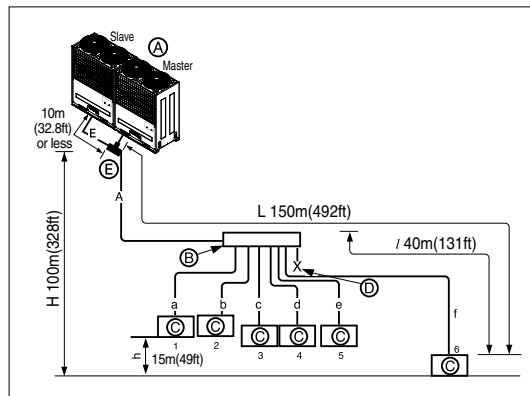
- Ⓐ : Outdoor Unit
- Ⓑ : 1st branch
- Ⓒ : Indoor Units
- Ⓓ : Sealed piping



2 Outdoor Units

Example : 6 Indoor Units connected

- Ⓐ : Outdoor Unit
- Ⓑ : Header branch
- Ⓒ : Indoor Units
- Ⓓ : Sealing
- Ⓔ : Connection branch pipe between Outdoor units: ARCNN20



☞ Total pipe length = $A+a+b+c+d+e+f \leq 1,000\text{m}(3,281 \text{ ft})$

L	Longest pipe length	* Equivalent pipe length
	$A+f \leq 150\text{m}(492\text{ft})$	$A+f \leq 175\text{m}(574\text{ft})$
l	Longest pipe length after 1st branch	
	$f \leq 40\text{m}(131\text{ft})$	
H	Difference in height(Outdoor Unit ↔ Indoor Unit)	
	$H \leq 100\text{m}(328\text{ft})$	
h	Difference in height (Indoor Unit ↔ Indoor Unit)	
	$h \leq 15\text{m}(49\text{ft})$	
h1	Difference in height (Outdoor Unit ↔ Outdoor Unit)	
	$h1 \leq 5\text{m}(16\text{ft})$	

⚠ WARNING

Pipe length after header branching (a~f)

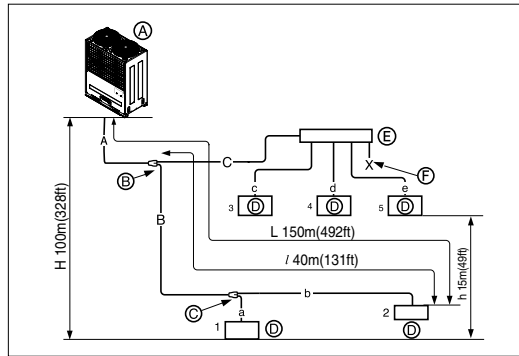
It is recommended that difference in length of the pipes connected to the Indoor Units is minimized. Performance difference between Indoor Units may occur.

- * : Assume equivalent piping length of Y branch to be 0.5m(1.6ft), that of header to be 1m(3.3ft), calculation purpose
 - Indoor Unit should be installed at lower position than the header.
 - Piping length from outdoor branch to outdoor unit $\leq 10\text{m}(32.8\text{ft})$, equivalent length : max 13m(42.6ft) (for 18HP or more)

◆ Combination of Y branch/header method

Example : 5 Indoor Units connected

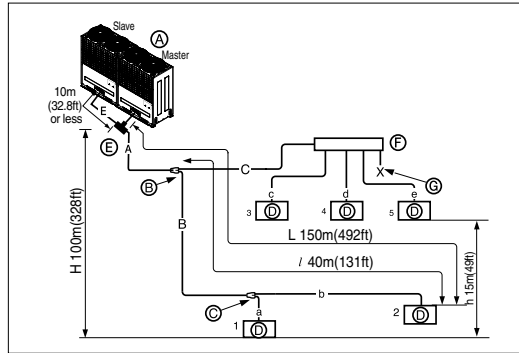
- Ⓐ : Outdoor Unit
- Ⓑ : 1st branch (Y branch)
- Ⓒ : Y branch
- Ⓓ : Indoor Unit
- Ⓔ : Header
- Ⓕ : Sealed piping



Branch pipe can not be used after header

Example : 5 Indoor Units connected

- Ⓐ : Outdoor Unit
- Ⓑ : 1st branch
- Ⓒ : Y branch
- Ⓓ : Indoor Unit
- Ⓔ : Connection branch pipe between Outdoor units: ARCNN20
- Ⓕ : Header
- Ⓖ : Sealed piping



Branch pipe can not be used after header

▷ Refrigerant pipe diameter from branch to branch (B,C)

Downward Indoor Unit total capacity [kW(Btu/h)]	Liquid pipe [mm(inch)]	Gas pipe [mm(inch)]
<22.4(76,400)	Ø9.52(3/8)	Ø19.05(3/4)
< 33(112,600)	Ø9.52(3/8)	Ø22.2(7/8)
< 47(160,400)	Ø12.7(1/2)	Ø28.58(1-1/8)
< 71(242,300)	Ø15.88(5/8)	Ø28.58(1-1/8)
< 104(354,900)	Ø19.05(3/4)	Ø34.9(1-3/8)

▷ Total pipe length = A+B+C+a+b+c+d+e ≤ 1,000m(3,281 ft)

L	Longest pipe length	* Equivalent pipe length
	A+B+b ≤ 150m(492ft)	A+B+b ≤ 175m(574ft)
l	Longest pipe length after 1st branch	
	B+b ≤ 40m(131ft)	
H	Difference in height(Outdoor Unit ↔ Indoor Unit)	
	H ≤ 100m(328ft)	
h	Difference in height (Indoor Unit ↔ Indoor Unit)	
	h ≤ 15m(49ft)	
h1	Difference in height (Outdoor Unit ↔ Outdoor Unit)	
	h1 ≤ 5m(16ft)	

- * : Assume equivalent pipe length of Y branch to be 0.5m(1.6ft), that of header to be 1m(3.3ft), calculation purpose
- Indoor Unit should be installed at lower position than the header.

 **WARNING**

It is recommended that difference of piping length for pipes connected to the Indoor Unit is minimized. Performance difference between Indoor Units may occur.

Ⓐ

Upward Outdoor Unit total capacity [HP]	Liquid pipe [mm(inch)]	Gas pipe [mm(inch)]
8	Ø9.52(3/8)	Ø19.05(3/4)
10	Ø9.52(3/8)	Ø22.2(7/8)
12~16	Ø12.7(1/2)	Ø28.58(1-1/8)
18~22	Ø15.88(5/8)	Ø28.58(1-1/8)
24	Ø15.88(5/8)	Ø34.9(1-3/8)
26~32	Ø19.05(3/4)	Ø34.9(1-3/8)

Ⓔ

Upward Outdoor Unit total capacity [HP]	Liquid pipe [mm(inch)]	Gas pipe [mm(inch)]
20, 22, 24	Ø15.88(5/8)	Ø28.58(1-1/8)
26, 28, 30, 32	Ø19.05(3/4)	Ø34.9(1-3/8)

Ⓕ

Upward Outdoor Unit total capacity [HP]	Liquid pipe [mm(inch)]	Gas pipe [mm(inch)]
8	Ø9.52(3/8)	Ø19.05(3/4)
10	Ø9.52(3/8)	Ø22.2(7/8)
12, 14, 16	Ø12.7(1/2)	Ø28.58(1-1/8)

◆ Outdoor unit Connection

▷ Refrigerant pipe diameter before 1st branch (A,E,F)

Upward Outdoor Unit total capacity [HP]	Liquid pipe [mm(inch)]	Gas pipe [mm(inch)]
8	Ø9.52(3/8)	Ø19.05(3/4)
10	Ø9.52(3/8)	Ø22.2(7/8)
12-16	Ø12.7(1/2)	Ø28.58(1-1/8)
18-22	Ø15.88(5/8)	Ø28.58(1-1/8)
24	Ø15.88(5/8)	Ø34.9(1-3/8)
26-32	Ø19.05(3/4)	Ø34.9(1-3/8)

* High/Low Pressure Common Pipe: Ø19.05(3/4 inch)(18HP or more)

WARNING

- In case of pipe diameter B connected after first branch is bigger than the main pipe diameter A, B should be of the same size with A.
Ex) In case indoor unit combination ratio 120% is connected to 70kW outdoor unit.
 - 1) Outdoor unit main pipe diameter A : Ø34.9(1-3/8 inch)(gas pipe), Ø15.88(5/8 inch)(liquid pipe)
 - 2) Pipe diameter B after first branch according to 120% indoor unit combination(84kW) :
Ø34.9(1-3/8 inch)(gas pipe), Ø19.05(3/4 inch)(liquid pipe)
Therefore, pipe diameter B connected after first branch would be Ø34.9(1-3/8 inch)(gas pipe)/Ø15.88(5/8 inch)(liquid pipe) which is same with main pipe diameter.

[Example]

Do not choose the main pipe diameter by downward indoor unit total capacity but its outdoor unit model name.

Do not let the connection pipe from branch to branch exceed the main pipe diameter chosen by outdoor unit model name.

EX) Where connecting the indoor units to the 22 HP (61.5 kW) outdoor unit to 120% of its system capacity (73.8 kW) and branching 7k (2.2kW) indoor unit at the 1st branch

Main pipe diameter(22 HP outdoor unit): Ø28.58(1-1/8 inch)(Gas pipe) Ø15.88(5/8 inch)(Liquid pipe)

Pipe diameter between 1st and 2nd branch (71.7kW indoor units):

Ø34.9(1-3/8 inch)(Gas pipe) Ø19.05(3/4 inch)(Liquid pipe) in conformity with downward indoor units.

Since the main pipe diameter of 22HP outdoor unit is Ø28.58(1-1/8 inch)(Gas pipe) and Ø15.88(5/8 inch)(Liquid pipe), Ø28.58(1-1/8 inch) (Gas pipe) and Ø15.88(5/8 inch) (Liquid pipe) is used as the main pipe and the connection pipe between 1st and 2nd branch.

! WARNING

When the equivalent length between the outdoor unit and a indoor unit is 90 m(295 ft) or more, the size of main pipes (Liquid pipe and Gas pipe) must be increased one grade.

Gas pipe	Liquid pipe
8HPØ19.05(3/4 inch) → Ø22.2(7/8 inch)	8, 10HPØ9.52(3/8 inch) → Ø12.7(1/2 inch)
10HPØ22.2(7/8 inch) → Ø25.4(1 inch)	12, 14, 16HPØ12.7(1/2 inch) → Ø15.88(5/8 inch)
12, 14HPØ28.58(11/8 inch) → Not increased	18, 20, 22, 24HPØ15.88(5/8 inch) → Ø19.05(3/4 inch)
16, 18, 20, 22HPØ28.58(11/8 inch) → Ø31.8(11/4 inch)	26, 28, 30, 32Ø19.05(3/4 inch) → Ø22.2(7/8 inch)
24HPØ34.9(1-3/8 inch) → Not increased	
26, 28, 30, 32HPØ34.9(1-3/8) → Ø38.1(11/2 inch)	

7.1.5 Indoor Unit Connection

▷ Indoor Unit connecting pipe from branch (a,b,c,d,e,f)

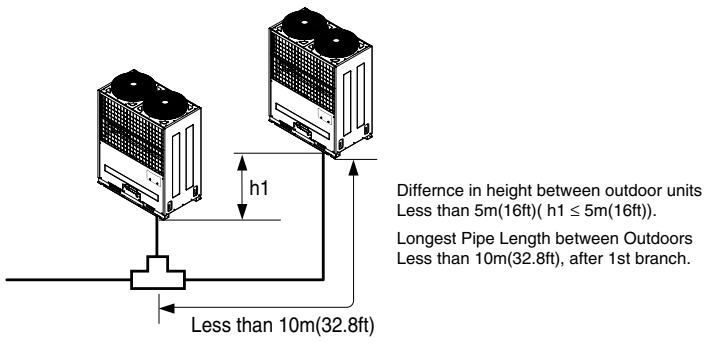
Indoor Unit capacity [kW(Btu/h)]	Liquid pipe [mm(inch)]	Gas pipe [mm(inch)]
≤ 5.6(19,100)	Ø6.35(1/4)	Ø12.7(1/2)
< 16.0(54,600)	Ø9.52(3/8)	Ø15.88(5/8)
< 22.4(76,400)	Ø9.52(3/8)	Ø19.05(3/4)

Connection between outdoor and outdoor unit

ENGLISH

■ Example of Pipe Connection between Outdoor

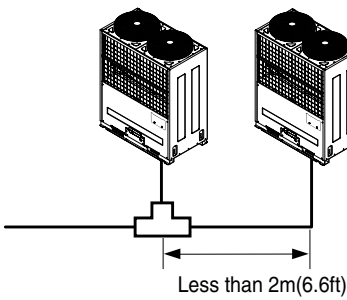
1. Pipe Connection between Outdoors



CAUTION

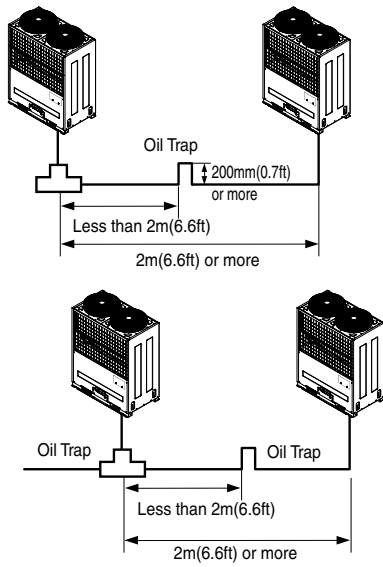
Apply oil trap between outdoor unit installed Higher level and outdoor unit installed lower level.
Oil may be accumulated in stopped outdoor unit.

2. In case pipe length between outdoors is less than 2m(6.6ft)

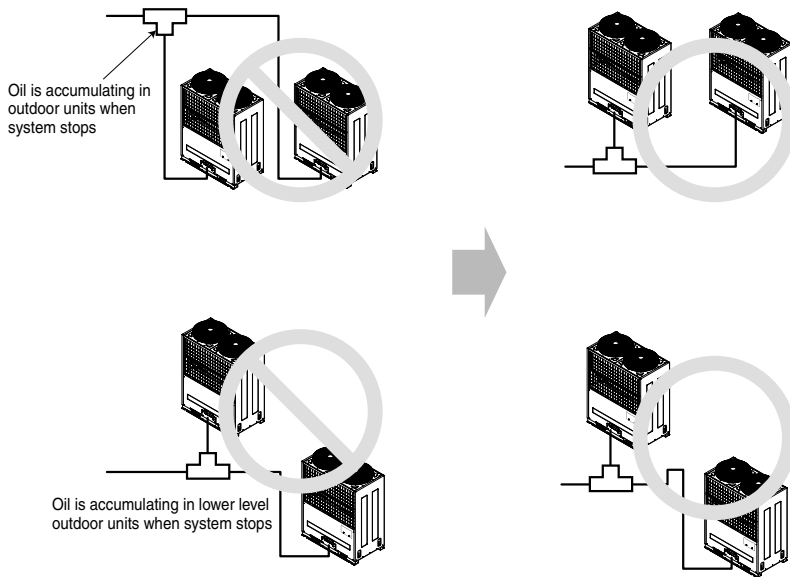


3. In case pipe length between outdoors is 2m or more.

When the piping length between Branch of Outdoor units or between Branch and outdoor units. Is 2 m(6.6ft) or more, prepare a oil trap 200 mm(0.7ft) or more (as shown below) on the gas pipe line location. Less than 2 m(6.6ft) from branch.



4. Example of wrong connection



◆ The amount of Refrigerant

The calculation of the additional charge should take into account the length of pipe.

(A)	Product Charge(kg(lb))	
(B)	Additional charge (kg(lb))	
=	Total liquid pipe (m(ft.)): Ø22.2mm(7/8inch)	x 0.354(kg/m) → 0.237 lb/ft
+	Total liquid pipe (m(ft.)): Ø19.05mm(3/4inch)	x 0.266(kg/m) → 0.178 lb/ft
+	Total liquid pipe (m(ft.)): Ø15.88mm(5/8inch)	x 0.173(kg/m) → 0.116 lb/ft
+	Total liquid pipe (m(ft.)): Ø12.7mm(1/2inch)	x 0.118(kg/m) → 0.079 lb/ft
+	Total liquid pipe (m(ft.)): Ø9.52mm(3/8inch)	x 0.061(kg/m) → 0.041 lb/ft
+	Total liquid pipe (m(ft.)): Ø6.35mm(1/4inch)	x 0.022(kg/m) → 0.015 lb/ft
+	CF(kg(lb)) (Correction Factor)	
	Total amount(kg(lb))	= (A) + (B)

CAUTION If a negative result is obtained from the calculation, no refrigerant needs to be added.

Ex (A) 10HP

(A) Outdoor Unit a : ø6.35(1/4), 10m(32.8ft)
 (B) Indoor Unit b : ø6.35(1/4), 10m(32.8ft)
 A : ø9.52(3/8), 40m(131ft) c : ø6.35(1/4), 10m(32.8ft)
 B : ø9.52(3/8), 20m(65.6ft) d : ø6.35(1/4), 10m(32.8ft)
 C : ø9.52(3/8), 20m(65.6ft) e : ø6.35(1/4), 10m(32.8ft)

Additional charge = A*0.041 + B*0.041 + C*0.041
 +(a+b+c+d+e)*0.015 + CF
 = 40*0.041+20*0.041+65.6*0.041
 + (32.8*5)*0.015 + (0)(CF)
 = 7.61(lb)

• 460V

HP	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30	32
Product Charge	kg(lbs) (17.6)	8 (17.6)	8 (17.6)	8 (17.6)	8 (17.6)	8+8 (17.6+17.6)	8+8 (17.6+17.6)	8+8 (17.6+17.6)	8+8 (17.6+17.6)	8+8 (17.6+17.6)	8+8 (17.6+17.6)	8+8 (17.6+17.6)	8+8 (17.6+17.6)
CF	kg(lbs) (-2.2)	0 (0)	1 (2.2)	2 (4.4)	3 (6.6)	-1 (-2.2)	0 (0)	1 (2.2)	2 (4.4)	3 (6.6)	4 (8.8)	5 (11.0)	6 (13.2)

• 208/230V

HP	8	10	12	16	18	20	22	24
Product Charge	kg(lbs) 8(17.6)	8(17.6)	8(17.6)	8+8(17.6+17.6)	8+8(17.6+17.6)	8+8(17.6+17.6)	8+8(17.6+17.6)	8+8(17.6+17.6)
CF	kg(lbs) -1(-2.2)	0(0)	1(2.2)	-2(-4.4)	-1(-2.2)	0(0)	1(2.2)	2(4.4)

WARNING

- ▶ Regulation for refrigerant leakage
: the amount of refrigerant leakage should satisfy the following equation for human safety.

$$\frac{\text{Total amount of refrigerant in the system}}{\text{Volume of the room at which Indoor Unit of the least capacity is installed}} \leq 0.44 \text{ (kg / m}^3\text{)}(0.028\text{(lb/ft}^3\text{)})$$

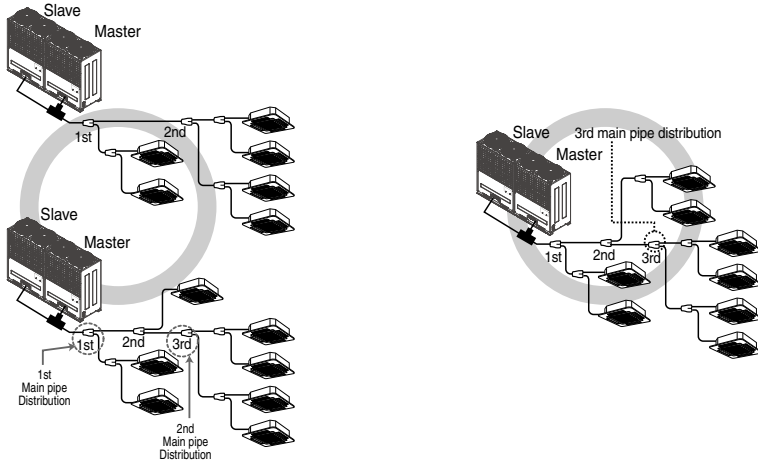
□ If the above equation can not be satisfied, then follow the following steps.

- Selection of air conditioning system: select one of the next
 1. Installation of effective opening part
 2. Reconfirmation of Outdoor Unit capacity and piping length
 3. Reduction of the amount of refrigerant
 4. Installation of 2 or more security device (alarm for gas leakage)
- Change Indoor Unit type
: installation position should be over 2m(6.6ft) from the floor (Wall mounted type → Cassette type)
- Adoption of ventilation system
: choose ordinary ventilation system or building ventilation system
- Limitation in piping work
: Prepare for earthquake and thermal stress

WARNING ▶ Refer to model information since the CF Value of correction factor differs depending on model.

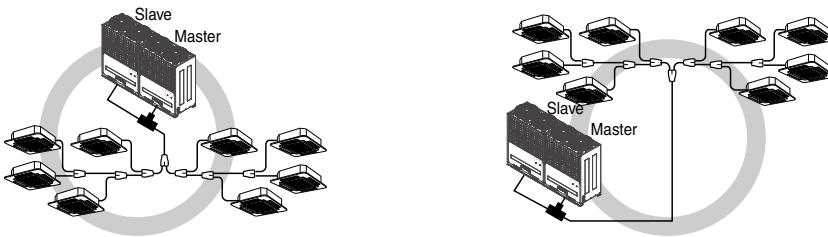
Distribution Method

1. Line Distribution

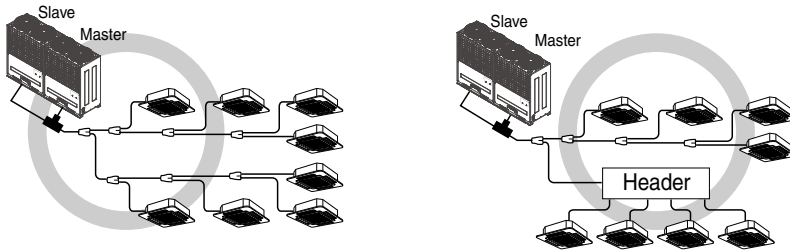


2. Vertical Distribution

Ensure that the branch pipes are attached vertically.



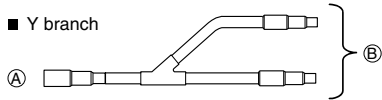
3. The others



Branch pipe Fitting

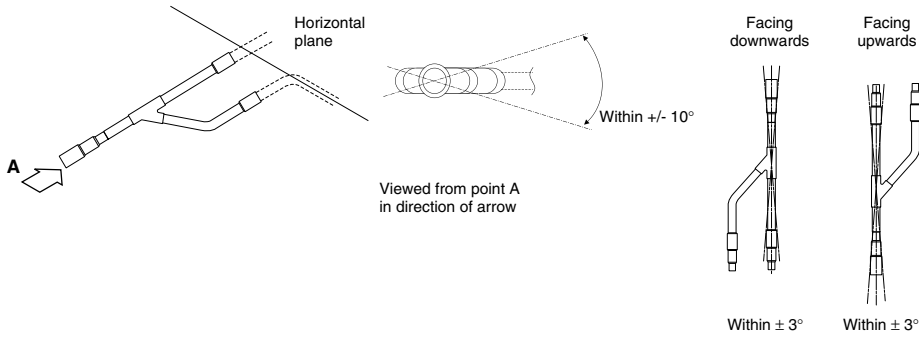
ENGLISH

■ Y branch

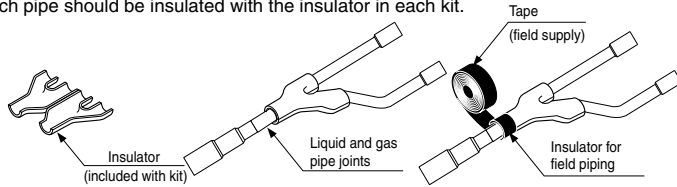


Ⓐ To Outdoor Unit
 Ⓑ To Branch Piping or Indoor Unit

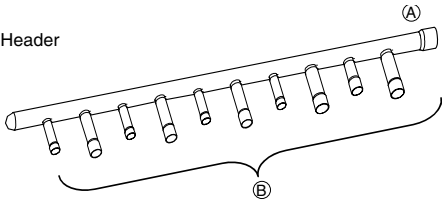
- Ensure that the branch pipes are attached horizontally or vertically (see the diagram below.)



- There is no limitation on the joint mounting configuration.
- If the diameter of the refrigerant piping selected by the procedures described is different from the size of the joint, the connecting section should be cut with a pipe cutter.
- Branch pipe should be insulated with the insulator in each kit.

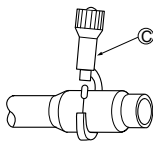


■ Header



Ⓐ To outdoor unit
 Ⓑ To indoor unit

- The indoor unit having larger capacity must be installed closer to Ⓐ than smaller one.
- If the diameter of the refrigerant piping selected by the procedures described is different from the size of the joint, the connecting section should be cut with a pipe cutter.

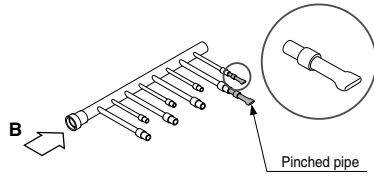


Ⓒ Pipe cutter

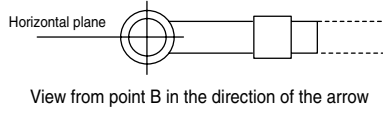
- When the number of pipes to be connected is smaller than the number of header branches, install a cap to the unconnected branches.

Refrigerant piping installation

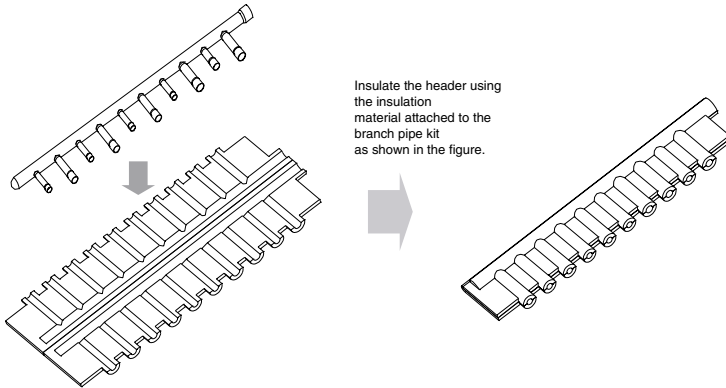
- When the number of indoor units to be connected to the branch pipes is less than the number of branch pipes available for connection then cap pipes should be fitted to the surplus branches.



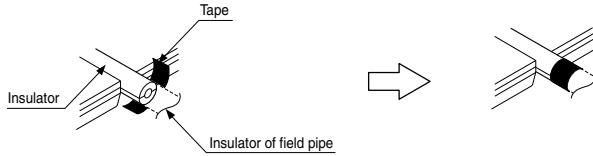
- Fit branch pipe lie in a horizontal plane.



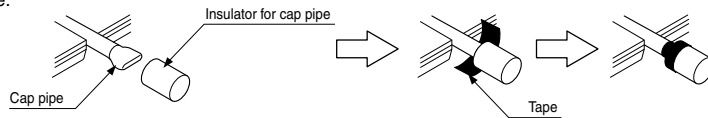
- Header should be insulated with the insulator in each kit.



- Joints between branch and pipe should be sealed with the tape included in each kit.



- Any cap pipe should be insulated using the insulator provided with each kit and then taped as described above.



◆ Y branch pipe

[Unit:mm(inch)]

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Models	Gas pipe	Liquid pipe
ARBLN01620	<p>Diagram showing gas pipe configuration for ARBLN01620. The main horizontal pipe has a diameter of LD 012.7(1/2). A branch pipe connects to a lower horizontal pipe. The main pipe has a diameter of LD 015.88(5/8) at the branch point. The branch pipe has a diameter of LD 015.88(5/8). The lower horizontal pipe has a diameter of LD 012.7(1/2). Other diameters shown include LD 019.05(3/4) and LD 015.88(5/8).</p>	<p>Diagram showing liquid pipe configuration for ARBLN01620. The main horizontal pipe has a diameter of LD 012.7(1/2). A branch pipe connects to a lower horizontal pipe. The main pipe has a diameter of LD 09.52(3/8) at the branch point. The branch pipe has a diameter of LD 09.52(3/8). The lower horizontal pipe has a diameter of LD 06.35(1/4). Other diameters shown include LD 06.35(1/4) and LD 09.52(3/8).</p>
ARBLN03320	<p>Diagram showing gas pipe configuration for ARBLN03320. The main horizontal pipe has a diameter of LD 022.2(7/8). A branch pipe connects to a lower horizontal pipe. The main pipe has a diameter of LD 015.88(5/8) at the branch point. The branch pipe has a diameter of LD 015.88(5/8). The lower horizontal pipe has a diameter of LD 012.7(1/2). Other diameters shown include LD 019.05(3/4), LD 022.2(7/8), LD 015.88(5/8), LD 028.58(1-1/8), O.D 022.2(7/8), and LD 025.4(1).</p>	<p>Diagram showing liquid pipe configuration for ARBLN03320. The main horizontal pipe has a diameter of LD 012.7(1/2). A branch pipe connects to a lower horizontal pipe. The main pipe has a diameter of LD 09.52(3/8) at the branch point. The branch pipe has a diameter of LD 09.52(3/8). The lower horizontal pipe has a diameter of LD 06.35(1/4). Other diameters shown include LD 06.35(1/4), LD 09.52(3/8), and LD 012.7(1/2).</p>
ARBLN07120	<p>Diagram showing gas pipe configuration for ARBLN07120. The main horizontal pipe has a diameter of LD 022.2(7/8). A branch pipe connects to a lower horizontal pipe. The main pipe has a diameter of LD 028.58(1-1/8) at the branch point. The branch pipe has a diameter of LD 028.58(1-1/8). The lower horizontal pipe has a diameter of LD 022.2(7/8). Other diameters shown include LD 025.4(1), LD 019.05(3/4), LD 028.58(1-1/8), LD 022.2(7/8), LD 034.9(1-3/8), O.D 028.58(1-1/8), LD 031.8(1-1/4) X 2, O.D 022.2(7/8), LD 015.88(5/8), O.D 019.05(3/4), LD 012.7(1/2), and LD 015.88(5/8).</p>	<p>Diagram showing liquid pipe configuration for ARBLN07120. The main horizontal pipe has a diameter of LD 012.7(1/2). A branch pipe connects to a lower horizontal pipe. The main pipe has a diameter of LD 019.05(3/4) at the branch point. The branch pipe has a diameter of LD 015.88(5/8). The lower horizontal pipe has a diameter of LD 09.52(3/8). Other diameters shown include LD 012.7(1/2), LD 09.52(3/8), LD 06.35(1/4), and LD 012.7(1/2).</p>
ARBLN14520	<p>Diagram showing gas pipe configuration for ARBLN14520. The main horizontal pipe has a diameter of LD 034.9(1-3/8). A branch pipe connects to a lower horizontal pipe. The main pipe has a diameter of LD 041.3(1-15/16) at the branch point. The branch pipe has a diameter of LD 041.3(1-15/16). The lower horizontal pipe has a diameter of LD 028.58(1-1/8). Other diameters shown include LD 038.1(1-1/4), LD 031.8(1-1/4) X 2, LD 028.58(1-1/8), O.D 034.9(1-3/8), LD 031.8(1-1/4), LD 028.58(1-1/8), O.D 028.58(1-1/8), LD 022.2(7/8), LD 019.05(3/4), O.D 019.05(3/4), LD 012.7(1/2), and LD 015.88(5/8).</p>	<p>Diagram showing liquid pipe configuration for ARBLN14520. The main horizontal pipe has a diameter of LD 022.2(7/8). A branch pipe connects to a lower horizontal pipe. The main pipe has a diameter of LD 015.88(5/8) at the branch point. The branch pipe has a diameter of LD 019.05(3/4). The lower horizontal pipe has a diameter of LD 012.7(1/2). Other diameters shown include LD 015.88(5/8), LD 019.05(3/4), LD 012.7(1/2), LD 09.52(3/8), LD 012.7(1/2), LD 015.88(5/8), O.D 09.52(3/8), and LD 06.35(1/4).</p>

◆ Header

[Unit:mm(inch)]

Models	Gas pipe	Liquid pipe
4 branch ARBL054		
7 branch ARBL057		
4 branch ARBL104		
7 branch ARBL107		
10 branch ARBL1010		
10 branch ARBL2010		

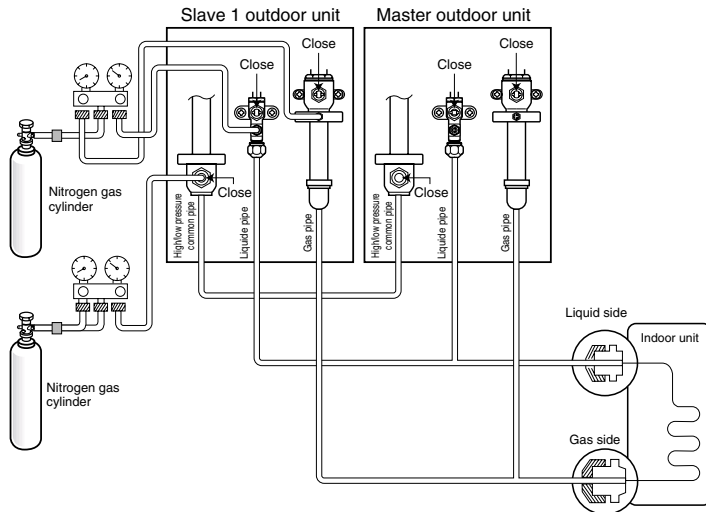
Leak Test and Vacuum drying

ENGLISH

(1) Leak test

Leak test should be made by pressurizing nitrogen gas to 551.1 psi. If the pressure does not drop for 24 hours, the system passes the test. If the pressure drops, check where the nitrogen leaks. For the test method, refer to the following figure. (Make a test with the service valves closed. Be also sure to pressurize liquid pipe, gas pipe and high/low pressure common pipe)

The test result can be judged good if the pressure has not be reduced after leaving for about one day after completion of nitrogen gas pressurization.



Note:

If the ambient temperature differs between the time when pressure is applied and when the pressure drop is checked, apply the following correction factor

There is a pressure change of approximately 0.1MPa (14.5 psi) for each 1°C(33.8°F) of temperature difference.

Correction= (Temp. at the time of pressurization – Temp. at the time of check) X 0.1

For example: Temperature at the time of pressurization (3.8 MPa (551.1 psi) is 27 °C(80.6°F)
24 hour later: 3.73 MPa (541 psi), 20°C(68°F)

In this case the pressure drop of 0.07 is because of temperature drop
And hence there is no leakage in pipe occurred.

Caution:

To prevent the nitrogen from entering the refrigeration system in the liquid state, the top of the cylinder must be at higher position than the bottom when you pressurize the system.

Usually the cylinder is used in a vertical standing position.

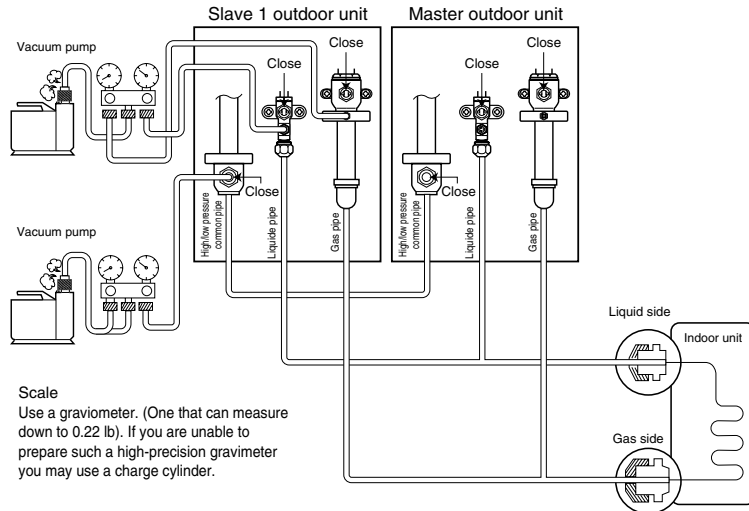
(2) Vacuum

Vacuum drying should be made from the service port provided on the outdoor unit's service valve to the vacuum pump commonly used for liquid pipe, gas pipe and high/low pressure common pipe. (Make Vacuum from liquid pipe, gas pipe and high/low pressure common pipe with the service valve closed.)

* Never perform air purging using refrigerant.

• Vacuum drying: Use a vacuum pump that can evacuate to -14.6 psi.

1. Evacuate the system from the liquid and gas pipes with a vacuum pump for over 2 hrs and bring the system to -14.6 psi.
After maintaining system under that condition for over 1 hr, confirm the vacuum gauge rises. The system may contain moisture or leak.
2. Following should be executed if there is a possibility of moisture remaining inside the pipe.
(Rainwater may enter the pipe during work in the rainy season or over a long period of time)
After evacuating the system for 2 hrs, give pressure to the system to 7.3 psi(vacuum break) with nitrogen gas and then evacuate it again with the vacuum pump for 1hr to -100.7kPa(vacuum drying). If the system cannot be evacuated to -14.6 psi within 2 hrs, repeat the steps of vacuum break and its drying.
Finally, check if the vacuum gauge does not rise or not, after maintaining the system in vacuum for 1 hr.



Note : Always add an appropriate amount of refrigerant. (For the refrigerant additional charge)
Too much or too little refrigerant will cause trouble.
To use the Vacuum Mode
(If the Vacuum mode is set, all valves of Indoor units and Outdoor units will be opened.)

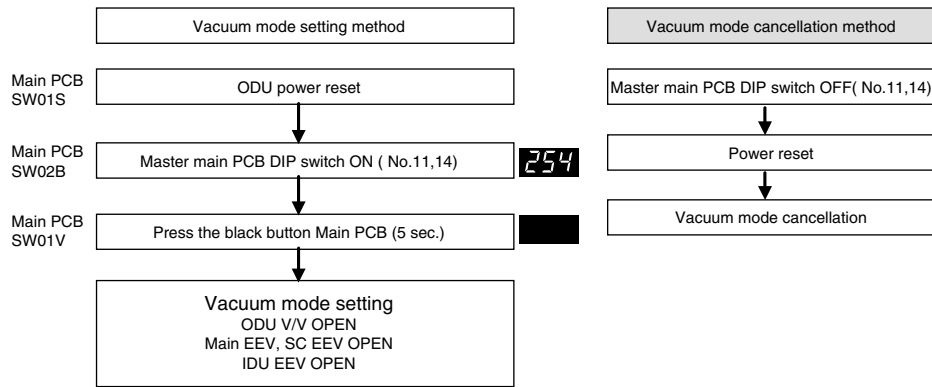
WARNING

When installing and moving the air conditioner to another site, recharge after perfect evacuation.
- If a different refrigerant or air is mixed with the original refrigerant, the refrigerant cycle may malfunction and the unit may be damaged.

Vacuum Mode

This function is used for creating vacuum in the system after compressor replacement, ODU parts replacement or IDU addition/replacement.

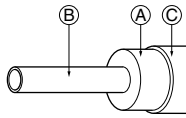
ENGLISH



⚠ Caution
ODU operation stops during vacuum mode. Compressor can't operate.

Thermal insulation of refrigerant piping

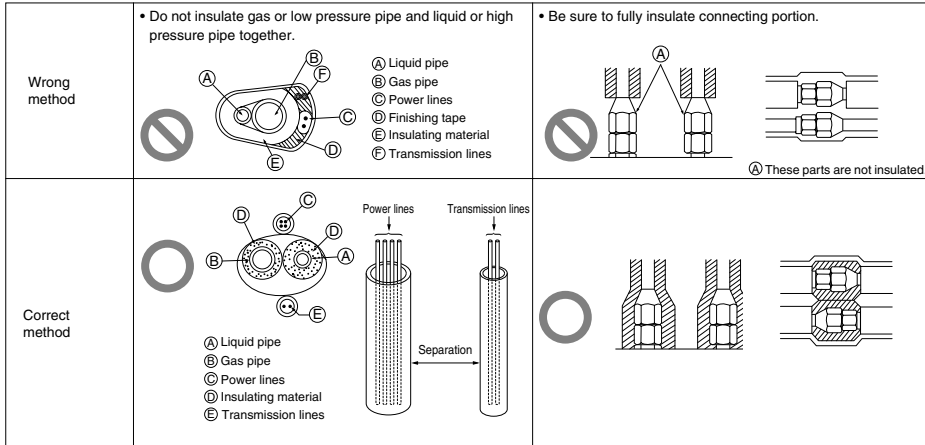
Be sure to give insulation work to refrigerant piping by covering liquid pipe and gas pipe separately with enough thickness heat-resistant polyethylene, so that no gap is observed in the joint between indoor unit and insulating material, and insulating materials themselves. When insulation work is insufficient, there is a possibility of condensation drip, etc. Pay special attention to insulation work to ceiling plenum.



- (A) Heat insulation material
- (B) Pipe
- (C) Outer covering
(Wind the connection part and cutting part of heat insulation material with a finishing tape.)

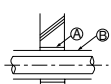
Heat insulation material	Adhesive + Heat - resistant polyethylene foam + Adhesive tape	
Outer covering	Indoor	Vinyl tape
	Floor exposed	Water-proof hemp cloth + Bronze asphalt
	Outdoor	Water-proof hemp cloth + Zinc plate + Oily paint

Note:
When using polyethylene cover as covering material, asphalt roofing will not be required.



Penetrations

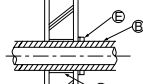
Inner wall (concealed)



Outer wall

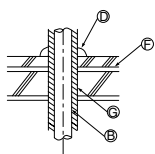


Outer wall (exposed)

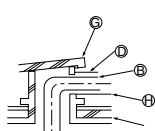


- (A) Sleeve
- (B) Heat insulating material
- (C) Lagging
- (D) Caulking material
- (E) Band
- (F) Waterproofing layer
- (G) Sleeve with edge
- (H) Lagging material
- (I) Mortar or other incombustible caulking
- (J) Incombustible heat insulation material

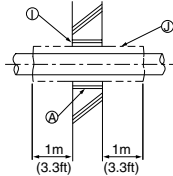
Floor (fireproofing)



Roof pipe shaft



Penetrating portion on fire limit and boundary wall



When filling a gap with mortar, cover the penetration part with steel plate so that the insulation material will not be caved in. For this part, use incombustible materials for both insulation and covering. (Vinyl covering should not be used.)

Electrical Wiring

Caution

1. Follow ordinance of your governmental organization for technical standard related to electrical equipment, wiring regulations and guidance of each electric power company.

WARNING

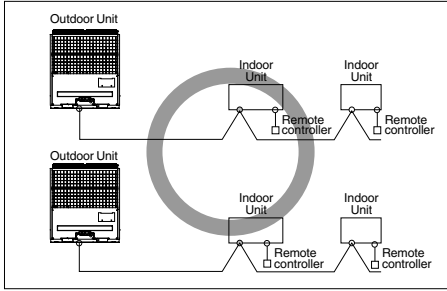
Be sure to have authorized electrical engineers do the electric work using special circuits in accordance with regulations and this installation manual. If power supply circuit has a lack of capacity or electric work deficiency, it may cause an electric shock or fire.

2. Install the Outdoor Unit transmission line away from the power source wiring so that it is not affected by electric noise from the power source. (Do not run it through the same conduit.)
3. Be sure to provide designated grounding work to Outdoor Unit.

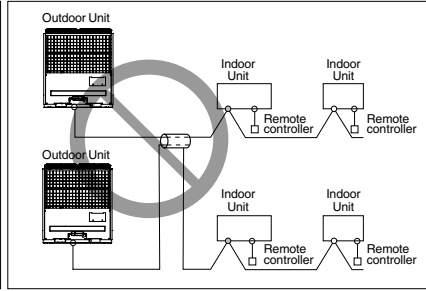
CAUTION

Be sure to correct the outdoor unit to earth. Do not connect earth line to any gas pipe, water pipe, lightning rod or telephone earth line. If earth is incomplete, it may cause an electric shock.

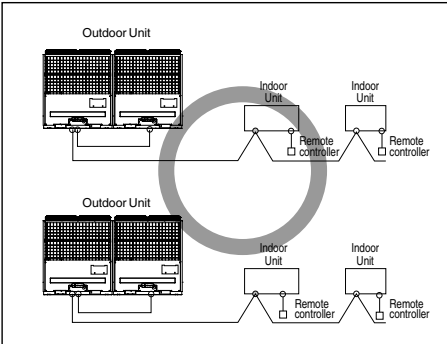
4. Give some allowance to wiring for electrical part box of Indoor and Outdoor Units, because the box is sometimes removed at the time of service work.
5. Never connect the main power source to terminal block of transmission line. If connected, electrical parts will be burnt out.
6. Use 2-core shield cable for transmission line. (O mark in the figure below) If transmission lines of different systems are wired with the same multiplecore cable, the resultant poor transmitting and receiving will cause erroneous operations. (⊙ mark in the figure below)
7. Only the transmission line specified should be connected to the terminal block for Outdoor Unit transmission.



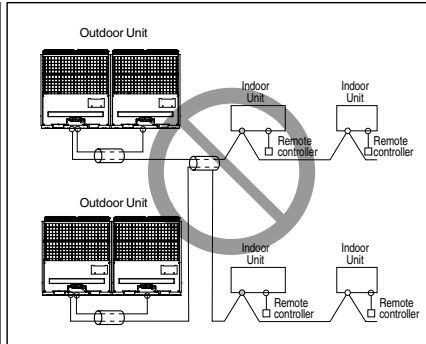
2-Core Shield Cable



Multi-Core Cable



2-Core Shield Cable



Multi-Core Cable

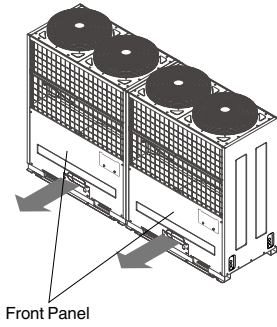
CAUTION

- Use the 2-core shield cables for communication lines. Never use them together with power cables.
- The conductive shielding layer of cable should be grounded to the metal part of both units.
- Never use multi-core cable
- As this unit is equipped with an inverter, to install a phase leading capacitor not only will deteriorate power factor improvement effect, but also may cause capacitor abnormal heating. Therefore, never install a phase leading capacitor.
- Keep power imbalance within 2% of the supply rating. Large imbalance will shorten the life of the smoothing capacitor.

Control box and connecting position of wiring

ENGLISH

- Remove all of the screws at front panel and remove the panel by pulling it forward.

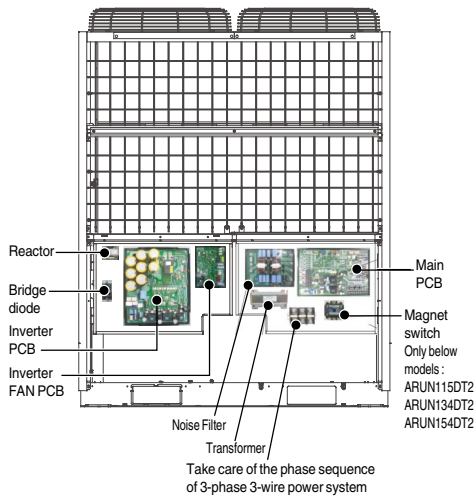


- Connect communication line between master and slave outdoor unit through the terminal block.
- Connect communication lines between outdoor unit and indoor units through the terminal block.
- When the central control system is connected to the outdoor unit, a dedicated PCB must be connected between them.
- When connecting communication line between outdoor unit and indoor units with shielded wire, connect the shield ground to the earth screw.

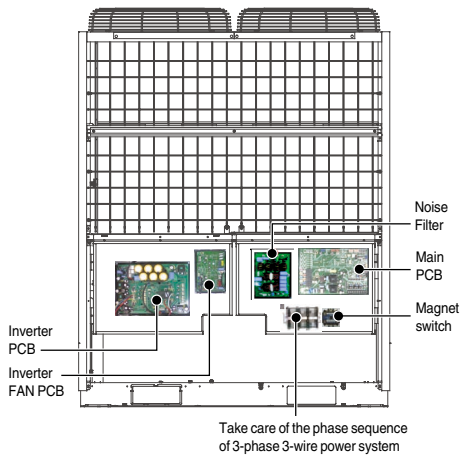
! WARNING

The temperature sensor for outdoor air should not be exposed to direct sunlight.
 - Provide an appropriate cover to intercept direct sunlight.

UW1 Chassis(460V)



UW1 Chassis(208/230V)



Transmission and Power Lines

1) Communication cable

- Types : shielding wire
- Use wires of size : over 1.25mm²
- Maximum allowable temperature: 60°C
- Maximum allowable line length: under 1,000m(3,281ft)

2) Remote control cable

- Types : 3-core cable

3) Simple central control cable

- Types : 4-core cable (Shielding wire)
- Use wires of size : over 0.75mm²

4) Separation of communication and power lines

- If communication and power lines are run alongside each other then there is a strong likelihood of operational faults developing due to interference in the signal wiring caused by electrostatic and electromagnetic coupling.

The tables below indicates our recommendation as to appropriate spacing of communication and power lines where these are to be run side by side

Current capacity of power line		Spacing
100V or more	10A	300mm(11-13/16 inch)
	50A	500mm(19-11/16 inch)
	100A	1,000mm(39-3/8 inch)
	Exceed 100A	1,500mm(59-1/16 inch)

Note:

1. The figures are based on assumed length of parallel cabling up to 100m(328ft). For length in excess of 100m(328ft) the figures will have to be recalculated in direct proportion to the additional length of line involved.
 2. If the power supply waveform continues to exhibit some distortion the recommended spacing in the table should be increased.
- If the lines are laid inside conduits then the following point must also be taken into account when grouping various lines together for introduction into the conduits
 - Power lines(including power supply to air conditioner) and signal lines must not be laid inside the same
 - In the same way, when grouping the lines power and signal lines should not be bunched together.



CAUTION

- If apparatus is not properly earthed then there is always a risk of electric shocks, the earthing of the apparatus must be carried out by a qualified person.

◆ Wiring of Main Power Supply and Equipment Capacity

1. Use a separate power supply for the Outdoor Unit and Indoor Unit.
2. Bear in mind ambient conditions (ambient temperature, direct sunlight, rain water, etc.) when proceeding with the wiring and connections.
3. The wire size is the minimum value for metal conduit wiring. The power cord size should be 1 rank thicker taking into account the line voltage drops. Make sure the power-supply voltage does not drop more than 10%.
4. Specific wiring requirements should adhere to the wiring regulations of the region.
5. Power supply cords of parts of appliances for outdoor use should not be lighter than polychloroprene sheathed flexible cord.
6. Don't install an individual switch or electrical outlet to disconnect each of indoor unit separately from the power supply.

WARNING

- Follow ordinance of your governmental organization for technical standard related to electrical equipment, wiring regulations and guidance of each electric power company.
- Make sure to use specified wires for connections so that no external force is imparted to terminal connections. If connections are not fixed firmly, it may cause heating or fire.
- Make sure to use the appropriate type of overcurrent protection switch. Note that generated overcurrent may include some amount of direct current.

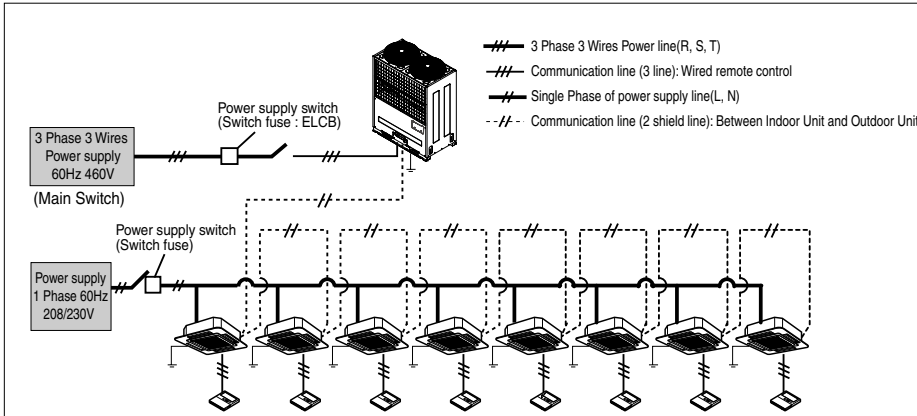
CAUTION

- Some installation site may require attachment of an earth leakage breaker. If no earth leakage breaker is installed, it may cause an electric shock.
- Do not use anything other than breaker and fuse with correct capacity. Using fuse and wire or copper wire with too large capacity may cause a malfunction of unit or fire.

5.1 60Hz

◆ Example Connection of Transmission Cable

■ 1 Outdoor Unit - 3Ø, 460V

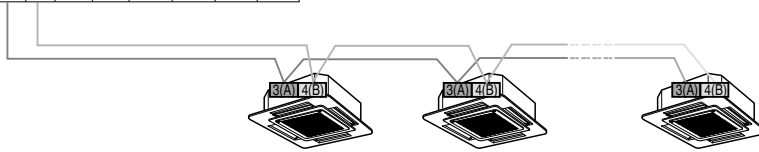


⚠ WARNING

- Indoor Unit ground Lines are required for preventing electrical shock accident during current leakage, Communication disorder by noise effect and motor current leakage (without connection to pipe).
 - Don't install an individual switch or electrical outlet to disconnect each of indoor unit separately from the power supply.
 - Install the main switch that can interrupt all the power sources in an integrated manner because this system consists of the equipment utilizing the multiple power sources.
 - If there exists the possibility of reversed phase, lose phase, momentary blackout or the power goes on and off while the product is operating, attach a reversed phase protection circuit locally.
- Running the product in reversed phase may break the compressor and other parts.

Between Indoor and Master Outdoor unit

SODU	IDU	INTERNET	DRY1	DRY2	GND	12V	Master Outdoor unit
B	A		B	A			

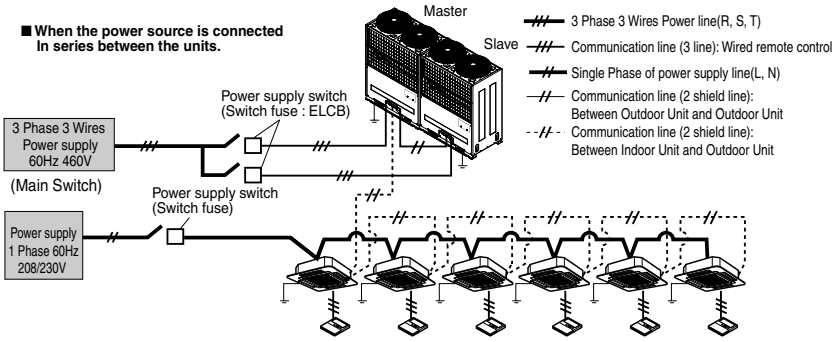


The GND terminal is a '—' terminal for the central controller, not Ground Line

■ 2 Outdoor Units - 3Ø, 460V

ENGLISH

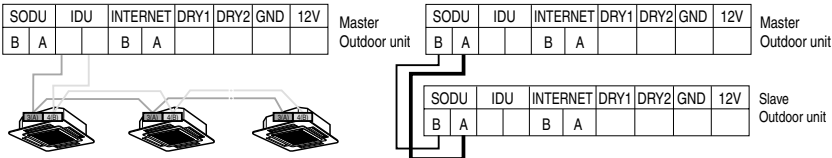
■ When the power source is connected in series between the units.



WARNING

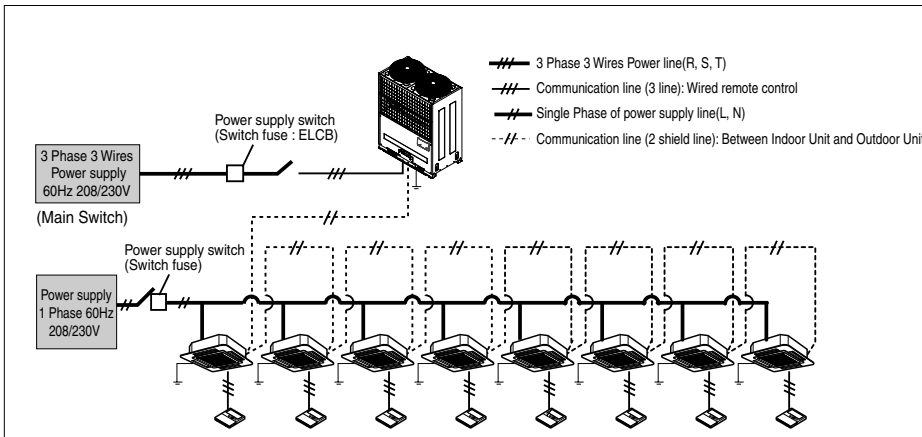
- Indoor Unit ground Lines are required for preventing electrical shock accident during current leakage, Communication disorder by noise effect and motor current leakage (without connection to pipe).
- Don't install an individual switch or electrical outlet to disconnect each of indoor unit separately from the power supply.
- Install the main switch that can interrupt all the power sources in an integrated manner because this system consists of the equipment utilizing the multiple power sources.
- If there exists the possibility of reversed phase, lose phase, momentary blackout or the power goes on and off while the product is operating, attach a reversed phase protection circuit locally.
Running the product in reversed phase may break the compressor and other parts.

Between Indoor and Master Outdoor unit



The GND terminal is a 'L' terminal for the central controller, not Ground Line

■ 1 Outdoor Unit - 3Ø, 208/230V



WARNING

- Indoor Unit ground Lines are required for preventing electrical shock accident during current leakage, Communication disorder by noise effect and motor current leakage (without connection to pipe).
- Don't install an individual switch or electrical outlet to disconnect each of indoor unit separately from the power supply.
- Install the main switch that can interrupt all the power sources in an integrated manner because this system consists of the equipment utilizing the multiple power sources.
- If there exists the possibility of reversed phase, lose phase, momentary blackout or the power goes on and off while the product is operating, attach a reversed phase protection circuit locally.

Running the product in reversed phase may break the compressor and other parts.

Between Indoor and Master Outdoor unit

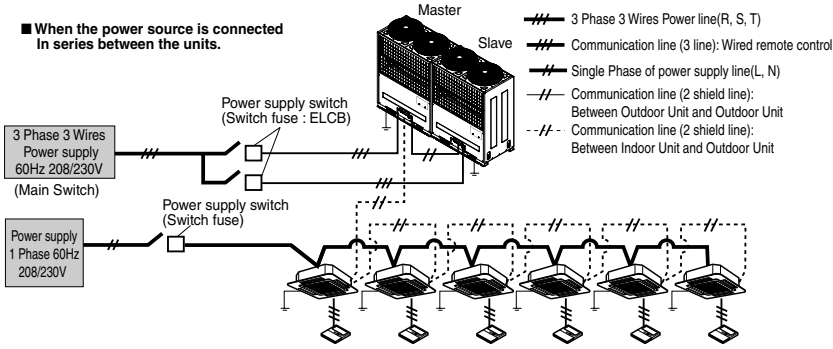
SODU	IDU	INTERNET	DRY1	DRY2	GND	12V	Master Outdoor unit
B	A		B	A			



The GND terminal is a '-' terminal for the central controller, not Ground Line

■ 2 Outdoor Units - 3Ø, 208/230V

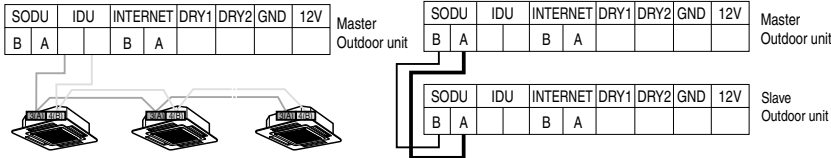
ENGLISH



WARNING

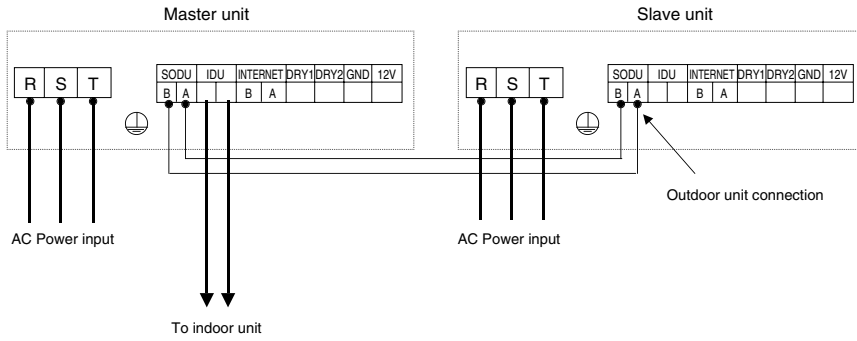
- Indoor Unit ground Lines are required for preventing electrical shock accident during current leakage, Communication disorder by noise effect and motor current leakage (without connection to pipe).
 - Don't install an individual switch or electrical outlet to disconnect each of indoor unit separately from the power supply.
 - Install the main switch that can interrupt all the power sources in an integrated manner because this system consists of the equipment utilizing the multiple power sources.
 - If there exists the possibility of reversed phase, lose phase, momentary blackout or the power goes on and off while the product is operating, attach a reversed phase protection circuit locally.
- Running the product in reversed phase may break the compressor and other parts.

Between Indoor and Master Outdoor unit



Connect the cable to the outdoor unit

1. Remove the control box cover from the unit.
Connect the wires to the terminals on the control box as following.
2. Secure the cable onto the control box with the holder
3. Refix the cover to the original position with the screw.



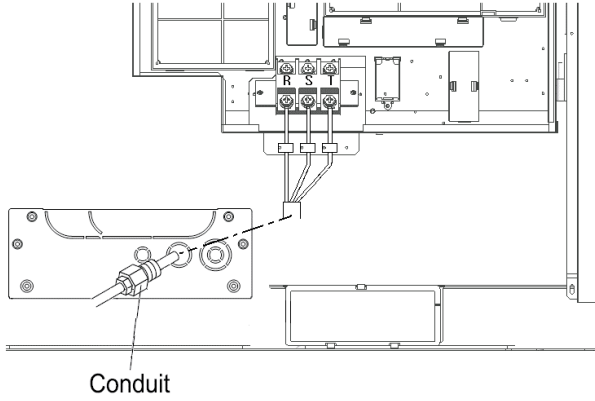
⚠ WARNING

- Be sure to comply with local codes while running the wire from indoor unit to outdoor unit (size of wire and wiring method, etc)
- Every wire must be connected firmly
- No wires should be allowed to touch refrigerant tubing, the compressor or any moving parts.

Connection method of the connecting cable (Example)

ENGLISH

1. Make a hole appropriate for the passage of connection cable through on cap by tool.
2. After knocking out the holes, we recommend you paint the edges and areas around the edges using the repair paint to prevent rusting
3. Pass the connecting cable through the hole.
4. Properly connect the cable on the terminal block.
5. Fix the connection cable with the cord clamp providing on the unit not to have strain at the terminal.
6. Finally, Fix the cap to the conduit panel.



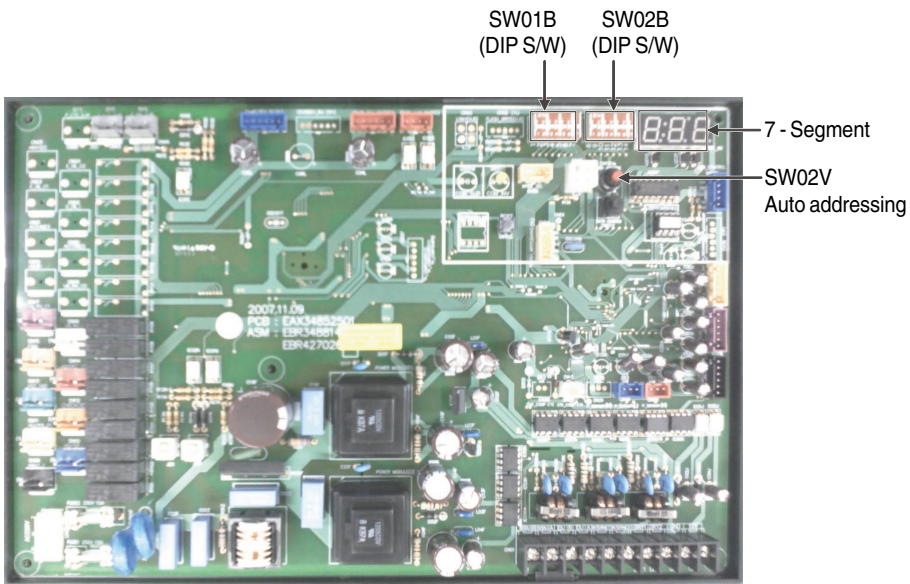
Model name	ARUN076DT2	ARUN096DT2	ARUN115DT2	ARUN134DT2	ARUN154DT2				
AWG	14	14	14	12	12				
Conduit (inch)	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2				
Knockout Diameter (inch)	7/8	7/8	7/8	7/8	7/8				
Model name	ARUN173DT2	ARUN192DT2	ARUN211DT2	ARUN230DT2	ARUN250DT2	ARUN270DT2	ARUN290DT2	ARUN310DT2	
AWG	12	12	12	10	8	8	6	6	
Conduit (inch)	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1	1	1	1	
Knockout Diameter (inch)	7/8	7/8	7/8	7/8	1-23/64	1-23/64	1-23/64	1-23/64	
Model name	ARUN076BT2	ARUN096BT2	ARUN115BT2	ARUN154BT2	ARUN173BT2	ARUN192BT2	ARUN211BT2	ARUN230BT2	
AWG	10	10	8	6	6	4	4	4	
Conduit (inch)	1/2	1/2	1	1	1	1-1/4	1-1/4	1-1/4	
Knockout Diameter (inch)	7/8	7/8	1-23/64	1-23/64	1-23/64	1-23/32	1-23/32	1-23/32	

⚠ WARNING

- Loose wiring may cause the terminal to overheat or result in unit malfunction.
- A fire hazard may also exist.
- Therefore, be sure all wiring is tightly connected.

Location of setting Switch

Main PCB



DIP switch setting**■ Checking according to dip switch setting**

1. You can check the setting values of the main outdoor unit from the 7 segment LED.
The dip switch setting should be changed when the power is OFF.
2. It checks whether the input is properly performed without the bad contact of the dip switch or not

■ Checking the setting of the Master unit

The number is sequentially appeared at the 7 segment in 5 seconds after applying the power. This Number represents the setting condition.(For example, represents 3Ø 208/230V 20HP heat pump)

Master model code → Slave1 model code → total capacity → 2 → 25 → 140

1~255 : Master model code

1~255 : Master model code

1~255 : Master model code

5~48 HP : HP number (Sum of Master capacity and Slave capacity)

No display : cooling only 2 : Heat pump 3: Sync

25 : Normal

140 : 3Ø 208/230V

160 : 3Ø 460V

Example) 3Ø 208/230V 20HP heat pump

151 → 151 → 20 → 2 → 25 → 140

**CAUTION**

Product may not properly operate if the relevant DIP switch is not properly setup.

Model Code**3Ø 208/230V**

Model Code	Unit (HP)
150	8
151	10
152	12

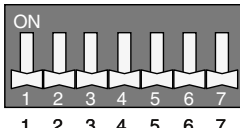
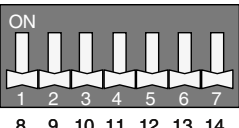
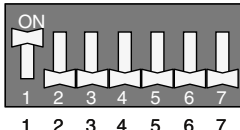
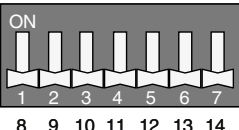
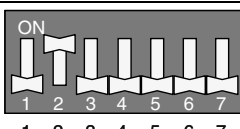
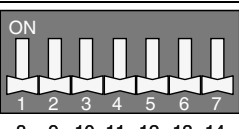
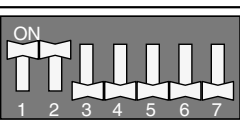
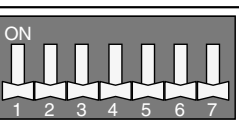
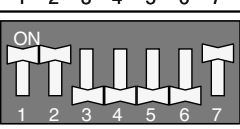
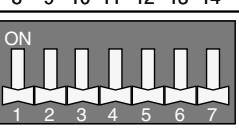
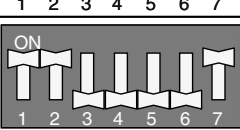
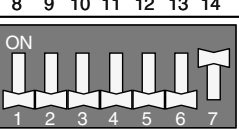
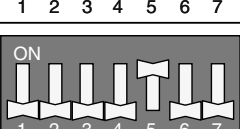
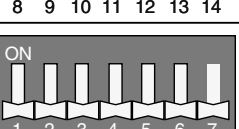
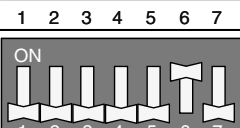
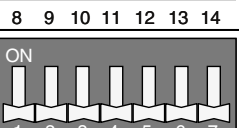
3Ø 460V

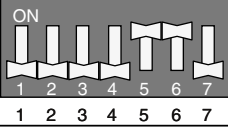
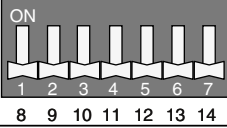
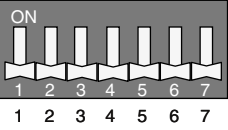
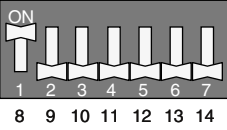
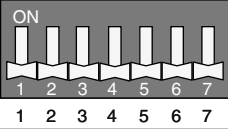
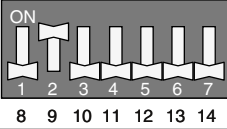
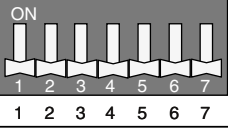

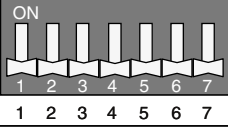
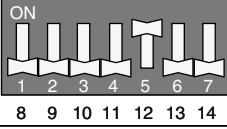
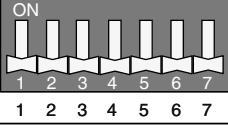

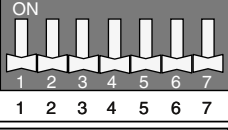
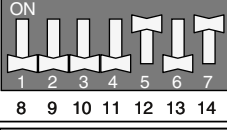
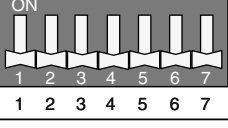
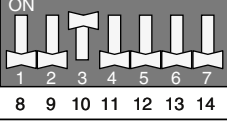
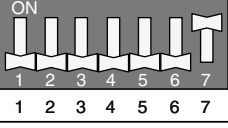
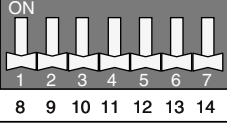
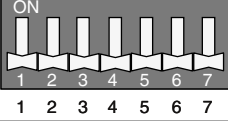
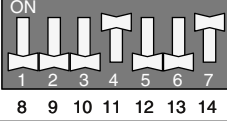
Model Code	Unit (HP)
171	8
172	10
173	12
174	14
175	16

■ Setting the DIP switch (SW03M)

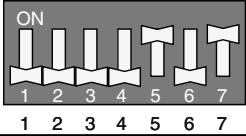
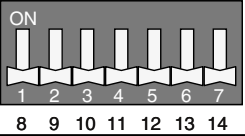
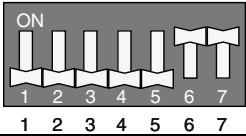
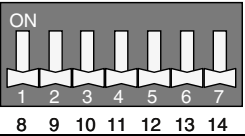

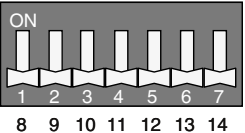
- Set the dip switch with the power turned off. If you change the setting when the power is on, the changed setting is not applied immediately. The changed setting is applied at the moment that the power is on.
- Instant indoor unit checking, data display mode, and forced oil collecting operation are used when the units are running. If you don't have to use those functions after using them, restore the dip switch setting.

1. Settings of Master outdoor unit

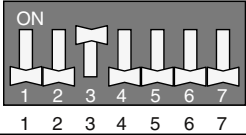
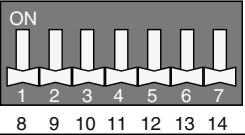
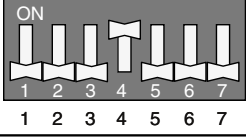
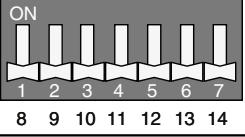
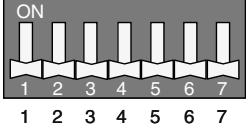
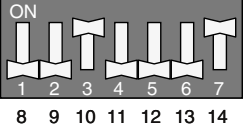
Function	SW01B Setting	SW02B Setting	Remarks
Standard	 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	
Short Pipe Length	 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	
Long Pipe Length	 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	
Longest Pipe Length	 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	
Refrigerant Auto Charging	 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	
Refrigerant Checking	 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	
Indoor Unit Forced Operation (Cooling)	 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	
Indoor Unit Forced Operation (Heating)	 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	

Function	SW01B Setting	SW02B Setting	Remarks
Dry Contact			
Snow			
Forced Defrosting			
Snow + Forced Defrosting			
Outdoor Unit Fan Low Static Pressure Compensation			
Outdoor Unit Fan High Static Pressure Compensation			
Night Low Noise			
Pump Down			
Forced Oil Return			
Vacuum Mode			

2. Settings of slave outdoor unit

Function	SW01B Setting	SW02B Setting	Remarks
Slave 1	 <p>1 2 3 4 5 6 7</p>	 <p>8 9 10 11 12 13 14</p>	
Slave 2	 <p>1 2 3 4 5 6 7</p>	 <p>8 9 10 11 12 13 14</p>	
Slave 3	 <p>1 2 3 4 5 6 7</p>	 <p>8 9 10 11 12 13 14</p>	

3. Settings of corresponding outdoor unit

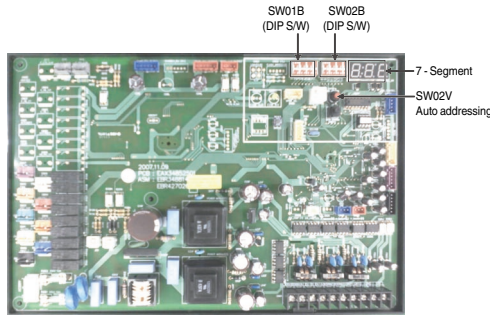
Function	SW01B Setting	SW02B Setting	Remarks
Inv Back Up	 <p>1 2 3 4 5 6 7</p>	 <p>8 9 10 11 12 13 14</p>	
Unit Back Up	 <p>1 2 3 4 5 6 7</p>	 <p>8 9 10 11 12 13 14</p>	
Pump Out	 <p>1 2 3 4 5 6 7</p>	 <p>8 9 10 11 12 13 14</p>	

Automatic Addressing

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• **The address of indoor units would be set by auto addressing**

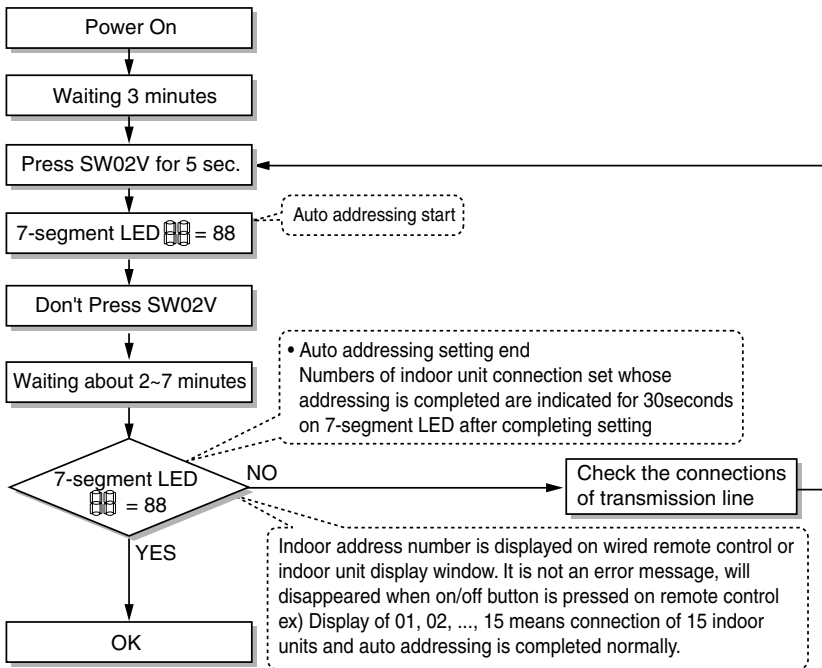
- 1) Wait for 3 minutes after applying power supply (main and sub outdoor unit, indoor unit).
- 2) Press the switch of the outdoor unit (SW02V) for 5 seconds.
- 3) A "88" is indicated on 7-segment LED of the outdoor unit PCB.
- 4) For completing addressing, 2~7 minutes are required depending on numbers of indoor unit connection set.
- 5) Numbers of indoor unit connection set whose addressing is completed are indicated for 30seconds on 7-segment LED of the outdoor unit PCB.
- 6) After completing addressing, address of each indoor unit is indicated on the wired remote control display window. (CH01, CH02, CH03, CH06: Indicated as numbers of indoor unit connection set.)



CAUTION

- In replacement of the indoor unit PCB, always perform auto address setting again. If power supply is not applied to the indoor unit, operation error occurs. Auto addressing is only possible on the main PCB. Auto addressing has to be performed after 3 minutes to improve communication.

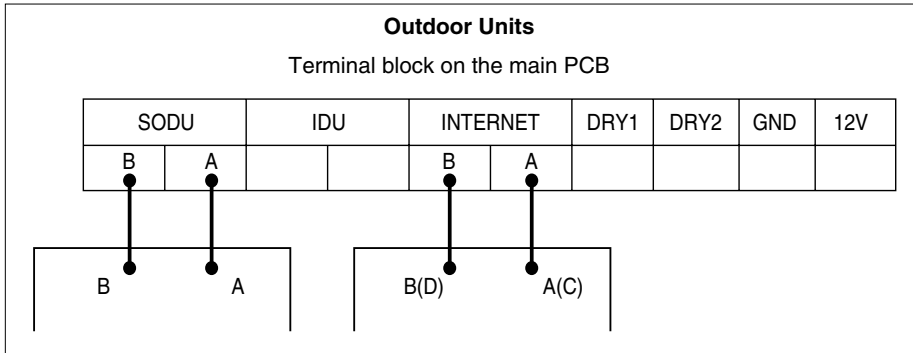
◆ **The Procedure of Automatic Addressing**



Group Number setting

Group Number setting for Indoor Units

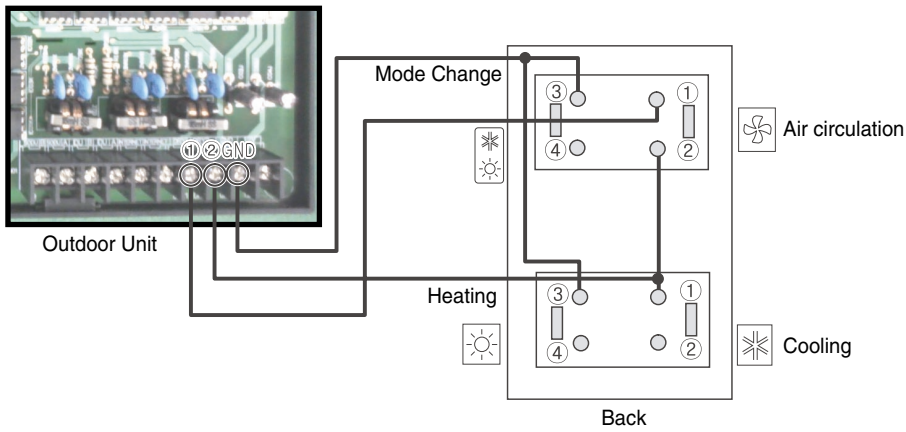
- ① Confirm the power of whole system(Indoor Unit, Outdoor Unit) is OFF, otherwise turn off.
- ② The communication lines connected to INTERNET terminal should be connected to central control of Outdoor unit with care for their polarity(A → A, B → B)
- ③ Turn the whole system on.
- ④ Set the group and Indoor Unit number with a wired remote control.
- ⑤ To control several sets of Indoor Units into a group, set the group ID from 0 to F for this purpose.



Group recognizing the simple central controller
No.0 group (00~0F)
No.1 group (10~1F)
No.2 group (20~2F)
No.3 group (30~3F)
No.4 group (40~4F)
No.5 group (50~5F)
No.6 group (60~6F)
No.7 group (70~7F)
No.8 group (80~8F)
No.9 group (90~9F)
No. A group (A0~AF)
No. B group (B0~BF)
No. C group (C0~CF)
No. D group (D0~DF)
No. E group (E0~EF)
No. F group (F0~FF)

Outdoor unit Dry Contact installation and connection

- Connect wires as below figure at the hole of backside of Outdoor Unit Dry Contact.
- Insert the wire in the connection hole pushing the "Push" button.



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Test Run

Checks Before Test Run

1	Check to see whether there is any refrigerant leakage, and slack of power or transmission cable.
2	<p>Confirm that 500 V megger shows 2.0 MΩ or more between power supply terminal block and ground. Do not operate in the case of 2.0 MΩ or less.</p> <p>NOTE: Never carry out megaohm check over terminal control board. Otherwise the control board would be broken.</p> <p>Immediately after mounting the unit or after leaving it turned off for an extended length of time, the resistance of the insulation between the power supply terminal board and the ground may decrease to approx. 2 MΩ as a result of refrigerant accumulating in the internal compressor. If the insulation resistance is less than 2 MΩ, turning on the main power supply and energizing the crankcase heater for more than 6 hours will cause the refrigerant to evaporate, increasing the insulation resistance.</p>
3	<p>Check if high/low pressure common pipe, liquid pipe and gas pipe valves are fully opened.</p> <p>NOTE: Be sure to tighten caps.</p>
4	<p>Check if there are any problems in automatic addressing or not:</p> <p>Check and confirm that there are no error messages in the display of indoor units or remote controls and LED in outdoor units.</p>



CAUTION

when cutting main power of the Multi V

- Always apply main power of the outdoor unit during use of product (cooling season/heating season).
- Always apply power 6 hours in advance to heat the crank case heater where performing test run after installation of product. It may result in burning out of the compressor if not preheating the crank case with the electrical heater for more than 6 hours.(In case of the outdoor temperature below 10°C)



CAUTION

Preheat of compressor

- Start preheat operation for 3 hours after supplying main power.
- In case that the outdoor temperature is low, be sure to supply power 6 hours before operation so that the heater is heated(insufficient heating may cause damage of the compressor.)

How to Cope with Test Run Abnormality

The phenomena from main component failure

Component	Phenomenon	Cause	Check method and Trouble shooting
Compressor	Not operating	Motor insulation broken	Check resistance between terminals and chassis
		Strainer clogged	Change strainer
		Oil leakage	Check oil amount after opening oil port
	Stop during running	Motor insulation failure	Check resistance between terminals and chassis
	Abnormal noise during running	R-S-T misconnection	Check compressor R-S-T connection
Outdoor fan	High pressure error at cooling	Motor failure, bad ventilation around outdoor heat exchanger	Check the outdoor fan operation after being turned the outdoor units off for some time. Remove obstacles around the outdoor units
Outdoor EEV	Heating failure, frequent defrosting	Bad connector contact	Check connector
	No operating sound at applying power	Coil failure	Check resistance between terminals
	Heating failure, frozen outdoor heat exchanger part	EEV clogged	Service necessary
	Low pressure error or discharge temperature error	EEV clogged	Service necessary

When system fault occurs, the error code is displayed at indoor unit display or remote control display, the trouble shooting guide is in the service manual

Sensor Checking Function

Note 1)

Sensor checking function judges whether the current temperature of indoor and outdoor unit sensors is right or not. -3 indoor temperature sensors, 9 outdoor temperature sensors, 2 outdoor pressure sensors.

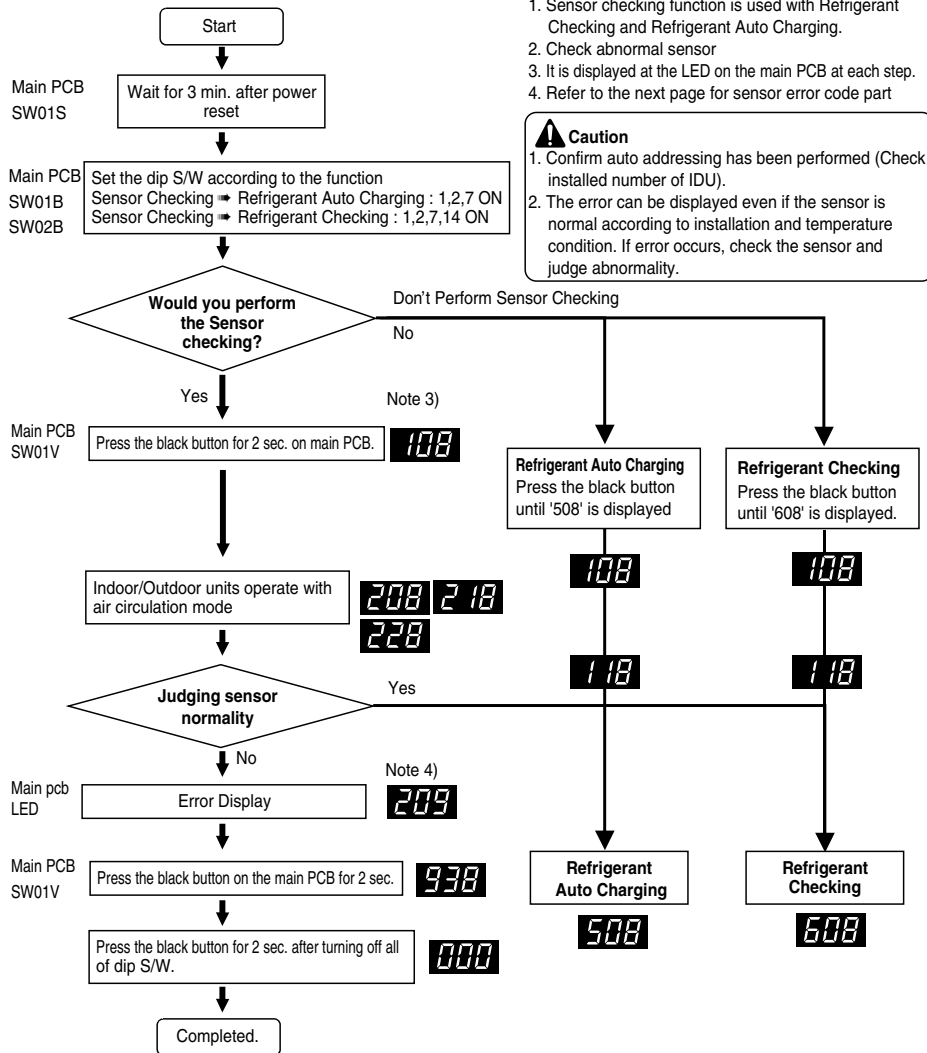
It is used for judging sensor abnormality. Note 2)

Note

1. Sensor checking function is used with Refrigerant Checking and Refrigerant Auto Charging.
2. Check abnormal sensor
3. It is displayed at the LED on the main PCB at each step.
4. Refer to the next page for sensor error code part

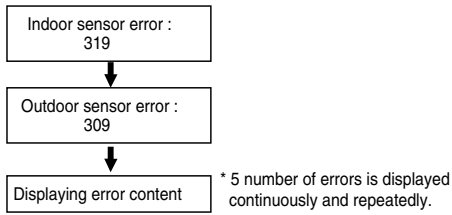
Caution

1. Confirm auto addressing has been performed (Check installed number of IDU).
2. The error can be displayed even if the sensor is normal according to installation and temperature condition. If error occurs, check the sensor and judge abnormality.



Sensor Check Error Code Display

In case error occurs during sensor checking process, error display is as shown below.
 Following contents are displayed one after the other on the main PCB of master outdoor unit.



Displaying error content

■ Indoor unit error display

1. 1st and 2nd number represents indoor unit number.
2. Last number represents sensor.

- 1: Pipe inlet temperature sensor
- 2: Pipe outlet temperature sensor
- 3: Air temperature sensor

■ Displaying outdoor unit error

1. 1st and 2nd number represents error content(code).
2. Last number represents outdoor unit number.

- 1 : Master
- 2 : Slave 1
- 3 : Slave 2
- 4 : Slave 3

* Indoor unit number follows auto addressing number.
 (To check the LGMV Data)

1	Outdoor Air Temperature
2	Heat Exchanger 1
3	Heat Exchanger 2
4	Inverter Comp. Discharge Temperature
5	Const. Speed. Comp. Discharge Temperature
6	Suction Temperature
7	Liquid Pipe Temperature
8	SC pipe in
9	SC pipe out
10	High Pressure Sensor
11	Low Pressure Sensor

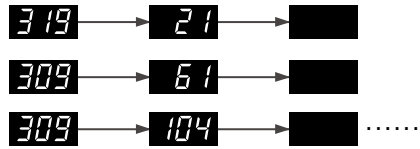
ex) Indoor unit No. 2 Pipe inlet temperature sensor error



ex) Outdoor Master Unit Liquid pipe temperature sensor error



ex) IDU No.2 Pipe inlet temperature sensor error and Master ODU suction temperature sensor, Slave 3 high pressure sensor error

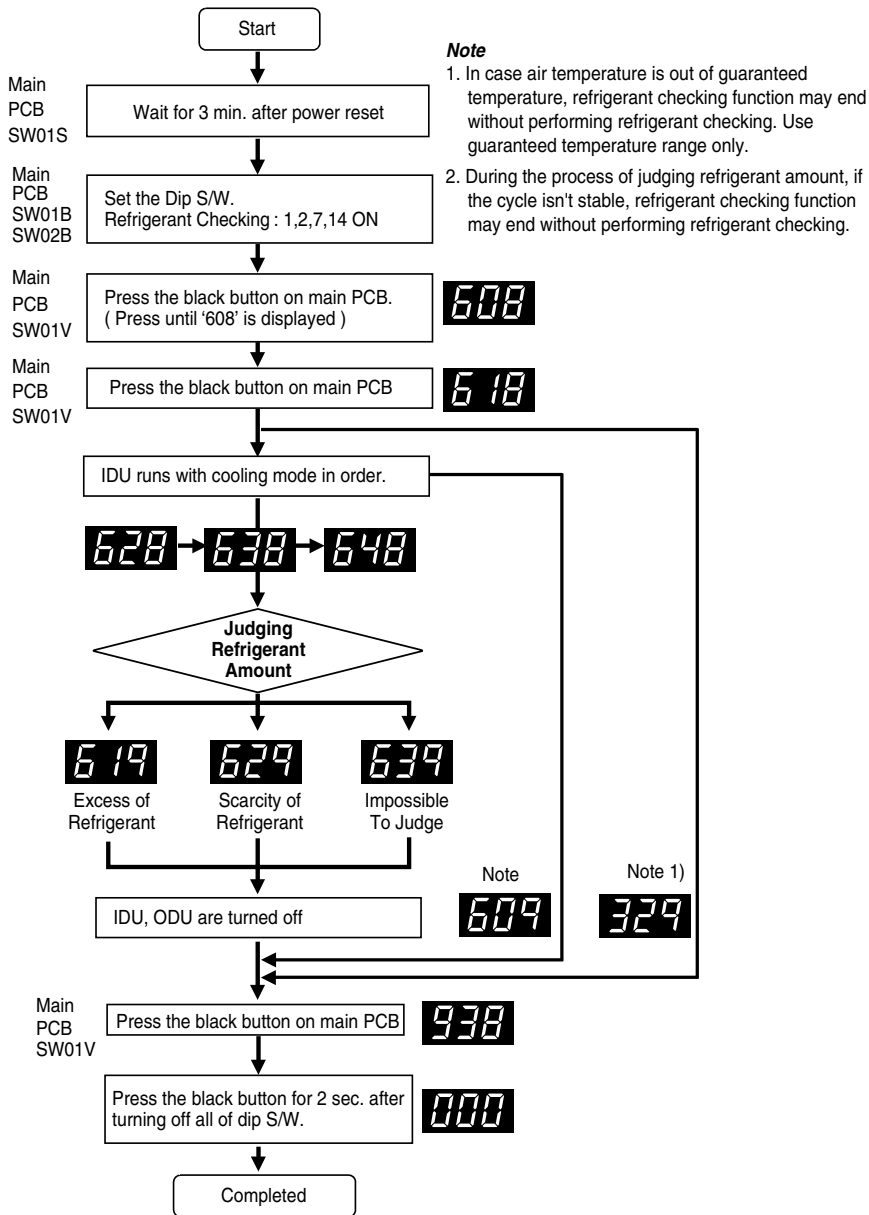


⚠ Caution

1. Up to 5 number of errors is displayed continuously and repeatedly. In case 5 error occurs, again perform sensor checking after solving errors.
2. IDU in which error occurred operates air circulation mode.

Refrigerant Checking Function

1. This function charges appropriate amount of refrigerant automatically through cycle operation.
2. This function judges refrigerant leakage and overcharging.
3. It can be used with refrigerant auto charging function.



! CAUTION

1. **Guaranteed Temperature range(Error occurs out of guaranteed temperature range)**
IDU : 20(68°F)~32°C(90°F) (buffer ±2°F)
ODU : 10(50°F)~38°C(100°F) (buffer ±2°F)
2. Set IDU wired remote controller temperature sensor setting as 'IDU'.
3. Make certain that IDU doesn't run with thermo off mode during operation.

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[Error contents about auto refrigerant charging function]

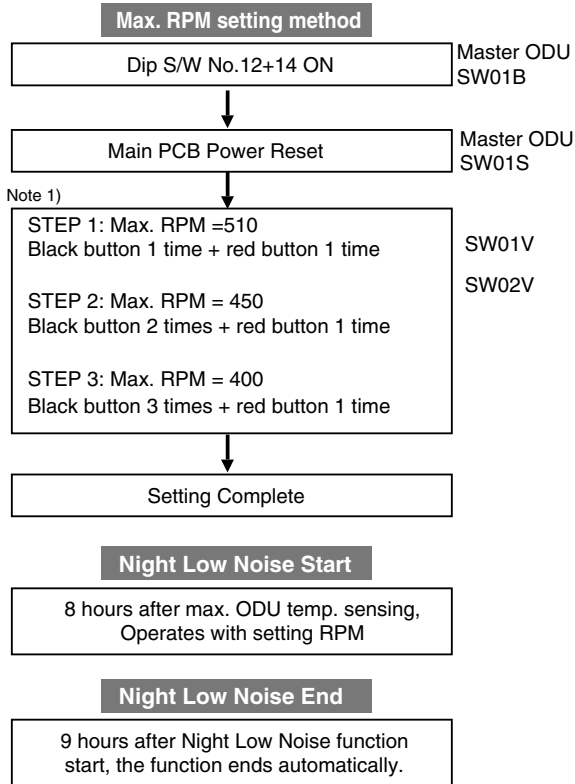
1. **329** : Temperature Range Error (In case that IDU or ODU is out of range)
2. **609** : System Unstable Error (In case, After 45 min operating the system, it does not be stable)

How to Cope with Result of Refrigerant checking

1. If the temperature is not in guaranteed Temperature range, the system will not execute Refrigerant checking and the system will be OFF.
2. **Excess of Refrigerant(619)**
After remove the 20% of calculated total refrigerant, recharge the refrigerant by using Refrigerant Auto Charging Function.
3. **Scarcity of Refrigerant(629)**
Charge the refrigerant by using Refrigerant Auto Charging Function.
4. **Impossible to Judge(639)**
IF the system is not in order, check the other problem except refrigerant.

Night Low Noise Function

In cooling mode, this function makes the ODU fan operate at low RPM to reduce the fan noise of ODU at night which has low cooling load.



⚠ Caution

1. Request installer to set the function during installation.
2. In case the function is not used, set the dip S/W OFF and reset the power.
3. If ODU RPM changes, cooling capacity may go down.

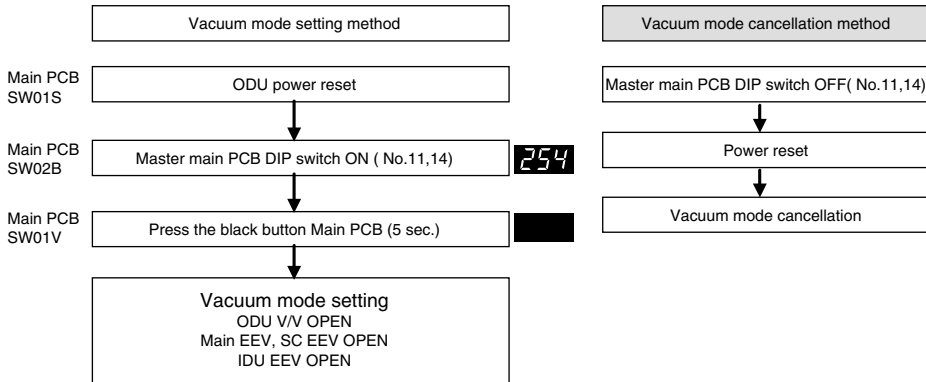
[Note]

1. Select appropriate RPM referencing noise table.

Vacuum Mode

This function is used for creating vacuum in the system after compressor replacement, ODU parts replacement or IDU addition/replacement.

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⚠ Caution
 ODU operation stops during vacuum mode. Compressor can't operate.

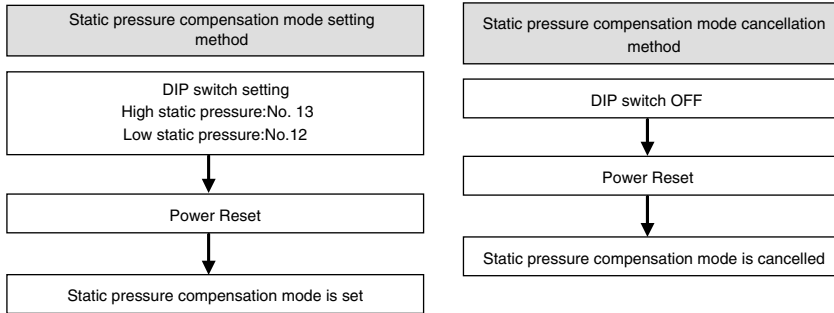
Static pressure compensation mode

This function secures the air flow rate of ODU, in case static pressure has been applied like using duct at fan discharge of ODU.

■ Static pressure compensation dip S/W setting method

High static pressure mode (Max. RPM 930) : Master ODU Main PCB SW02B NO.13 Dip S/W

Low static pressure mode (Max. RPM 900) : Master ODU Main PCB SW02B NO.12 Dip S/W



Self-Diagnosis Function

Error Indicator

- This function indicates types of failure in self-diagnosis and occurrence of failure for air condition.
- Error mark is displayed on display window of indoor units and wired remote controller, and 7-segment LED of outdoor unit control board as shown in the table.
- If more than two troubles occur simultaneously, lower number of error code is first displayed.
- After error occurrence, if error is released, error LED is also released simultaneously.

Error Display

1st,2nd LED of 7-segment indicates error number, 3rd LED indicates unit number.

Ex) 211 : No.21 error of master unit

213 : No.21 error of slave

011 → 051 : No.105 error of master unit

	Display		Title	Cause of Error
Indoor unit related error	0	1	- Air temperature sensor of indoor unit	Air temperature sensor of indoor unit is open or short
	0	2	- Inlet pipe temperature sensor of indoor unit	Inlet pipe temperature sensor of indoor unit is open or short
	0	3	- Communication error : wired remote controller ↔ indoor unit	Failing to receive wired remote controller signal in indoor unit PCB
	0	4	- Drain pump	Malfunction of drain pump
	0	5	- Communication error : outdoor unit ↔ indoor unit	Failing to receive outdoor unit signal in indoor unit PCB
	0	6	- Outlet pipe temperature sensor of indoor unit	Outlet pipe temperature sensor of indoor unit is open or short
	0	7	- Different operation mode	Operation mode between indoor unit and outdoor unit is different
	0	9	- Serial No.	In case when the serial number marked on EEPROM of Indoor unit is 0 or FFFFFFFF
	1	0	- Poor fan motor operation	Disconnecting the fan motor connector/Failure of indoor fan motor lock
	1	1	- Communication error: indoor unit → main PCB of outdoor.	When the addressing signal doesn't respond for 3mins. suddenly, while the indoor unit gets the calling signal from the outdoor unit,
Outdoor unit related error	2	1	Master Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor IPM Fault	Master Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor Drive IPM Fault
		2	slave Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor IPM Fault	slave Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor Drive IPM Fault
	2	1	Inverter Board Input Over Current(RMS) of Master Outdoor Unit	Master Outdoor Unit Inverter Board Input Current excess (RMS)
		2	Inverter Board Input Over Current(RMS) of slave Outdoor Unit	slave Outdoor Unit Inverter Board Input Current excess (RMS)
	2	1	Master Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor DC link Low Voltage	DC charging is not performed at Master outdoor unit after starting relay turn on.
		2	slave Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor DC link Low Voltage	DC charging is not performed at slave outdoor unit after starting relay turn on.
	2	1	Master Outdoor Unit High Pressure Switch	System is turned off by Master outdoor unit high pressure switch.
		2	slave Outdoor Unit High Pressure Switch	System is turned off by slave outdoor unit high pressure switch.

		Display	Title	Cause of Error
Outdoor unit related error	2	5	1 Master Outdoor Unit Input Voltage High/ Low Voltage	Master Outdoor Unit input voltage is over 487V or below 270V
			2 slave Outdoor Unit Input Voltage High/ Low Voltage	slave Outdoor Unit input voltage is over 487V or below 270V
	2	6	1 Master Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor Start Failure	The First Start Failure by Master Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor Abnormality
			2 slave Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor Start Failure	The First Start Failure by slave Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor Abnormality
	2	8	1 Master Outdoor Unit Inverter DC link High Voltage	System is turned off by Master outdoor unit DC Voltage Over Charging
			2 slave Outdoor Unit Inverter DC link High Voltage	System is turned off by slave Outdoor unit DC Voltage Over Charging
	2	9	1 Master Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor Over Current	Master Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor Fault OR Drive Fault
			2 slave Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor Over Current	slave Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor Fault OR Drive Fault
	3	2	1 Master Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor High Discharge Temperature	System is turned off by Master outdoor unit Inverter Compressor High Discharge Temperature
			2 slave Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor High Discharge Temperature	System is turned off by slave Outdoor unit Inverter Compressor High Discharge Temperature
	3	3	1 Master Outdoor Unit Constant Speed Compressor High Discharge Temperature	System is turned off by Master Outdoor Unit Constant Speed High Discharge Temperature
			2 slave Outdoor Unit Constant Speed Compressor High Discharge Temperature	System is turned off by slave Outdoor Unit Constant Speed High Discharge Temperature
	3	4	1 High Pressure of Master Outdoor Unit	System is turned off by excessive increase of high pressure of Master outdoor unit
			2 High Pressure of slave Outdoor Unit	System is turned off by excessive increase of high pressure of slave outdoor unit
	3	5	1 Low Pressure of Master Outdoor Unit	System is turned off by excessive decrease of low pressure of Master outdoor unit
			2 Low Pressure of slave Outdoor Unit	System is turned off by excessive decrease of low pressure of slave outdoor unit
	4	0	1 Master Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor CT Sensor Fault	Master Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor CT Sensor open or short
			2 slave Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor CT Sensor Fault	slave Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor CT Sensor open or short
	4	1	1 Master Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor Discharge Temperature Sensor Fault	Master Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor Discharge Temperature Sensor open or short
			2 slave Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor Discharge Temperature Sensor Fault	slave Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor Discharge Temperature Sensor open or short
4	2	1 Master Outdoor Unit Low Pressure Sensor Fault	Master Outdoor Unit Low Pressure Sensor open or short	
		2 slave Outdoor Unit Low Pressure Sensor Fault	slave Outdoor Unit Low Pressure Sensor open or short	

		Display	Title	Cause of Error	
Outdoor unit related error	4	3	1	Master Outdoor Unit High Pressure Sensor Fault	Master Outdoor Unit High Pressure Sensor open or short
			2	slave Outdoor Unit High Pressure Sensor Fault	slave Outdoor Unit High Pressure Sensor open or short
	4	4	1	Master Outdoor Unit Air Temperature Sensor Fault	Master Outdoor Unit Air Temperature Sensor open or short
			2	slave Outdoor Unit Air Temperature Sensor Fault	slave Outdoor Unit Air Temperature Sensor open or short
	4	5	1	Master Outdoor Unit Heat Exchanger Temperature Sensor(A) Fault	Master Outdoor Unit Heat Exchanger Temperature Sensor(A) open or short
			2	slave Outdoor Unit Heat Exchanger Temperature Sensor(A) Fault	slave Outdoor Unit Heat Exchanger Temperature Sensor(A) open or short
	4	6	1	Master Outdoor Unit Suction Temperature Sensor Fault	Master Outdoor Unit Suction Temperature Sensor open or short
			2	slave Outdoor Unit Suction Temperature Sensor Fault	slave Outdoor Unit Suction Temperature Sensor open or short
	4	7	1	Master Outdoor Unit Constant Speed Compressor Discharge Temperature Sensor Fault	Master Outdoor Unit Constant Speed Compressor Discharge Temperature Sensor open or short
			2	slave Outdoor Unit Constant Speed Compressor Discharge Temperature Sensor Fault	slave Outdoor Unit Constant Speed Compressor Discharge Temperature Sensor open or short
	4	8	1	Master Outdoor Unit Heat Exchanger Temperature Sensor(B) Fault	Master Outdoor Unit Heat Exchanger Temperature Sensor(B) open or short
			2	slave Outdoor Unit Heat Exchanger Temperature Sensor(B) Fault	slave Outdoor Unit Heat Exchanger Temperature Sensor(B) open or short
	5	1	1	Omitting connection of R, S, T power of Master Outdoor unit	Omitting connection of Master outdoor unit
			2	Omitting connection of R, S, T power of slave outdoor unit	Omitting connection of slave outdoor unit
	5	1	1	Excessive capacity of indoor units	Excessive connection of indoor units compared to capacity of outdoor unit
	5	2	1	Communication error : inverter PCB → Main PCB	Failing to receive inverter signal at main PCB of Master Outdoor Unit
			2	Communication error : inverter PCB → Main PCB	Failing to receive inverter signal at main PCB of slave Outdoor Unit
	5	3	1	Communication error : indoor unit → main PCB of outdoor unit	Failing to receive indoor unit signal at main PCB of outdoor Unit.
	5	4	1	Reverse connection of R, S, T power of Master Outdoor unit	Reverse connection or omitting connection of R, S, T power of Master outdoor unit
			2	Reverse connection of R, S, T power of slave outdoor unit	Reverse connection or omitting connection of R, S, T power of slave outdoor unit
5	9	1	Mixing Installation of Sub Outdoor Unit	Mixing Installation of Old Sub outdoor unit and New Slave Outdoor Unit	

		Display	Title	Cause of Error
Outdoor unit related error	6 0	1	Inverter PCB EEPROM Error of Master Outdoor Unit	Access Error of Inverter PCB of Master Outdoor Unit
		2	Inverter PCB EEPROM Error of slave Unit	Access Error of Inverter PCB of slave Outdoor Unit
	6 7	1	Master Outdoor Unit Fan Lock	Restriction of Master Outdoor Unit
		2	slave Outdoor Unit Fan Lock	Restriction of slave Outdoor Unit
	7 0	1	Constant CT Sensor Error of Master Outdoor Unit	Constant CT Sensor open or short of Master Outdoor Unit
		2	Constant CT Sensor Error of slave Outdoor Unit	Constant CT Sensor open or short of slave Outdoor Unit
	7 1	1	PFC CT Sensor Error of Master Outdoor Unit	Master Outdoor Unit PFC CT Sensor open or short
		2	PFC CT Sensor Error of slave Outdoor Unit	slave Outdoor Unit PFC CT Sensor open or short
	7 3	1	Instant Over Current(Peak) of Master Outdoor Unit PFC	Instant Over Current(Peak) of Master Outdoor Unit PFC
		2	Instant Over Current(Peak) of slave Outdoor Unit PFC	Instant Over Current(Peak) of slave Outdoor Unit PFC
	7 4	1	Master Outdoor Unit 3 Phase Power unbalance	Master Outdoor Unit R-T Phase Difference is over 5A
		2	slave Outdoor Unit 3 Phase Power unbalance	slave Outdoor Unit R-T Phase Difference is over 5A
	7 5	1	Master Outdoor Unit Fan CT Sensor Error	Master Outdoor Unit Fan CT Sensor open or short
		2	slave Outdoor Unit Fan CT Sensor Error	slave Outdoor Unit Fan CT Sensor open or short
	7 6	1	Master Outdoor Unit Fan DC Link High Voltage Error	Master Outdoor Unit Fan DC Link High Voltage Error
		2	slave Outdoor Unit Fan DC Link High Voltage Error	slave Outdoor Unit Fan DC Link High Voltage Error
	7 7	1	Master Outdoor Unit Fan Over Current Error	Master Outdoor Unit Fan Current is over 5A
		2	slave Outdoor Unit Fan Over Current Error	slave Outdoor Unit Fan is over 5A
	7 8	1	Master Outdoor Unit Fan Hall Sensor Error	Master Outdoor Unit Fan Hall Sensor open or Short
		2	slave Outdoor Unit Fan Hall Sensor Error	slave Outdoor Unit Fan Hall Sensor open or Short
7 9	1	Master Outdoor Unit Fan Start Failure Error	Master Outdoor Unit Fan First Position Sensing Failure	
	2	slave Outdoor Unit Fan Start Failure Error	slave Outdoor Unit Fan First Position Sensing Failure	
8 6	1	Master Outdoor Unit Main PCB EEPROM Error	Communication Fail Between Master Outdoor Unit Main MICOM and EEPROM or omitting EEPROM	
	2	slave Outdoor Unit Main PCB EEPROM Error	Communication Fail Between slave Outdoor Unit Main MICOM and EEPROM or omitting EEPROM	
8 7	1	Master Outdoor Unit Fan PCB EEPROM Error	Communication Fail Between Master Outdoor Unit Fan MICOM and EEPROM or omitting EEPROM	
	2	slave Outdoor Unit Fan PCB EEPROM Error	Communication Fail Between slave Outdoor Unit Fan MICOM and EEPROM or omitting EEPROM	

			Display	Title	Cause of Error	
Outdoor unit related error	1	0	4	1	Communication Error Between Master Outdoor Unit and Other Outdoor Unit	Failing to receive Slave Unit signal at main PCB of Master outdoor unit
				2	Communication Error Between slave Outdoor Unit and Other Outdoor Unit	Failing to receive master and other Slave Unit signal at main PCB of slave outdoor unit
	1	0	5	1	Master Outdoor Unit Fan PCB Communication Error	Failing to receive fan signal at main PCB of master unit.
				2	slave Outdoor Unit Fan PCB Communication Error	Failing to receive fan signal at main PCB of slave unit.
	1	0	6	1	Master Outdoor Unit FAN IPM Fault Error	Instant Over Current at Master Outdoor Unit Fan IPM
				2	slave Outdoor Unit FAN IPM Fault Error	Instant Over Current at slave Outdoor Unit Fan IPM
	1	0	7	1	Master Outdoor Unit Fan DC Link Low Voltage Error	Master Outdoor Unit Fan DC Link Input Voltage is under 380V
				2	slave Outdoor Unit Fan DC Link Low Voltage Error	slave Outdoor Unit Fan DC Link Input Voltage is under 380V
	1	1	3	1	Master Outdoor Unit Liquid pipe Temperature Sensor Error	Liquid pipe temperature sensor of Master outdoor unit is open or short
				2	slave Outdoor Unit Liquid pipe Temperature Sensor Error	Liquid pipe temperature sensor of slave outdoor unit is open or short
	1	1	4	1	Master Outdoor Unit Subcooling Inlet Temperature Sensor Error	Master Outdoor Unit Subcooling Inlet Temperature Sensor open or short
				2	slave Outdoor Unit Subcooling Inlet Temperature Sensor Error	slave Outdoor Unit Subcooling Inlet Temperature Sensor open or short
	1	1	5	1	Master Outdoor Unit Subcooling Outlet Temperature Sensor Error	Master Outdoor Unit Subcooling Outlet Temperature Sensor open or short
				2	slave Outdoor Unit Subcooling Outlet Temperature Sensor Error	slave Outdoor Unit Subcooling Outlet Temperature Sensor open or short
	1	5	1	1	Failure of operation mode conversion at Master Outdoor Unit	Pressure unbalance between outdoor units
				2	Failure of operation mode conversion at slave Outdoor Unit	Pressure unbalance between outdoor units
	1	7	3	1	Master Outdoor Unit Constant Speed Compressor Fault	Comp locking, Check Valve leakage, comp dielectric break down at Master Outdoor Unit
				2	slave Outdoor Unit Constant Speed Compressor Fault	Comp locking, Check Valve leakage, comp dielectric at slave Outdoor Unit
	1	9	3	1	Excessive increase of Master Outdoor Unit Fan PCB Heat Sink Temperature	Master Outdoor Unit Fan Inverter PCB Temperature is Over 95°C
				2	Excessive increase of slave Outdoor Unit Fan PCB Heat Sink Temperature	slave Outdoor Unit Fan Inverter PCB Temperature is Over 95°C
1	9	4	1	Master Outdoor Unit Fan PCB Heat Sink Temperature Sensor Error	Master Outdoor Unit Fan PCB Heat Sink Temperature Sensor open or short	
			2	slave Outdoor Unit Fan PCB Heat Sink Temperature Sensor Error	slave Outdoor Unit Fan PCB Heat Sink Temperature Sensor open or short	

Caution For Refrigerant Leak

ENGLISH

The installer and system specialist shall secure safety against leakage according to local regulations or standards. The following standards may be applicable if local regulations are not available.

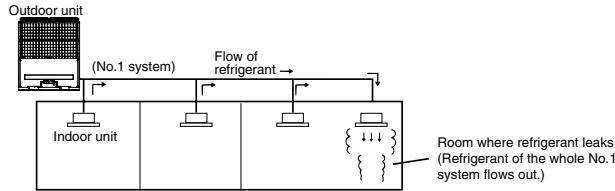
Introduction

Though the R410A refrigerant is harmless and incombustible itself, the room to equip the air conditioner should be large to such an extent that the refrigerant gas will not exceed the limiting concentration even if the refrigerant gas leaks in the room.

Limiting concentration

Limiting concentration is the limit of Freon gas concentration where immediate measures can be taken without hurting human body when refrigerant leaks in the air. The limiting concentration shall be described in the unit of lb/ft³ (Freon gas weight per unit air volume) for facilitating calculation.

Limiting concentration: 0.028 lb/ft³(R410A)



Checking procedure of limiting concentration

Check limiting concentration along following steps and take appropriate measure depending on the situation.

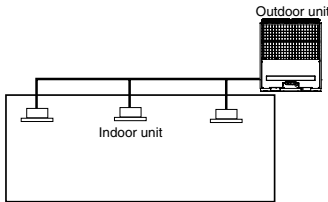
Calculate amount of all the replenished refrigerant (lb) per each refrigerant system.

Amount of replenished refrigerant per one outdoor unit system	+	Amount of additional replenished refrigerant	=	Total amount of replenished refrigerant in refrigerant facility (lb)
Amount of replenished refrigerant at factory shipment		Amount of additionally replenished refrigerant depending on piping length or piping diameter at customer		Note : In case one refrigerant facility is divided into 2 or more refrigerant systems and each system is independent, amount of replenished refrigerant of each system shall be adopted.

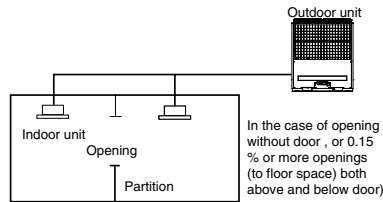
Calculate minimum room capacity

Calculate room capacity by regarding a portion as one room or the smaller room.

(1) Without partition

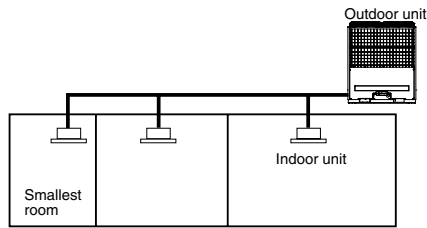


(2) With partition and with opening which serve as passage of air to adjoining room



Caution For Refrigerant Leak

(3) With partition and without opening which serve as passage of air to adjoining room



■ Calculate refrigerant concentration

$$\frac{\text{Total amount of replenished refrigerant in refrigerant facility (lb)}}{\text{Capacity of smallest room where indoor unit is installed (ft}^3\text{)}} = \text{Refrigerant concentration (lb/ft}^3\text{)} \quad \text{(R410A)}$$

In case the result of calculation exceeds the limiting concentration, perform the same calculations by shifting to the second smallest, and the third smallest rooms until at last the result is below the limiting concentration.

■ In case the concentration exceeds the limit

When the concentration exceeds the limit, change original plan or take one of the countermeasures shown below:

• Countermeasure 1

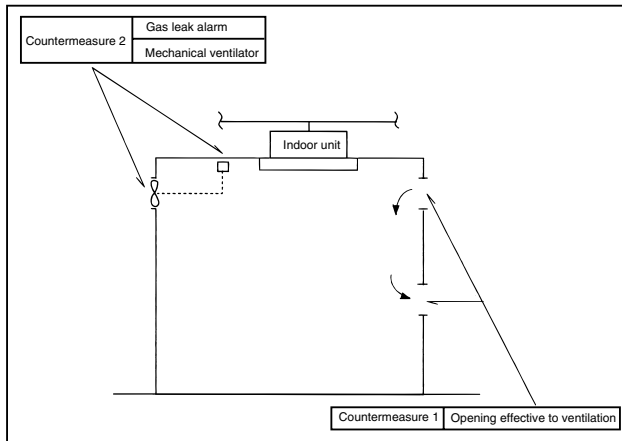
Provide opening for ventilation.

Provide 0.15% or more opening to floor space both above and below door, or provide opening without door.

• Countermeasure 2

Provide gas leak alarm linked with mechanical ventilator.

Reducing the outdoor refrigerant qty.



Pay a special attention to the place, such as a basement, etc. where refrigerant can stay, since refrigerant is heavier than air.

Installation guide at the seaside

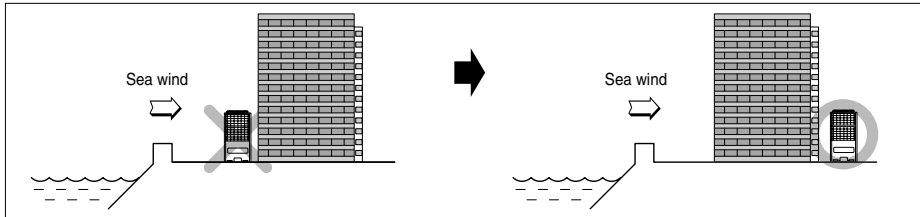
ENGLISH

CAUTION

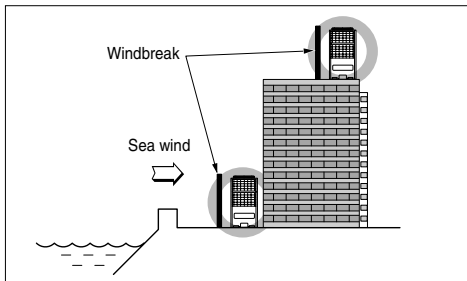
1. Air conditioners should not be installed in areas where corrosive gases, such as acid or alkaline gas, are produced.
2. Do not install the product where it could be exposed to sea wind (salty wind) directly. It can result corrosion on the product. Corrosion, particularly on the condenser and evaporator fins, could cause product malfunction or inefficient performance.
3. If outdoor unit is installed close to the seaside, it should avoid direct exposure to the sea wind. Otherwise it needs additional anticorrosion treatment on the heat exchanger.

Selecting the location(Outdoor Unit)

- 1) If the outdoor unit is to be installed close to the seaside, direct exposure to the sea wind should be avoided. Install the outdoor unit on the opposite side of the sea wind direction.



- 2) In case, to install the outdoor unit on the seaside, set up a windbreak not to be exposed to the sea wind.



- It should be strong enough like concrete to prevent the sea wind from the sea.
- The height and width should be more than 150% of the outdoor unit.
- It should be keep more than 27.6 inch of space between outdoor unit and the windbreak for easy air flow.

- 3) Select a well-drained place.

1. If you can't meet above guide line in the seaside installation, please contact LG Electronics for the additional anticorrosion treatment.
2. Periodic (more than once/year) cleaning of the dust or salt particles stuck on the heat exchanger by using water



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After reading this manual, keep it in a place easily accessible to the user for future reference.