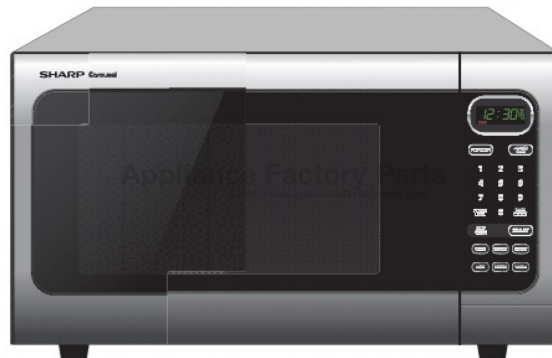


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SHARP SERVICE MANUAL

SY612R408LPSTF

MICROWAVE OVEN

MODEL R-408LS



In the interest of user-safety the oven should be restored to its original condition and only parts identical to those specified should be used.

WARNING TO SERVICE PERSONNEL: Microwave ovens contain circuitry capable of producing very high voltage and current, contact with following parts may result in a severe, possibly fatal, electrical shock. (High Voltage Capacitor, High Voltage Power Transformer, Magnetron, High Voltage Rectifier Assembly, High Voltage Harness etc..)

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PRECAUTIONS TO BE OBSERVED BEFORE AND DURING SERVICING TO AVOID POSSIBLE EXPOSURE TO EXCESSIVE MICROWAVE ENERGY

PRECAUTIONS TO BE OBSERVED BEFORE AND DURING SERVICING TO AVOID POSSIBLE EXPOSURE TO EXCESSIVE MICROWAVE ENERGY

- (a) Do not operate or allow the oven to be operated with the door open.
- (b) Make the following safety checks on all ovens to be serviced before activating the magnetron or other microwave source, and make repairs as necessary: (1) interlock operation, (2) proper door closing, (3) seal and sealing surfaces (arcing, wear, and other damage), (4) damage to or loosening of hinges and latches, (5) evidence of dropping or abuse.
- (c) Before turning on microwave power for any service test or inspection within the microwave generating compartments, check the magnetron, wave guide or transmission line, and cavity for proper alignment, integrity, and connections.
- (d) Any defective or misadjusted components in the interlock, monitor, door seal, and microwave generation and transmission systems shall be repaired, replaced, or adjusted by procedures described in this manual before the oven is released to the owner
- (e) A microwave leakage check to verify compliance with the Federal Performance Standard should be performed on each oven prior to release to the owner.

BEFORE SERVICING

BEFORE SERVICING

Before servicing an operative unit, perform a microwave emission check as per the Microwave Measurement Procedure outlined in this service manual.

If microwave emissions level is in excess of the specified limit, contact SHARP ELECTRONICS CORPORATION immediately @1-800-237-4277.

If the unit operates with the door open, service person should 1) tell the user not to operate the oven and 2) contact SHARP ELECTRONICS CORPORATION and Food and Drug Administration's Center for Devices and Radiological Health immediately.

Service personnel should inform SHARP ELECTRONICS CORPORATION of any certified unit found with emissions in excess of $4\text{mW}/\text{cm}^2$. The owner of the unit should be instructed not to use the unit until the oven has been brought into compliance.

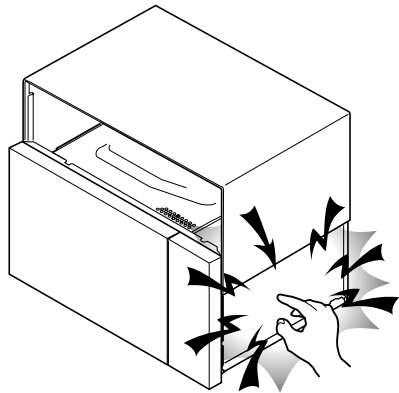
CHAPTER 1. WARNING TO SERVICE PERSONNEL

Microwave ovens contain circuitry capable of producing very high voltage and current, contact with following parts may result in a severe, possibly fatal, electrical shock.


(Example)

High Voltage Capacitor, High Voltage Power Transformer, Magnetron, High Voltage Rectifier Assembly, High Voltage Harness etc..

Read the Service Manual carefully and follow all instructions.



[1] Before Servicing

1. Disconnect the power supply cord , and then remove outer case.
2. Open the door and block it open.
3. Discharge high voltage capacitor.

WARNING: RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK. DISCHARGE THE HIGH-VOLTAGE CAPACITOR BEFORE SERVICING.

The high-voltage capacitor remains charged about 60 seconds after the oven has been switched off. Wait for 60 seconds and then short-circuit the connection of the high-voltage capacitor (that is the connecting lead of the high-voltage rectifier) against the chassis with the use of an insulated screwdriver.

Whenever troubleshooting is performed the power supply must be disconnected. It may, in some cases, be necessary to connect the power supply after the outer case has been removed, in this event,

- 1) Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outer case.
- 2) Open the door and block it open.
- 3) Discharge high voltage capacitor.
- 4) Disconnect the leads to the primary of the power transformer.
- 5) Ensure that the leads remain isolated from other components and oven chassis by using insulation tape.
- 6) After that procedure, reconnect the power supply cord.

[2] When the testing is completed,

1. Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outer case.
2. Open the door and block it open.
3. Discharge high voltage capacitor.
4. Reconnect the leads to the primary of the power transformer.
5. Reinstall the outer case (cabinet).
6. Reconnect the power supply cord after the outer case is installed.
7. Run the oven and check all functions.

[3] After repairing

1. Reconnect all leads removed from components during testing.
2. Reinstall the outer case (cabinet).
3. Reconnect the power supply cord after the outer case is installed.
4. Run the oven and check all functions.

Microwave ovens should not be run empty. To test for the presence of microwave energy within a cavity, place a cup of cold water on the oven turntable, close the door and set the power to HIGH and set the microwave timer for two (2) minutes. When the two minutes has elapsed (timer at zero) carefully check that the water is now hot. If the water remains cold carry out **Before Servicing** procedure and re-examine the connections to the component being tested.

When all service work is completed and the oven is fully assembled, the microwave power output should be checked and microwave leakage test should be carried out.

CHAPTER 2. MICROWAVE MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

[1] Requirements:

1. Microwave leakage limit (Power density limit): The power density of microwave radiation emitted by a microwave oven should not exceed 1mW/cm² at any point 5cm or more from the external surface of the oven, measured prior to acquisition by a purchaser, and thereafter (through the useful life of the oven), 5 mW/cm² at any point 5cm or more from the external surface of the oven.
2. Safety interlock switches:
Primary interlock switch shall prevent microwave radiation emission in excess of the requirement as above mentioned. Secondary interlock relay and door sensing switch shall prevent microwave radiation emission in excess of 5 mW/cm² at any point 5cm or more from the external surface of the oven.

[2] Preparation for testing:

Before beginning the actual measurement of leakage, proceed as follows:

1. Make sure that the actual instrument is operating normally as specified in its instruction booklet.

Important:

Survey instruments that comply with the requirement for instrumentation as prescribed by the performance standard for microwave ovens, 21 CFR 1030.10(c)(3)(i), must be used for testing.

2. Place the oven tray in the oven cavity.
3. Place the load of 275±5 ml (9.8 oz) of tap water initially at 20±5°C (68°F) in the center of the oven cavity.
The water container shall be a low form of 600 ml (20 oz) beaker with an inside diameter of approx. 8.5 cm (3-1/2 in.) and made of an electrically nonconductive material such as glass or plastic.
The placing of this standard load in the oven is important not only to protect the oven, but also to insure that any leakage is measured accurately.
4. Set the cooking control on Full Power Cooking Mode
5. Close the door and select a cook cycle of several minutes. If the water begins to boil before the survey is completed, replace it with 275 ml of cool water.

[3] Leakage test:

Closed-door leakage test (microwave measurement)

1. Grasp the probe of the survey instrument and hold it perpendicular to the gap between the door and the body of the oven.
2. Move the probe slowly, not faster than 1 in./sec. (2.5 cm/sec.) along the gap, watching for the maximum indication on the meter.
3. Check for leakage at the door screen, sheet metal seams and other accessible positions where the continuity of the metal has been breached (eg., around the switches, indicator, and vents).
While testing for leakage around the door pull the door away from the front of the oven as far as is permitted by the closed latch assembly.
4. Measure carefully at the point of highest leakage and make sure that the highest leakage is no greater than 4mW/cm², and that the secondary interlock relay and the primary interlock switch do turn the oven OFF before any door movement.

NOTE: **After servicing, record data on service invoice and microwave leakage report.**

CHAPTER 3. FOREWORD AND WARNING

[1] FOREWORD

This Manual has been prepared to provide Sharp Electronics Corp. Service Personnel with Operation and Service Information for the SHARP MICROWAVE OVEN, R-408LS.

It is recommended that service personnel carefully study the entire text of this manual so that they will be qualified to render satisfactory customer service.

Check the interlock switches and the door seal carefully. Special attention should be given to avoid electrical shock and microwave radiation hazard.

[2] WARNING

Never operate the oven until the following points are ensured.

- (A) The door is tightly closed.
- (B) The door brackets and hinges are not defective.
- (C) The door packing is not damaged.
- (D) The door is not deformed or warped.
- (E) There is no other visible damage with the oven.

Servicing and repair work must be carried out only by trained service personnel.

[3] DANGER

Certain initial parts are intentionally not grounded and present a risk of electrical shock only during servicing. Service personnel - Do not contact the following parts while the appliance is energized;

High Voltage Capacitor, Power Transformer, Magnetron, High Voltage Rectifier Assembly, High Voltage Harness;

If provided, Vent Hood, Fan assembly, Cooling Fan Motor.

All the parts marked "△" on parts list are used at voltages more than 250V.

Removal of the outer wrap gives access to voltage above 250V.

All the parts marked "***" on parts list may cause undue microwave exposure, by themselves, or when they are damaged, loosened or removed.

CHAPTER 5. GENERAL INFORMATION

[1] GROUNDING INSTRUCTIONS

This oven is equipped with a three prong grounding plug. It must be plugged into a wall receptacle that is properly installed and grounded in accordance with the National Electrical Code and local codes and ordinances.

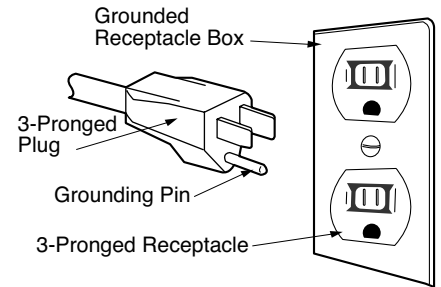
In the event of an electrical short circuit, grounding reduces the risk of electric shock by providing an escape wire for the electric current.

WARNING: Improper use of the grounding plug can result in a risk of electric shock.

Electrical Requirements

The electrical requirements are a 120 volt 60 Hz, AC only, 15 or 20 amp. fused electrical supply. It is recommended that a separate circuit serving only this appliance be provided. When installing this appliance, observe all applicable codes and ordinances. A short power-supply cord is provided to reduce risks of becoming entangled in or tripping over a longer cord. Where a two-pronged wall-receptacle is encountered, it is the personal responsibility and obligation of the customer to contact a qualified electrician and have it replaced with a properly grounded three-pronged wall receptacle or have a grounding adapter properly grounded and polarized. If the extension cord must be used, it should be a 3-wire, 15 amp. or higher rated cord. Do not drape over a countertop or table where it can be pulled on by children or tripped over accidentally.

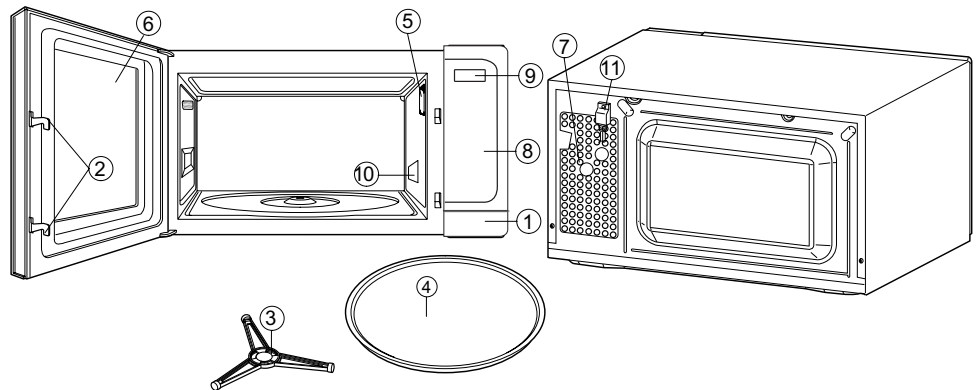
CAUTION: DO NOT UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES CUT OR REMOVE THE ROUND GROUNDING PRONG FROM THIS PLUG.



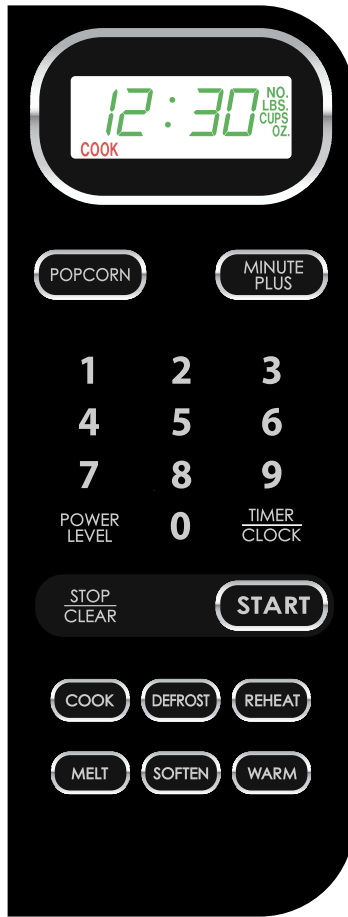
[2] OVEN DIAGRAM

1. OVEN

1. One touch door open button.
Push to open door.
2. Door latches.
The oven will not operate unless the door is securely closed.
3. Removable turntable support
The turntable will rotate clockwise or counterclockwise.
4. Removable turntable.
5. Oven lamp.
It will light when oven is operating or door is opened.
6. Oven door with see-through window
7. Ventilation openings. (Rear)
8. Auto-Touch control panel.
9. Time display: Digital display, 99 minutes, 99 seconds.
10. Waveguide cover:
11. Power supply cord.



2. TOUCH CONTROL PANEL



NOTE: Some one-touch cooking features such as “MINUTE PLUS” are disabled after three minutes when the oven is not in use. These features are automatically enabled when the door is opened and closed or the STOP/ CLEAR pad is pressed.

CHAPTER 6. OPERATION

[1] DESCRIPTION OF OPERATING SEQUENCE

The following is a description of component functions during oven operation.

1. OFF CONDITION

Closing the door activates the door sensing switch and primary interlock switch. (In this condition, the monitor switch contacts are opened.)

When oven is plugged in, 120 volts A.C. is supplied to the control unit. (Figure O-1).

- 1) The display will show flashing "88:88".

To set any program or set the clock, you must first touch the STOP/CLEAR pad. The display will clear, and " : " will appear.

2. COOKING CONDITION

Program desired cooking time by touching the NUMBER pads. Program the power level by touching the POWERLEVEL pad and then a Number pad. When the START pad is touched, the following operations occur:

- 1) The contacts of relays are closed and components connected to the relays are turned on as follows.

(For details, refer to Figure O-2)

RELAY	CONNECTED COMPONENTS
RY-1	oven lamp/turntable motor/fan motor
RY-2	power transformer

- 2) 120 volts A.C. is supplied to the primary winding of the power transformer and is converted to about 3.3 volts A.C. output on the filament winding, and approximately 2370 volts A.C. on the high voltage winding.
- 3) The filament winding voltage heats the magnetron filament and the H.V. winding voltage is sent to a voltage doubler circuit.
- 4) The microwave energy produced by the magnetron is channelled through the waveguide into the cavity feed-box, and then into the cavity where the food is placed to be cooked.
- 5) Upon completion of the cooking time, the power transformer, oven lamp, etc. are turned off, and the generation of microwave energy is stopped. The oven will revert to the OFF condition.
- 6) When the door is opened during a cook cycle, the monitor switch, door sensing switch, primary interlock switch, relay (RY1) and secondary interlock relay are activated with the following results. The circuits to the turntable motor, the cooling fan motor, and the high voltage components are de-energized, the oven lamp remains on, and the digital read-out displays the time still remaining in the cook cycle when the door was opened.
- 7) The monitor switch electrically monitors the operation of the primary interlock switch and secondary interlock relay and is mechanically associated with the door so that it will function in the following sequence.
 - a) When the door opens from the closed position, the secondary interlock relay (RY2) and primary interlock switch open their contacts. And contacts of the relay (RY1) remains closed. Then the monitor switch contacts close.
 - b) When the door is closed from the open position, the monitor switch contacts open first. Then the contacts of the primary interlock switch and door sensing switch close. And contacts of the relay (RY1) open.

If the primary interlock switch and secondary interlock relay (RY2) fail with the contacts closed when the door is opened, the closing of the monitor switch contacts will form a short circuit through the monitor fuse, primary interlock switch, relay (RY1) and secondary interlock relay (RY2), causing the monitor fuse to blow.

3. POWER LEVEL P-0 TO P-90 COOKING

When Variable Cooking Power is programmed, the 120 volts A.C. is supplied to the power transformer intermittently through the contacts of relay (RY-2) which is operated by the control unit within a 32 second time base. Microwave power operation is as follows:

VARI-MODE	ON TIME	OFF TIME
P-HI (100% power)	32 sec.	0 sec.
P-90 (approx. 90% power)	30 sec.	2 sec.
P-80 (approx. 80% power)	26 sec.	6 sec.
P-70 (approx. 70% power)	24 sec.	8 sec.
P-60 (approx. 60% power)	22 sec.	10 sec.
P-50 (approx. 50% power)	18 sec.	14 sec.
P-40 (approx. 40% power)	16 sec.	16 sec.
P-30 (approx. 30% power)	12 sec.	20 sec.
P-20 (approx. 20% power)	8 sec.	24 sec.
P-10 (approx. 10% power)	6 sec.	26 sec.
P-0 (0% power)	0 sec.	32 sec.

NOTE: The ON/OFF time ratio does not correspond with the percentage of microwave power, because approx. 3 seconds are needed for heating of the magnetron filament.

[2] OVEN SCHEMATIC

1. Off Condition

SCHEMATIC	
NOTE: CONDITION OF OVEN	
1. DOOR CLOSED	
2. CLOCK APPEARS ON DISPLAY	

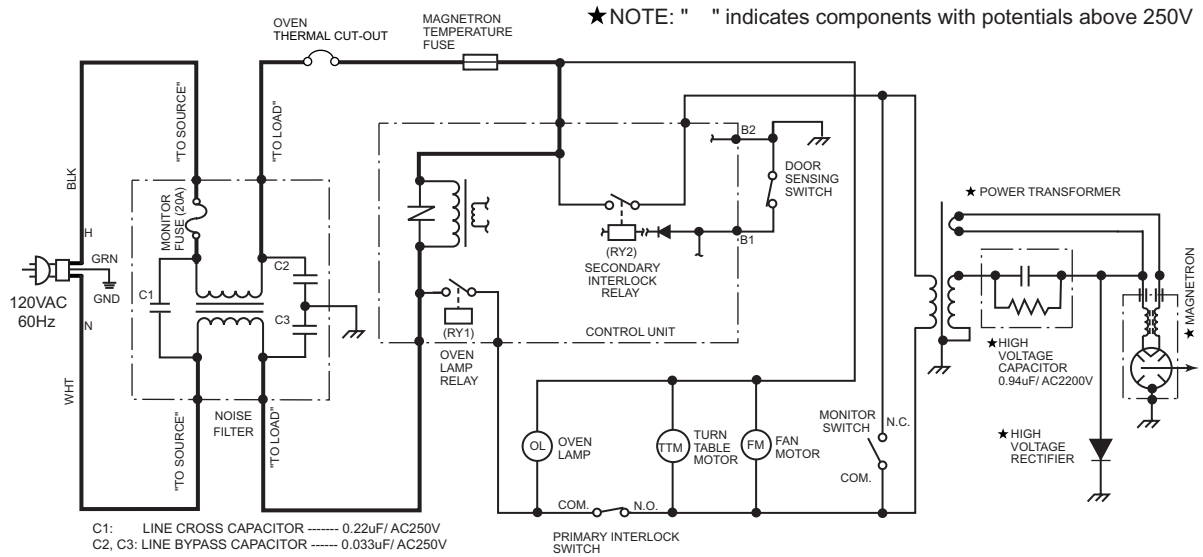


Figure O-1. Oven Schematic-Off Condition

2. Cooking Condition

SCHEMATIC	
NOTE: CONDITION OF OVEN	
1. DOOR CLOSED.	
2. COOKING TIME PROGRAMMED.	
3. VARIABLE COOKING CONTROL "P-HI".	
4. START PAD TOUCHED.	

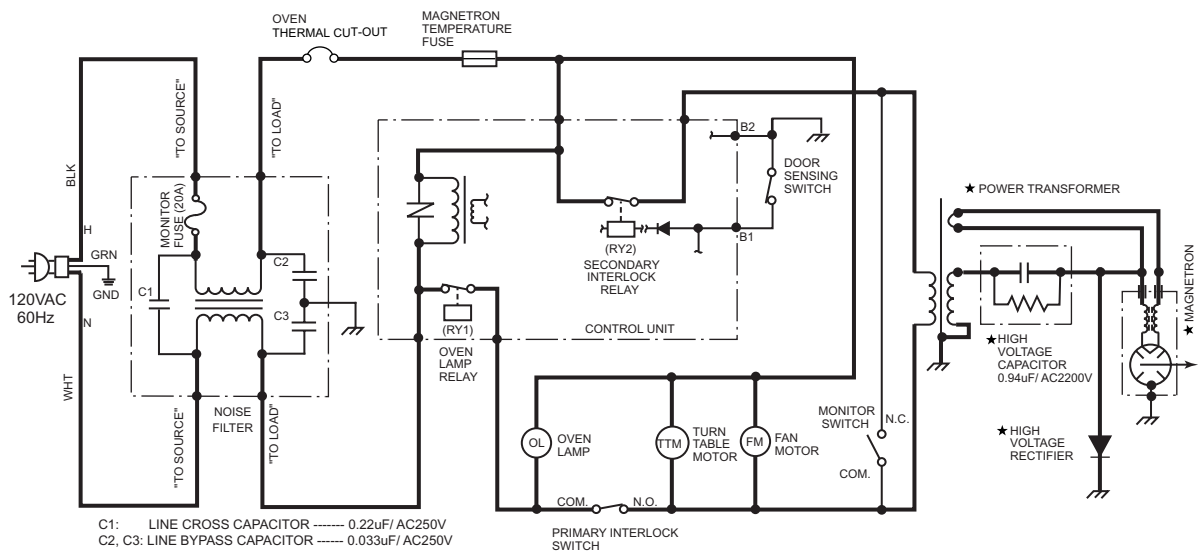


Figure O-2. Oven Schematic-Cooking Condition

[3] DESCRIPTION AND FUNCTION OF COMPONENTS

1. DOOR OPEN MECHANISM

The door is opened by pushing the open button on the control panel, refer to the Figure D-1. When the open button is pushed, the open button pushes up the switch lever, and then the switch lever pushes up the latch head. The latch heads are moved upward and released from latch hook. Now the door will open.

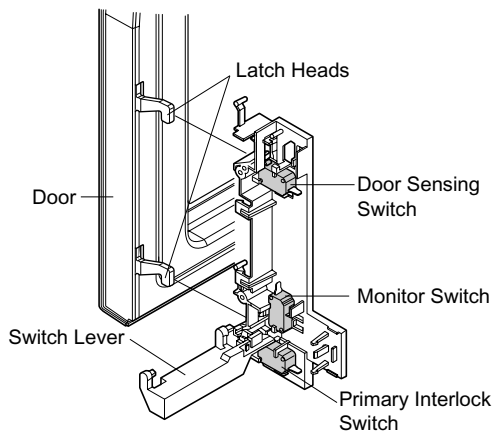


Figure D-1. Door Open Mechanism.

2. DOOR SENSING AND PRIMARY INTERLOCK SWITCHES

The primary interlock switch is mounted in the lower position of the latch hook and the door sensing switch in the secondary interlock system is mounted in the upper position of the latch hook. They are activated by the latch heads on the door. When the door is opened, the switches interrupt the power to all high voltage components. A cook cycle cannot take place until the door is firmly closed there by activating both interlock switches. The secondary interlock system consists of the door sensing switch and secondary interlock relay located on the control circuit board.

3. MONITOR SWITCH

The monitor switch is activated (the contacts opened) by the latch head on the door while the door is closed. The switch is intended to render the oven inoperative, by means of blowing the monitor fuse, when the contacts of the secondary interlock relay (RY2) and primary interlock switch fail to open when the door is opened.

Functions:

- 1) When the door is opened, the monitor switch contact close (to the ON condition) due to their being normally closed. At this time the secondary interlock relay (RY2) and primary interlock switch are in the OFF condition (contacts open) due to their being normally open contact switches.
- 2) As the door goes to a closed position, the monitor switch contacts are first opened and then the door sensing switch and the primary interlock switch contacts close. (On opening the door, each of these switches operate inversely.)
- 3) If the door is opened, and the secondary interlock relay (RY2) and primary interlock switch contacts fail to open, the monitor fuse blows simultaneously with closing of the monitor switch contacts.

CAUTION: BEFORE REPLACING A BLOWN MONITOR FUSE TEST THE DOOR SENSING SWITCH, SECONDARY INTERLOCK RELAY (RY2), RE-LAY (RY1), PRIMARY INTERLOCK SWITCH AND MONITOR SWITCH FOR PROPER OPERATION. (REFER TO CHAPTER "TEST PROCEDURE").

NOTE: MONITOR FUSE AND MONITOR SWITCH ARE REPLACED AS AN ASSEMBLY.

4. TURNTABLE MOTOR

The turntable motor rotates the turntable located on the bottom of the oven cavity, so that the foods on the turntable cook evenly during cooking. The turntable may turn in either direction.

5. COOLING FAN MOTOR

The cooling fan motor drives a blade which draws external cool air. This cool air is directed through the air vanes surrounding the magnetron and cools the magnetron. This air is channeled through the oven cavity to remove steam and vapors given off from the heating foods. It is then exhausted through the exhausting air vents at the oven cavity.

6. OVEN THERMAL CUT-OUT

The thermal cut-out, located on the top of the oven cavity, is designed to prevent damage to the oven by fire. If the food load is overcooked, by either error in cook time or defect in the control unit, the thermal cut-out will open. Under normal operation, the oven thermal cut-out remains closed. However, when abnormally high temperatures are reached within the oven cavity, the oven thermal cut-out will open at 293°F(145°C), causing the oven to shut down.

7. MAGNETRON TEMPERATURE FUSE

The magnetron temperature fuse located near the magnetron is designed to prevent damage to the magnetron if an over heated condition develops in the tube due to cooling fan failure, obstructed air guide, dirty or blocked air intake, etc. Under normal operation, the magnetron temperature fuse remains closed. However, when abnormally high temperatures are reached within the magnetron, the magnetron temperature fuse will open at 302°F(150°C) causing the oven to shut down.

NOTE: This is a fuse. It does not reset.

8. MONITOR FUSE

- 1) The monitor fuse blows when the contacts (COM-NO) of the primary interlock relay (RY2) and secondary interlock switch remain closed with the oven door open and when the monitor switch closes.
- 2) If the wire harness or electrical components are short-circuited, this monitor fuse blows to prevent an electric shock or fire hazard.

9. NOISE FILER

The noise filter prevents the radio frequency interference that might flow back in the power circuit.

CHAPTER 7. TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

Never touch any part in the circuit with your hand or an uninsulated tool while the power supply is connected.

When troubleshooting the microwave oven, it is helpful to follow the Sequence of Operation in performing the checks. Many of the possible causes of trouble will require that a specific test be performed. These tests are given a procedure letter which will be found in the "Test Procedure" section.

IMPORTANT:

If the oven becomes inoperative because of a blown monitor fuse, check the monitor switch, relay (RY1) secondary interlock relay (RY2), door sensing switch and primary interlock switch before replacing the monitor fuse. If the monitor fuse is replaced, the monitor switch must also be replaced. Use part FFS-BA033WRKZ or FFS-BA037WRKZ as an assembly.

IMPORTANT:

Whenever troubleshooting is performed with the power supply cord disconnected. It may in, some cases, be necessary to connect the power supply cord after the outer case has been removed, in this event,

- 1) Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outer case.
- 2) Open the door and block it open.

- 3) Discharge high voltage capacitor.
- 4) Disconnect the leads to the primary of the power transformer.
- 5) Ensure that the leads remain isolated from other components and oven chassis by using insulation tape.
- 6) After that procedure, reconnect the power supply cord.

When the testing is completed,

- 1) Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outer case.
- 2) Open the door and block it open.
- 3) Discharge high voltage capacitor.
- 4) Reconnect the leads to the primary of the power transformer.
- 5) Reinstall the outer case (cabinet).
- 6) Reconnect the power supply cord after the outer case is installed.
- 7) Run the oven and check all functions.

[1] TROUBLESHOOTING CHART

RE: Replace / CK: Check

TEST PROCEDURE		RE	CK	A	B	C	D	E	F	F	G	H	RE	RE	RE	I	J	CK	CK	CK	K	L	M	N		
POSSIBLE CASE AND DEFECTIVE PARTS		SHORT IN POWER CORD	SHORT OR OPENED WIRING	MAGNETRON	POWER TRANSFORMER	H.V. RECTIFIER ASSEMBLY	HIGH VOLTAGE CAPACITOR	OVEN THERMAL CUT-OUT	MAGNETRON TEMPERATURE FUSE	SECONDARY INTERLOCK SYSTEM	PRIMARY INTERLOCK SWITCH	MONITOR SWITCH	MONITOR FUSE	OVEN LAMP	COOLING FAN MOTOR	TURNTABLE MOTOR	NOISE FILTER	TOUCH CONTROL PANEL	WRONG OPERATION	LOW VOLTAGE	DIRTY OVEN CAVITY	KEY UNIT (MEMBRANE SWITCH)	RELAY (RY1)	DEFROST	FOIL PATTERN ON PWB	
CONDITION	PROBLEM																									
OFF CONDITION	Home fuse or circuit breaker blows when power cord is plugged into wall receptacle	○	○																							
	Monitor fuse blows when power cord is plugged into wall receptacle.		○							○	○					○	○									
	All letters and indicators do not appear in display when power cord is first plugged into wall outlet.		○					○				○					○	○							○	
	Display does not operate properly when STOP/CLEAR pad is touched. (Buzzer should sound and " : " or time of day should appear in display.)		○								○							○				○				
	Oven lamp does not light when door is opened.		○					○		○			○	○			○	○						○		
COOKING CONDITION	Oven lamp does not go out when door is closed.		○							○													○			
	Oven lamp lights but fan motor and turntable motor do not operate.		○								○			○	○											
	Oven does not go into cook cycle when START pad is touched		○							○	○							○	○			○	○			
	Oven seems to be operating but little or no heat is produced in oven load. (Food incompletely cooked or not cooked at all at end of cook cycle.)		○	○	○	○	○		○	○								○		○						
	Oven goes into a cook cycle but extremely uneven heating is produced in oven load (food).															○			○	○	○					
	Oven does not cook properly when programmed for Cooking Power P-50 mode. (Operates properly on Cooking Power P-HI (HIGH) mode.)											○														
	Oven goes into DEFROST but food is not defrosted well.																	○	○						○	

CHAPTER 8. TEST PROCEDURES

[1] A: MAGNETRON ASSEMBLY TEST

1. Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outer case.
2. Open the door and block it open.
3. Discharge high voltage capacitor.
4. To test for an open filament, isolate the magnetron from the high voltage circuit. A continuity check across the magnetron filament leads should indicate less than 1 ohm.
5. To test for a shorted magnetron, connect the ohmmeter leads between the magnetron filament leads and chassis ground. This test should indicate an infinite resistance. If there is little or no resistance the magnetron is grounded and must be replaced.
6. Reconnect all leads removed from components during testing.
7. Reinstall the outer case (cabinet).
8. Reconnect the power supply cord after the outer case is installed.
9. Run the oven and check all functions.

1. MICROWAVE OUTPUT POWER

The following test procedure should be carried out with the microwave oven in a fully assembled condition (outer case fitted).

HIGH VOLTAGES ARE PRESENT DURING THE COOK CYCLE, SO EXTREME CAUTION SHOULD BE OBSERVED.

Power output of the magnetron can be measured by performing a water temperature rise test. This test should only be used if above tests do not indicate a faulty magnetron and there is no defect in the following components or wiring: silicon rectifier, high voltage capacitor and power transformer. This test will require a 16 ounce (453cc) measuring cup and an accurate mercury thermometer or thermocouple type temperature tester. For accurate results, the following procedure must be followed carefully:

1. Fill the measuring cup with 16 oz. (453cc) of tap water and measure the temperature of the water with a thermometer or thermocouple temperature tester. Stir the thermometer or thermocouple through the water until the temperature stabilizes. Record the temperature of the water.
2. Place the cup of water in the oven. Operate oven at POWER 10 (HIGH) selecting more than 60 seconds cook time. Allow the water to heat for 60 seconds, measuring with a stop watch, second hand of a watch or the digital read-out countdown.
3. Remove the cup from the oven and again measure the temperature, making sure to stir the thermometer or thermocouple through the water until the maximum temperature is recorded.
4. Subtract the cold water temperature from the hot water temperature. The normal result should be 34.8 to 64.6°F(19.3 to 35.9°C) rise in temperature. If the water temperatures are accurately measured and tested for the required time period the test results will indicate if the magnetron tube has low power output (low rise in water temperature) which would extend cooking time or high power output (high rise in water temperature) which would reduce cooking time. Because cooking time can be adjusted to compensate for power output, the magnetron tube assembly should be replaced only if the water temperature rise test indicates a power output well beyond the normal limits. The test is only accurate if the power supply line voltage is 120 volts and the oven cavity is clean.

[2] B: POWER TRANSFORMER TEST

1. Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outer case.
2. Open the door and block it open.
3. Discharge high voltage capacitor.
4. Disconnect the primary input terminals and measure the resistance of the transformer with an ohmmeter. Check for continuity of the coils with an ohmmeter. On the R x 1 scale, the resistance of the primary coil should be less than 1 ohm and the resistance of the high voltage coil should be approximately 159 ohms (RTRN-A746WRZZ) or approximately 150 ohms (RTRN-A745WRZZ); the resistance of the filament coil should be less than 1 ohm.
5. Reconnect all leads removed from components during testing.
6. Reinstall the outer case (cabinet).
7. Reconnect the power supply cord after the outer case is installed.
8. Run the oven and check all functions.

(HIGH VOLTAGES ARE PRESENT AT THE HIGH VOLTAGE TERMINAL, SO DO NOT ATTEMPT TO MEASURE THE FILAMENT AND HIGH VOLTAGE.)

[3] C: HIGH VOLTAGE RECTIFIER TEST

1. Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outer case.
2. Open the door and block it open.
3. Discharge high voltage capacitor.
4. Isolate the rectifier from the circuit. Using the highest ohm scale of the meter, read the resistance across the terminals and observe, reverse the leads to the rectifier terminals and observe meter reading. If a short is indicated in both directions, or if an infinite resistance is read in both directions, the rectifier is probably defective and should be replaced.

5. Reconnect all leads removed from components during testing.
6. Reinstall the outer case (cabinet).
7. Reconnect the power supply cord after the outer case is installed.
8. Run the oven and check all functions.

NOTE: Be sure to use an ohmmeter that will supply a forward bias voltage of more than 6.3 volts.

[4] D: HIGH VOLTAGE CAPACITOR TEST

1. Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outer case.
2. Open the door and block it open.
3. Discharge high voltage capacitor.
4. If the capacitor is open, no high voltage will be available to the magnetron. Disconnect input leads and check for short or open between the terminals using an ohmmeter.

Checking with a high ohm scale, if the high voltage capacitor is normal, the meter will indicate continuity for a short time and should indicate an open circuit once the capacitor is charged. If the above is not the case, check the capacitor with an ohmmeter to see if it is shorted between either of the terminals and case. If it is shorted, replace the capacitor.

5. Reconnect all leads removed from components during testing.
6. Reinstall the outer case (cabinet).
7. Reconnect the power supply cord after the outer case is installed.
8. Run the oven and check all functions.

[5] E: TEMPERATURE FUSE OR THERMAL CUT-OUT TEST

1. Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outer case.
2. Open the door and block it open.
3. Discharge high voltage capacitor.
4. Check a continuity across the temperature fuse or thermal cut-out terminals in the table below.

Table: Temperature Fuse and Thermal Cut-out Test

Parts Name	Temperature of "ON" condition (closed circuit).	Temperature of "OFF" condition (open circuit).	Indication of ohmmeter (When room temperature is approx. 20°C.)
Temperature fuse 150°C	This is not resetable type.	Above 150°C (302°F)	Closed circuit
Thermal cut-out 145°C	This is not resetable type.	Above 145°C (293°F)	Closed circuit

5. An open temperature fuse (Magnetron) indicates overheating of the magnetron. Check for restricted air flow to the magnetron, especially the cooling fan and air guide.

An open thermal cut-out (Oven) indicates overheating of the oven, exchange the thermal cut-out and check inside of oven cavity and for improper setting of cooking time or operation of control unit. Check for restricted air flow through the vent holes of the oven cavity, especially the cooling fan and air guide.

6. Reconnect all leads removed from components during testing.
7. Reinstall the outer case (Cabinet).
8. Reconnect the power supply cord after the outer case is installed.
9. Run the oven and check all functions.

CAUTION: IF THE TEMPERATURE FUSE OR THERMAL CUT-OUT INDICATES AN OPEN CIRCUIT AT ROOM TEMPERATURE, REPLACE IT.

[6] F: PRIMARY INTERLOCK SWITCH TEST

1. Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outer case.
2. Open the door and block it open.
3. Discharge high voltage capacitor.
4. Isolate the switch and connect the ohmmeter to the common (COM.) and normally open (NO) terminal of the switch. The meter should indicate an open circuit with the door open and a closed circuit with the door closed. If improper operation is indicated, replace the primary interlock switch.
5. Reconnect all leads removed from components during testing.
6. Reinstall the outer case (cabinet).
7. Reconnect the power supply cord after the outer case is installed.
8. Run the oven and check all functions.

[7] F: SECONDARY INTERLOCK SYSTEM TEST

1. DOOR SENSING SWITCH

1. Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outer case.
2. Open the door and block it open.
3. Discharge high voltage capacitor.
4. Isolate the switch and connect the ohmmeter to the common (COM.) and normally open (NO) terminal of the switch. The meter should indicate an open circuit with the door open and a closed circuit with the door closed. If improper operation is indicated, replace the door sensing switch.
5. Reconnect all leads removed from components during testing.
6. Reinstall the outer case (cabinet).
7. Reconnect the power supply cord after the outer case is installed.
8. Run the oven and check all functions.

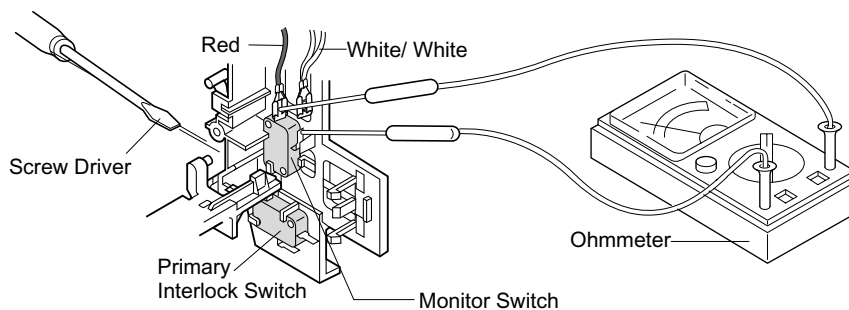
NOTE: If the door sensing switch contacts fail in the open position and the door is closed, the cooling fan, turntable and oven light will be activated by RY1.

2. SECONDARY INTERLOCK RELAY (RY2)

1. Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outer case.
2. Open the door and block it open.
3. Discharge high voltage capacitor.
4. Disconnect two (2) wire leads from the male tab terminals of the Secondary Interlock Relay. Check the state of the relay contacts using a ohmmeter. The relay contacts should be open. If the relay contacts are closed, replace the circuit board entirely or the relay itself.
5. Reconnect all leads removed from components during testing.
6. Reinstall the outer case (cabinet).
7. Reconnect the power supply cord after the outer case is installed.
8. Run the oven and check all functions.

[8] G: MONITOR SWITCH TEST

1. Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outer case.
2. Open the door and block it open.
3. Discharge high voltage capacitor.
4. Before performing this test, make sure that the primary interlock switch and the secondary interlock relay are operating properly, according to the above Switch Test Procedure. Disconnect the wire lead from the monitor switch (COM) terminal. Check the monitor switch operation by using the ohmmeter as follows. When the door is open, the meter should indicate a closed circuit. When the monitor switch actuator is pushed by a screw driver through the lower latch hole on the front plate of the oven cavity with the door opened (in this condition the plunger of the monitor switch is pushed in), the meter should indicate an open circuit. If improper operation is indicated, the switch may be defective. After testing the monitor switch, reconnect the wire lead to the monitor switch (COM) terminal and check the continuity of the monitor circuit.
5. Reconnect all leads removed from components during testing.
6. Reinstall the outer case (cabinet).
7. Reconnect the power supply cord after the outer case is installed.
8. Run the oven and check all functions.



[9] H: BLOWN MONITOR FUSE TEST

1. Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outer case.
2. Open the door and block it open.
3. Discharge high voltage capacitor.
4. If the monitor fuse is blown when the door is opened, check the primary interlock switch, secondary interlock relay (RY2), relay (RY1) and monitor switch according to the "TEST PROCEDURE" for those switches before replacing the blown monitor fuse.

CAUTION: BEFORE REPLACING A BLOWN MONITOR FUSE, TEST THE PRIMARY INTERLOCK SWITCH, SECONDARY INTERLOCK RELAY, DOOR SENSING SWITCH AND MONITOR SWITCH FOR PROPER OPERATION.

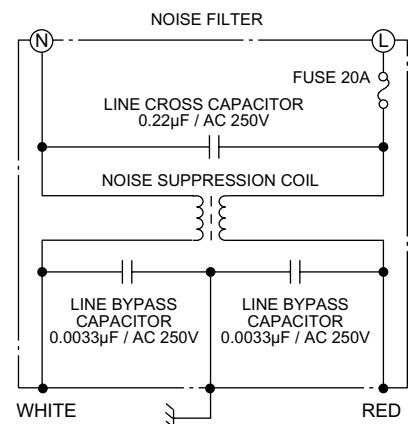
If the monitor fuse is blown by improper switch operation, the monitor fuse and monitor switch must be replaced with "monitor fuse and monitor switch assembly" part number FFS-BA033WRKZ or FFS-BA037WRKZ, even if the monitor switch operates normally. The monitor fuse and monitor switch assembly is comprised of a 20 ampere fuse and switch.

5. Reconnect all leads removed from components during testing.
6. Reinstall the outer case (cabinet).
7. Reconnect the power supply cord after the outer case is installed.
8. Run the oven and check all functions.

[10] I: NOISE FILTER TEST

1. Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outer case.
2. Open the door and block it open.
3. Discharge high voltage capacitor.
4. Disconnect the lead wires from the terminal the noise filter. Using an ohmmeter, check between the terminals as described in the following table. If incorrect readings are obtained, replace the noise filter.
5. Reconnect all leads removed from components during testing.
6. Reinstall the outer case (cabinet).
7. Reconnect the power supply cord after the outer case is installed.
8. Run the oven and check all functions.

MEASURING POINT	INDICATION OF OHMMETER
Between N and L	Open circuit.
Between terminal N and WHITE	Short circuit.
Between terminal L and RED	Short circuit.



[11] J: TOUCH CONTROL PANEL ASSEMBLY TEST

The touch control panel consists of circuits including semiconductors such as LSI, ICs, etc. Therefore, unlike conventional microwave ovens, proper maintenance cannot be performed with only a voltmeter and ohmmeter.

In this service manual, the touch control panel assembly is divided into two units, Control Unit and Key Unit, and also the Control Unit is divided into two units, CPU Unit and Power Unit, and troubleshooting by unit replacement is described according to the symptoms indicated.

Before testing,

- 1) Disconnect the power supply cord and then remove outer case.
- 2) Open the door and block it open.
- 3) Discharge high voltage capacitor.
- 4) Disconnect the leads to the primary of the power transformer.
- 5) Ensure that these leads remain isolated from other components and oven chassis by using insulation tape.

1. Key Unit

- 1) Reinstall the outer case (cabinet).
- 2) Reconnect the power supply cord after the outer case is installed.
- 3) Run the oven and check all functions.

The following symptoms indicate a defective key unit.

- a) When touching the pads, a certain pad produces no signal at all.
- b) When touching a number pad, two figures or more are displayed.
- c) When touching the pads, sometimes a pad produces no signal.

2. Control Unit.

The following symptoms indicate a defective control unit.

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- 1) In connection with pads.
 - a) When touching the pads, a certain group of pads do not produce a signal.
 - b) When touching the pads, no pads produce a signal.
- 2) In connection with indicators
 - a) At a certain digit, all or some segments do not light up.
 - b) At a certain digit, brightness is low.
 - c) Only one indicator does not light.
 - d) The corresponding segments of all digits do not light up; or they continue to light up.
 - e) Wrong figure appears.
 - f) A certain group of indicators do not light up.
 - g) The figure of all digits flicker.
- 3) Other possible problems caused by defective control unit.
 - a) Buzzer does not sound or continues to sound.
 - b) Clock does not operate properly.
 - c) Cooking is not possible.

3. If the Key unit or the Control unit is defective.

- 1) Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outer case.
- 2) Open the door and block it open.
- 3) Discharge high voltage capacitor.
- 4) Replace the Control unit assembly.
- 5) Reconnect all leads removed from components during testing.
- 6) Reinstall the outer case (cabinet).
- 7) Reconnect the power supply cord after the outer case is installed.
- 8) Run the oven and check all functions.

4. When testing is completed,

- 1) Disconnect the power supply cord and then remove outer case.
- 2) Open the door and block it open.
- 3) Discharge high voltage capacitor.
- 4) Reconnect all leads removed from components during testing.
- 5) Reinstall the outer case (cabinet).
- 6) Reconnect the power supply cord after the outer case is installed.
- 7) Run the oven and check all functions.

[12] K: KEY UNIT TEST

If the display fails to clear when the STOP/CLEAR pad is depressed, first verify the flat ribbon cable is making good contact, verify that the door sensing switch (stop switch) operates properly; that is the contacts are closed when the door is closed and open when the door is open. If the door sensing switch (stop switch) is good, disconnect the flat ribbon cable that connects the key unit to the control unit and make sure the door sensing switch is closed (either close the door or short the door sensing switch connector). Use the key unit matrix indicated on the control panel schematic and place a jumper wire between the pins that correspond to the STOP/CLEAR pad making momentary contact. If the control unit responds by clearing with a beep the key unit is faulty and must be replaced. If the control unit does not respond, it is faulty and must be replaced. If a specific pad does not respond, the above method may be used (after clearing the control unit) to determine if the control unit or keypad is at fault.

	G8	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1
G9				REHEAT	2	START	WARM	
G10				1	5	TIMER CLOCK	9	
G11	DEFROST			4	8	STOP CLEAR	3	MINUTE PLUS
G12	SOFTEN	MELT	COOK	7	0	POWER LEVEL	6	POPCORN
G13	NC							

[13] L: RELAY TEST

1. Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outer case.
2. Open the door and block it open.

3. Discharge high voltage capacitor.
4. Disconnect the leads to the primary of the power transformer.
5. Ensure that these leads remain isolated from other components and oven chassis by using insulation tape.
6. After that procedure, re-connect the power supply cord.
7. Remove the outer case and check voltage between the cabinet side terminal of the relay RY1 and the lower side terminal of the relay RY2 on the control unit with an A.C. voltmeter.

The meter should indicate 120 volts, if not check oven circuit.

RY1 and RY2 Relay Test

These relays are operated by D.C. voltage

Check voltage at the relay coil with a D.C. voltmeter during the microwave cooking operation.

DC. voltage indicated Defective relay.

DC. voltage not indicated Check diode which is connected to the relay coil. If diode is good, control unit is defective.

RELAY SYMBOL	OPERATIONAL VOLTAGE	CONNECTED COMPONENTS
RY1	Approx. 12.0V D.C.	Oven lamp / Turntable motor / Cooling fan motor
RY2	Approx. 12.0V D.C.	Power transformer

8. Disconnect the power supply cord and then remove outer case.
9. Open the door and block it open.
10. Discharge high voltage capacitor.
11. Reconnect all leads removed from components during testing.
12. Reinstall the outer case (cabinet).
13. Reconnect the power supply cord after the outer case is installed.
14. Run the oven and check all functions.

[14] M: DEFROST TEST

WARNING: The oven should be fully assembled before following procedure.

1. Open the door.
2. Place one cup of water in the center of the turntable tray in the oven cavity.
3. Close the door, touch the "DEFROST" pad once.
4. Press "2", then press "5".
5. Touch the "START " pad.
6. The oven is in Defrost cooking condition.
7. The oven will operate as follows.

MENU	1ST STAGE		2ND STAGE		3RD STAGE	
	LEVEL	TIME	LEVEL	TIME	LEVEL	TIME
Steaks/Chops 0.5lb	60%	20sec.	40%	20sec.	30%	45sec.

8. If improper operation is indicated, the control unit is probably defective and should be checked.

[15] N: FOIL PATTERN ON THE PRINTED WIRING BOARD TEST

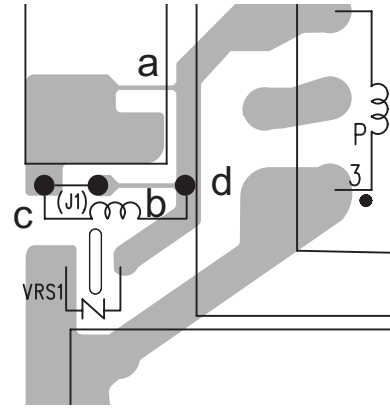
To protect the electronic circuits, this model is provided with a fine foil pattern added to the primary on the PWB, this foil pattern acts as a fuse.

1. Foil pattern check and repairs.
 - 1) Disconnect the power supply cord and then remove outer case.
 - 2) Open the door and block it open.
 - 3) Discharge high voltage capacitor.
 - 4) Follow the troubleshooting guide given below for repair.

STEPS	OCCURRENCE	CAUSE OR CORRECTION
1	Only pattern at "a" is broken.	*Insert jumper wire J1 and solder.
2	Pattern at "a" and "b" are broken.	Replace the control unit.

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- 5) Make a visual inspection of the varistor. Check for burned damage and examine the transformer with a tester for the presence of layer short-circuit (check the primary coil resistance which is approximately $563\Omega \pm 10\%$). If any abnormal condition is detected, replace the control unit.
 - 6) Reconnect all leads removed from components during testing.
 - 7) Reinstall the outer case (cabinet).
 - 8) Reconnect the power supply cord after the outer case is installed.
 - 9) Run the oven and check all functions.
2. Follow the troubleshooting guide given below, if indicator does not light up after above check and repairs are finished.
 - 1) Disconnect the power supply cord and then remove outer case.
 - 2) Open the door and block it open.
 - 3) Discharge high voltage capacitor.
 - 4) Disconnect the leads to the primary of the power transformer.
 - 5) Ensure that these leads remain isolated from other components and oven chassis by using insulation tape.
 - 6) After that procedure, reconnect the power supply cord.
 - 7) Follow the troubleshooting guide given below for repair.



STEPS	OCCURRENCE	CAUSE OR CORRECTION
1	The rated AC voltage is not present between the cabinet side terminal of the relay RY1 and the lower side terminal of the relay RY2.	Check supply voltage and oven power cord.
2	The rated AC voltage is present at primary side of low voltage transformer.	Low voltage transformer or secondary circuit defective. Check and replace control unit.

- 8) Disconnect the power supply cord and then remove outer case.
- 9) Open the door and block it open.
- 10) Discharge high voltage capacitor.
- 11) Reconnect all leads removed from components during testing.
- 12) Reinstall the outer case (cabinet).
- 13) Reconnect the power supply cord after the outer case is installed.
- 14) Run the oven and check all functions.

CHAPTER 9. TOUCH CONTROL PANEL ASSEMBLY

[1] OUTLINE OF TOUCH CONTROL PANEL

The touch control section consists of the following units.

- (1) Key Unit
- (2) Control Unit (The Control Unit consists of Power Unit and LSI Unit).

The principal functions of these units and their related signals are explained below.

1. Key Unit

The key unit is composed of a matrix, signals generated in the LSI are sent to the key unit through P20-P27.

When a key pad is touched, a signal is completed through the key unit and passed back to the LSI through P70, P71, P41 and P45 to perform the function that was requested.

2. Control Unit

Control unit consists of LSI, reset circuit, indicator circuit, power source circuit, relay circuit, buzzer circuit, synchronizing signal circuit and back light circuit.

1) Reset Circuit

This circuit generates a signal which resets the LSI to the initial state when power is supplied.

2) Indicator Circuit

This circuit consists of 17 segments and 4 common electrodes using a Liquid Crystal Display.

3) Power Source Circuit

This circuit generates voltage necessary in the control unit from the AC line voltage.

In addition, the synchronizing signal is available in order to compose a basic standard time in the clock circuit.

Symbol	Voltage	Application
VSS	-5V	LSI(IC1)

4) Relay Circuit

A circuit to drive the magnetron, fan motor, turntable motor and light the oven lamp.

5) Buzzer Circuit

The buzzer is responsive to signals from the LSI to emit audible sounds (key touch sound and completion sound).

6) Synchronizing Signal Circuit

The power source synchronizing signal is available in order to compose a basic standard time in the clock circuit. It accompanies a very small error because it works on commercial frequency.

7) Door Sensing Switch

A switch to "tell" the LSI if the door is open or closed.

8) Back Light Circuit

A circuit to drive the back light (Light emitting diodes LD1- LD4).

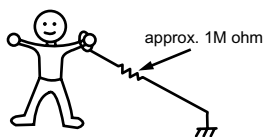
[2] SERVICING FOR TOUCH CONTROL PANEL

1. Precautions for Handling Electronic Components

This unit uses CMOS LSI in the integral part of the circuits. When handling these parts, the following precautions should be strictly followed. CMOS LSI have extremely high impedance at its input and output terminals. For this reason, it is easily influenced by the surrounding high voltage power source, static electricity charge in clothes, etc., and sometimes it is not fully protected by the built-in protection circuit.

In order to protect CMOS LSI.

- 1) When storing and transporting, thoroughly wrap them in aluminium foil. Also wrap PW boards containing them in aluminium foil.
- 2) When soldering, ground the technician as shown in the figure and use grounded soldering iron and work table.



2. Servicing of Touch Control Panel

We describe the procedures to permit servicing of the touch control panel of the microwave oven and the precautions you must take when doing so. To perform the servicing, power to the touch control panel is available either from the power line of the oven itself or from an external power source.

1. Servicing the touch control panel with power supply of the oven:

CAUTION: THE HIGH VOLTAGE TRANSFORMER OF THE MICROWAVE OVEN IS STILL LIVE DURING SERVICING AND PRESENTS A HAZARD.

Therefore, before checking the performance of the touch control panel,

- 1) Disconnect the power supply cord and then remove outer case.

- 2) Open the door and block it open.
 - 3) Discharge high voltage capacitor.
 - 4) Disconnect the leads to the primary of the power transformer.
 - 5) Ensure that these leads remain isolated from other components and oven chassis by using insulation tape.
 - 6) After that procedure, re-connect the power supply cord.
- After checking the performance of the touch control panel,
- 1) Disconnect the power supply cord.
 - 2) Open the door and block it open.
 - 3) Re-connect the leads to the primary of the power transformer.
 - 4) Re-install the outer case (cabinet).
 - 5) Re-connect the power supply cord after the outer case is installed.
 - 6) Run the oven and check all functions.
 - a) On some models, the power supply cord between the touch control panel and the oven itself is so short that the two can't be separated. For those models, check and repair all the controls (sensor-related ones included) of the touch control panel while keeping it connected to the oven.
 - b) On some models, the power supply cord between the touch control panel and the oven proper is so long enough that they may be separated from each other. For those models, therefore, it is possible to check and repair the controls of the touch control panel while keeping it apart from the oven proper; in this case you must short both ends of the door sensing switch (on PWB) of the touch control panel with a jumper, which brings about an operational state that is equivalent to the oven door being closed. As for the sensor-related controls of the touch control panel, checking them is possible if the dummy resistor(s) with resistance equal to that of the controls are used.

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2. Servicing the touch control panel with power supply from an external power source:

Disconnect the touch control panel completely from the oven proper, and short both ends of the door sensing switch (on PWB) of the touch control panel, which brings about an operational state that is equivalent to the oven door being closed. Connect an external power source to the power input terminal of the touch control panel, then it is possible to check and repair the controls of the touch control panel; it is also possible to check the sensor-related controls of the touch control panel by using the dummy resistor(s).

3. Servicing Tools

Tools required to service the touch control panel assembly.

- 1) Soldering iron: 60W
(It is recommended to use a soldering iron with a grounding terminal.)
- 2) Oscilloscope: Single beam, frequency range: DC - 10MHz type or more advanced model.
- 3) Others: Hand tools

4. Other Precautions

- 1) Before turning on the power source of the control unit, remove the aluminium foil applied for preventing static electricity.
- 2) Connect the connector of the key unit to the control unit being sure that the lead wires are not twisted.
- 3) After aluminium foil is removed, be careful that abnormal voltage due to static electricity etc. is not applied to the input or output terminals.
- 4) Attach connectors, electrolytic capacitors, etc. to PWB, making sure that all connections are tight.
- 5) Be sure to use specified components where high precision is required.

CHAPTER 10. PRECAUTIONS FOR USING LEAD-FREE SOLDER

[1] Employing lead-free solder

The "Main PWB" of this model employs lead-free solder. This is indicated by the "LF" symbol printed on the PWB and in the service manual. The suffix letter indicates the alloy type of the solder.

Example:



Indicates lead-free solder of tin, silver and copper

[2] Using lead-free wire solder

When repairing a PWB with the "LF" symbol, only lead-free solder should be used. (Using normal tin/lead alloy solder may result in cold soldered joints and damage to printed patterns.)

As the melting point of lead-free solder is approximately 40°C higher than tin/lead alloy solder, it is recommend that a dedicated bit is used, and that the iron temperature is adjusted accordingly.

[3] Soldering

As the melting point of lead-free solder (Sn-Ag-Cu) is higher and has poorer wettability, (flow), to prevent damage to the land of the PWB, extreme care should be taken not to leave the bit in contact with the PWB for an extended period of time. Remove the bit as soon as a good flow is achieved. The high content of tin in lead free solder will cause premature corrosion of the bit. To reduce wear on the bit, reduce the temperature or turn off the iron when it is not required.

Leaving different types of solder on the bit will cause contamination of the different alloys, which will alter their characteristics, making good soldering more difficult. It will be necessary to clean and replace bits more often when using lead-free solder. To reduce bit wear, care should be taken to clean the bit thoroughly after each use.

CHAPTER 11. COMPONENT REPLACEMENT AND ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE

[1] WARNINGS

WARNING AGAINST HIGH VOLTAGE:

Microwave ovens contain circuitry capable of producing very high voltage and current, contact with following parts may result in severe, possibly fatal, electric shock.

(Example)

High Voltage Capacitor, Power Transformer, Magnetron, High Voltage Rectifier Assembly, High Voltage Harness etc..

WARNING: Avoid possible exposure to microwave energy. Please follow the instructions below before operating the oven.

- | | |
|--|--|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Disconnect the power supply cord. 2. Make sure that a definite "click" can be heard when the microwave oven door is unlatched. (Hold the door in a closed position with one hand, then push the door open button with the other, this causes the latch leads to rise, it is then possible to hear a "click" as the door switches operate.) 3. Visually check the door and cavity face plate for damage (dents, cracks, signs of arcing etc.). | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. Door hinge, support or latch hook is damaged. 3. The door gasket or seal is damaged. 4. The door is bent or warped. 5. There are defective parts in the door interlock system. 6. There are defective parts in the microwave generating and transmission assembly. 7. There is visible damage to the oven. |
|--|--|

Carry out any remedial work that is necessary before operating the oven.

Do not operate the oven if any of the following conditions exist;

1. Door does not close firmly.

Do not operate the oven:

1. Without the RF gasket (Magnetron).
2. If the wave guide or oven cavity are not intact.
3. If the door is not closed.
4. If the outer case (cabinet) is not fitted.

WARNING FOR WIRING

To prevent an electric shock, take the following precautions.

- | | |
|---|--|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Before wiring, <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Disconnect the power supply cord. 2) Open the door block it open. 3) Wait for 60 seconds, then discharge the high voltage capacitor. 2. Do not let the wire leads touch to the following parts; <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) High voltage parts: Magnetron, High voltage transformer, High voltage capacitor and High voltage rectifier assembly. 2) Hot parts: Oven lamp, Magnetron, Power transformer and Oven cavity. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3) Sharp edge: Bottom plate, Oven cavity, Waveguide flange, Chassis support and other metallic plate. 4) Movable parts (to prevent a fault) Fan blade, Fan motor, Switch, Switch lever, Open button. 3. Do not catch the wire leads in the outer case cabinet. 4. Insert the positive lock connector until its pin is locked and make sure that the wire leads do not come off even if the wire leads are pulled. 5. To prevent an error function, connect the wire leads correctly, referring to the Pictorial Diagram. |
|---|--|

Please refer to "OVEN PARTS, CABINET PARTS, CONTROL PANEL PARTS, DOOR PARTS", when carrying out any of the following removal procedures:

[2] OUTER CASE REMOVAL

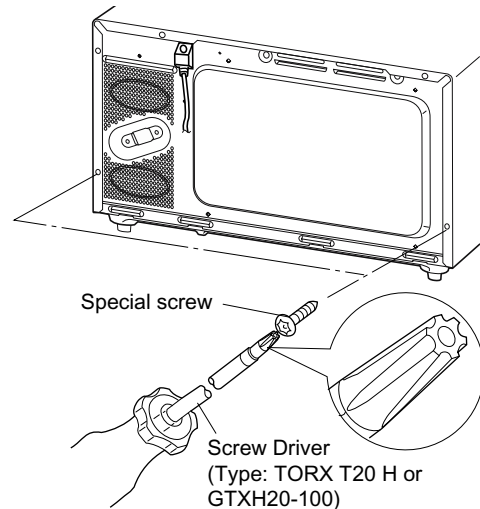
To remove the outer case, procedure as follows.

1. Disconnect the power supply cord.
2. Open the oven door and block it open.
3. Remove the two (2) screws from the lower portion of the rear cabinet using a T20H Torx type or GTXH20-100 screw driver.
4. Remove the remaining two (2) screws from rear.
5. Slide the entire outer case back out about 1 inch (3 cm) to free it from retaining clips on the cavity face plate.
6. Lift entire outer case from the unit.

CAUTION: DISCONNECT OVEN FROM POWER SUPPLY BEFORE REMOVING OUTER CASE.

DISCHARGE THE HIGH VOLTAGE CAPACITOR BEFORE TOUCHING ANY OVEN COMPONENTS OR WIRING.

NOTE: When replacing the outer case, the 2 special Torx screws must be reinstalled in the same locations.



[3] POWER TRANSFORMER REMOVAL

1. REMOVAL

1. Disconnect the power supply cord and remove outer case.
2. Open the oven door and block it open.
3. Discharge high voltage capacitor.
4. Disconnect wire leads (primary) from power transformer and the filament leads from the magnetron and capacitor terminals.
5. Disconnect high voltage lead of the power transformer from the high voltage capacitor.
6. Remove two (2) screws holding transformer to bottom plate.

7. Remove transformer from bottom plate.

2. REINSTALLATION

1. Rest transformer on the bottom plate with its primary terminals toward the oven face plate.
2. Secure transformer with two (2) screws to bottom plate.
3. Reconnect the wire leads (primary) to power transformer and filament leads of transformer to magnetron and high voltage capacitor. Reconnect the high voltage lead of the power transformer to the high voltage capacitor. Refer to "PICTORIAL DIAGRAM".
4. Reinstall outer case and check that oven is operating properly.

[4] HIGH VOLTAGE RECTIFIER AND HIGH VOLTAGE CAPACITOR REMOVAL

To remove the components, proceed as follows.

1. Disconnect the power supply cord and remove outer case.
2. Open the oven door and block it open.
3. Discharge high voltage capacitor.
4. Disconnect the high voltage wire of the power transformer from the high voltage capacitor.
5. Disconnect the high voltage wire of high voltage rectifier assembly from the magnetron.
6. Disconnect the filament lead (short one) of the power transformer from the high voltage capacitor.

7. Remove the one (1) screw holding capacitor holder with the high voltage rectifier to the base plate.
8. Disconnect rectifier terminal from capacitor. High voltage rectifier assembly is now free.
9. Remove capacitor holder. Capacitor is now free.

CAUTION: WHEN REPLACING HIGH VOLTAGE RECTIFIER AND HIGH VOLTAGE CAPACITOR, GROUND SIDE TERMINAL OF THE HIGH VOLTAGE RECTIFIER MUST BE SECURED FIRMLY WITH A GROUNDING SCREW.

[5] MAGNETRON REMOVAL

1. REMOVAL

1. Disconnect the power supply cord and then remove outer case.
2. Open the oven door and block it open.
3. Discharge high voltage capacitor.
4. Disconnect all wire leads from magnetron.
5. Remove the two (2) screws holding the chassis support to the magnetron and the oven cavity front flange.
6. Slide the magnetron duct slightly so that the two (2) screws at left hand side of the magnetron appear.
7. Carefully remove the four (4) screws holding magnetron to waveguide flange.

8. Remove magnetron with care so that magnetron antenna is not hit by any metal object around the antenna.
9. Now, the magnetron is free.

2. REINSTALLATION

1. Reinstall the magnetron to waveguide flange with care to prevent damage to the magnetron antenna.
2. Secure the magnetron with the four (4) screws.
3. Hold the chassis support to the oven cavity front plate and the magnetron with the two (2) screws.
4. Reconnect the wire leads to the magnetron. Refer to "PICTORIAL DIAGRAM".

5. Reinstall outer case and check that the oven is operating properly.

CAUTION: WHEN REPLACING MAGNETRON, BE SURE THE R.F. GASKET IS IN PLACE AND MOUNTING SCREWS ARE TIGHTENED SECURELY.

[6] OVEN LAMP REMOVAL

1. Disconnect the power supply cord and then remove outer case.
2. Open the oven door and block it open.
3. Discharge high voltage capacitor.
4. Disconnect the wire leads from the oven lamp.
5. Remove the one (1) screw holding the oven lamp to the magnetron duct.
6. Remove the oven lamp from the magnetron duct.

7. Now, the oven lamp is free.

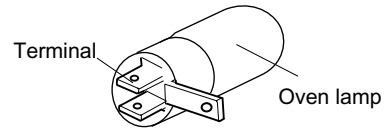


Figure C-1. Oven lamp

[7] POSITIVE LOCK CONNECTOR (NO-CASE TYPE) REMOVAL

1. Disconnect the power supply cord, and remove outer case.
2. Open the door and block it open.
3. Discharge high voltage capacitor.
4. Push the lever of positive lock® connector.
5. Pull down on the positive lock® connector.

CAUTION: WHEN CONNECTING THE POSITIVE LOCK® CONNECTORS TO THE TERMINALS, CONNECT THE POSITIVE LOCK® SO THAT THE LEVER FACES YOU.

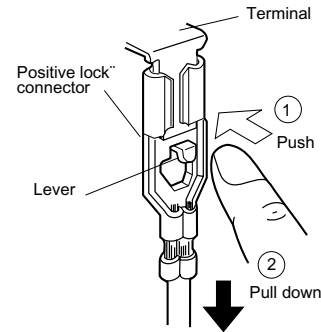


Figure C-2. Positive lock® connector

[8] TURNTABLE MOTOR REMOVAL

1. Disconnect the power supply cord.
2. Remove turntable and turntable support from oven cavity.
3. Lay the oven on it's backside. Remove the turntable motor cover by snipping off the material in four corners.
4. Where the corners have been snipped off bend corner areas flat. No sharp edges must be evident after removal of the turntable motor cover.

5. Disconnect wire leads from turntable motor. (See "Positive lock® connector removal")
6. Remove one (1) screw holding turntable motor to oven cavity.
7. Now, the turntable motor is free.
8. After replacement use the one (1) screw XOTS740P10000 to fit the turntable motor cover.

[9] COOLING FAN MOTOR REMOVAL

1. REMOVAL

1. Disconnect the power supply cord and then remove outer case.
2. Open the door and block it open.
3. Discharge high voltage capacitor.
4. Disconnect the wire leads from the fan motor.
5. Remove the two (2) screws holding the fan motor to the oven cavity back plate.
6. Remove the fan blade from the fan motor shaft according to the following procedure.
7. Hold the edge of the rotor of the fan motor by using a pair of groove joint pliers.

8. Remove the fan blade assembly from the shaft of the fan motor by pulling and rotating the fan blade with your hand.
9. Now, the fan blade will be free.

CAUTION: Do not reuse the removed fan blade because the hole (for shaft) may be larger than normal.

CAUTION: Make sure that no metal pieces enter the gap between the rotor and the stator of the fan motor because the rotor is easily shaven by pliers and metal pieces may be produced.

Do not touch the pliers to the coil of the fan motor because the coil may be cut or injured.

Do not disfigure the bracket by touching with the pliers.

2. REINSTALLATION

1. Install the fan blade to the fan motor shaft according to the following procedure.
2. Hold the center of the bracket which supports the shaft of the fan motor on the flat table.
3. Apply the screw lock tight into the hole (for shaft) of the fan blade.
4. Install the fan blade to the shaft of fan motor by pushing the fan blade with a small, light weight, ball peen hammer or rubber mallet.

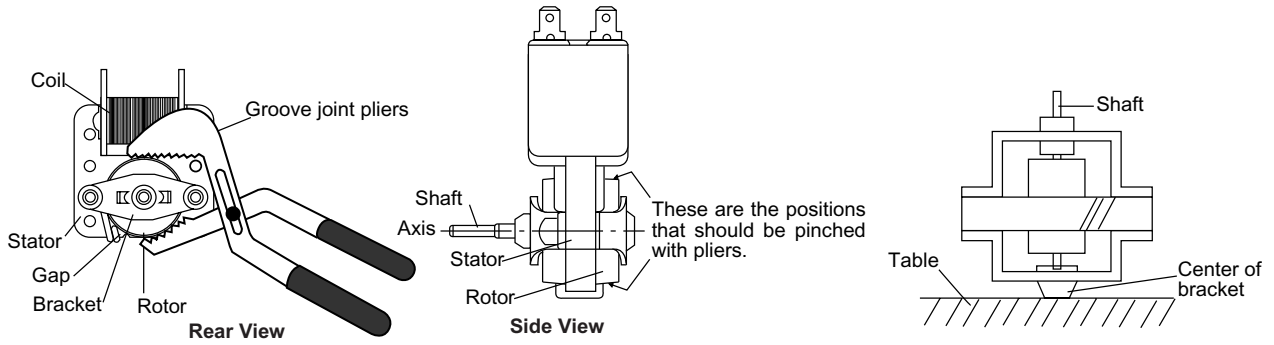
CAUTION: Do not hit the fan blade strongly when installed because the bracket may be disfigured.

Make sure that the fan blade rotates smooth after installation.

Make sure that the axis of the shaft is not slanted.

5. Install the fan motor assembly to the oven cavity back plate with two (2) screws.

6. Connect the wire leads to the magnetron and fan motor, referring to the pictorial diagram.



[10] CONTROL PANEL ASSEMBLY REMOVAL

1. Disconnect the power supply cord and then remove outer case.
2. Open the door and block it open.
3. Discharge high voltage capacitor.
4. Disconnect the wire leads from panel components.
5. Remove the one (1) screw holding the control panel to the oven cavity front plate.
6. Straighten the nail holding the control panel assembly to the oven cavity front plate.
7. Slide the control panel assembly upward and remove it.
8. Now, individual components can be removed.

[11] GRAPHIC SHEET AND MEMBRANE SWITCH REPLACEMENT

1. REMOVAL

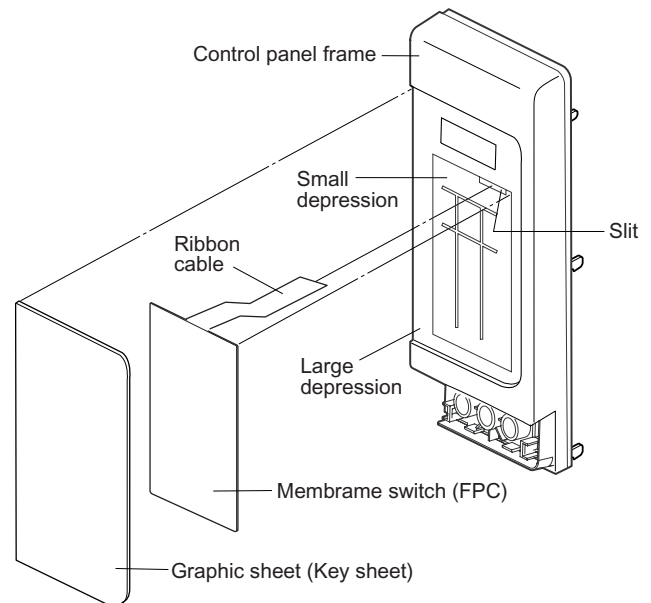
1. Disconnect the power supply cord and then remove outer case.
2. Open the door and block it open.
3. Discharge high voltage capacitor.
4. Remove the control panel assembly, referring to chapter of CONTROL PANEL ASSEMBLY REMOVAL.
5. Disconnect the ribbon cable of the membrane switch from the control unit.
6. Remove the back light PWB from the control panel frame.
7. Remove the four (4) screws holding the control unit to the control panel frame. And remove the control unit.
8. Remove the display window from the control panel frame.
9. Tear away the graphic sheet from the control panel frame.
10. Tear away the membrane switch from the control panel frame.

2. REINSTALLATION

1. Remove remaining adhesive on the control panel frame surfaces with a soft cloth soaked in alcohol.
2. Tear the backing paper from the new membrane switch.
3. Insert the ribbon cable of the membrane switch into the slit of the control panel frame.
4. Adjust the upper edge and right edge of the membrane switch to the small depression on the surface of the control panel frame.
5. Attach the membrane switch to the control panel frame by rubbing with a soft cloth not to scratch.
6. Tear the backing paper from the new graphic sheet.
7. Adjust the upper edge and left edge of the graphic sheet to the large depression on the surface of the control panel frame.
8. Attach the graphic sheet to the control panel frame by rubbing with a soft cloth not to scratch.
9. Insert the ribbon cable into the slit of the control unit.
10. Reinstall the control unit to the control panel frame and hold with the four (4) screws.

11. Insert and connect the edge of the membrane switch's ribbon cable into the connector CN-G.
12. Insert the back light PWB into the square hole.
13. Reinstall the display window to the control panel frame.

CAUTION: When the back light PWB is installed into the square hole of the control panel frame, the wire leads should be routed through the cut off portion, not to be pinched.



Graphic Sheet and Membrane Switch Replacement

[12] DOOR SENSING SWITCH/PRIMARY INTERLOCK SWITCH AND MONITOR SWITCH REMOVAL

1. REMOVAL

1. Disconnect the power supply cord and remove outer case.
2. Open the door and block it open.
3. Discharge high voltage capacitor.
4. Disconnect wire leads from the switches.
5. Remove two (2) screws holding latch hook to oven flange.
6. Remove latch hook assembly from oven flange.
7. Push outward on the two (2) retaining tabs holding switch in place.
8. Switch is now free.

At this time switch lever will be free, do not lose it.

2. REINSTALLATION

1. Reinstall each switch in its place. The primary interlock/ monitor switches are in the lower position and the door sensing switch is in the upper position.
2. Reconnect wire leads to each switch. Refer to pictorial diagram.
3. Secure latch hook (with two (2) mounting screws) to oven flange.
4. Make sure that the monitor switch is operating properly and check continuity of the monitor circuit. Refer to chapter "Test Procedure" and Adjustment procedure.

[13] DOOR SENSING SWITCH/PRIMARY INTERLOCK SWITCH AND MONITOR SWITCH ADJUSTMENT

1. Adjustment

1. Disconnect the power supply cord, and then remove outer case.
2. Open the door and block it open.
3. Discharge high voltage capacitor.

If the door sensing switch, primary interlock switch and monitor switch do not operate properly due to a misadjustment, the following adjustment should be made.

4. Loosen the two (2) screws holding latch hook to the oven cavity front flange.
5. With door closed, adjust latch hook by moving it back and forth, and up and down. In and out play of the door allowed by the upper and lower position of the latch hook should be less than 0.5mm. The vertical position of the latch hook should be adjusted so that the door sensing switch and primary interlock switch are activated with the door closed. The horizontal position of the latch hook should be adjusted so that the plunger of the monitor switch is pressed with the door closed.
6. Secure the screws with washers firmly.
7. Check the operation of all switches. If each switch has not activated with the door closed, loosen screw and adjust the latch hook position.

Then check lower portion of the latch hook, pushing and pulling lower portion of the door toward the oven face. Both results (play in the door) should be less than 0.5mm.

2. The door sensing switch and primary interlock switch interrupt the circuit before the door can be opened.
3. Monitor switch contacts close when door is opened.
4. Reinstall outer case and check for microwave leakage around door with an approved microwave survey meter. (Refer to Microwave Measurement Procedure.)

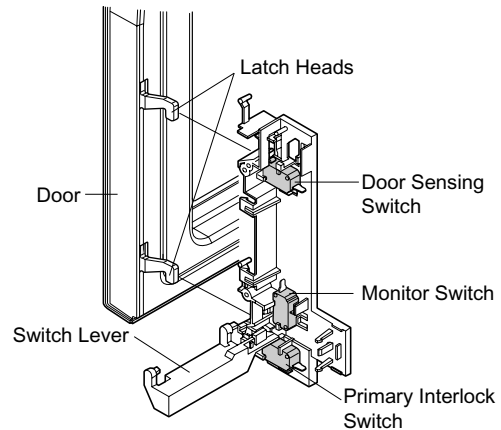


Figure C-3. Latch Switch Adjustments

2. After adjustment, check the following.

1. In and out play of door remains less than 0.5mm when in the latched position. First check upper position of latch hook, pushing and pulling upper portion of door toward the oven face.

[14] DOOR REPLACEMENT

1. REMOVAL

1. Disconnect oven from power supply.
2. Push the open button and open the door slightly.
3. Insert a putty knife (thickness of about 0.5mm) into the gap between the door stopper and the choke cover to free engaging parts as shown in Figure C-4.
4. Try the principles of the lever and lift up the door stopper.
5. Now, the door stopper is free from the door assembly.
6. Release two (2) pins of door panel from two (2) holes of upper and lower oven hinges by lifting up.
7. Now, door panel is free from oven cavity.
8. Insert a putty knife (thickness of about 0.5mm) into the gap between the choke cover and door frame as shown in Figure C-4 to free engaging parts.

9. Pry the choke cover by inserting a putty knife as shown Figure C-4.
10. Release choke cover from door panel.
11. Now choke cover is free.

NOTE: When carrying out any repair to the door, do not bend or warp the slit choke (tabs on the door panel assembly) to prevent microwave leakage.

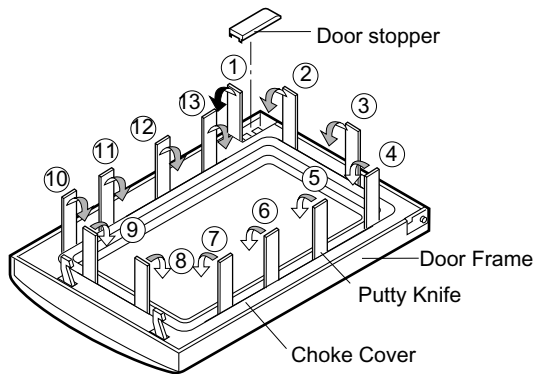


Figure C-4. Door Disassembly

12. Slide latch head upward and remove it from door frame with releasing latch spring from door frame and latch head.
13. Now, latch head and latch spring are free.
14. Remove the three (3) screws holding the door panel to the door frame.
15. Release door panel from nine (9) tabs of door frame by sliding door panel downward.
16. Now, door panel with sealer film is free.
17. Tear sealer film from door panel.
18. Now, door panel is free.
19. Remove door screen from door frame.
20. Now, door screen is free.
21. Remove the door decoration from the door frame by straightening the tabs of the door decoration.
22. Now, the door frame is free.

2. REINSTALLATION

1. Reinstall the door decoration to the door frame by bending the tabs of the door decoration.
2. Reinstall door screen to door frame.
3. Put sealer film on door panel. Refer to "Sealer Film" about how to handle new one.
4. Reinstall door panel to door frame by fitting nine (9) tabs of door frame to nine (9) holes of door panel.
5. Hold the door panel to the door frame with the three (3) screws.
6. Reinstall the latch spring to the latch head. Reinstall the latch spring to the door frame. Reinstall latch head to door frame.
7. Reinstall choke cover to door panel by pushing
8. Catch two (2) pins of door panel on two (2) hole of upper and lower oven hinges as shown Figure C-5.
9. Reinstall the door stopper to the door assembly.

NOTE: After any service to the door;

- 1) Make sure that door sensing switch and primary interlock switch are operating properly (Refer to chapter "Test Procedures").
- 2) An approved microwave survey meter should be used to assure compliance with proper microwave radiation emission limitation standards.

3. After any service, make sure of the following:

1. Door latch heads smoothly catch latch hook through latch holes and that latch head goes through center of latch hole.
2. Deviation of door alignment from horizontal line of cavity face plate is to be less than 1.0mm.
3. Door is positioned with its face pressed toward cavity face plate.

4. Check for microwave leakage around door with an approved microwave survey meter. (Refer to Microwave Measurement Procedure.)

NOTE: The door on a microwave oven is designed to act as an electronic seal preventing the leakage of microwave energy from oven cavity during cook cycle. This function does not require that door be air-tight, moisture (condensation)-tight or light-tight. Therefore, occasional appearance of moisture, light or sensing of gentle warm air movement around oven door is not abnormal and do not of themselves indicate a leakage of microwave energy from oven cavity.

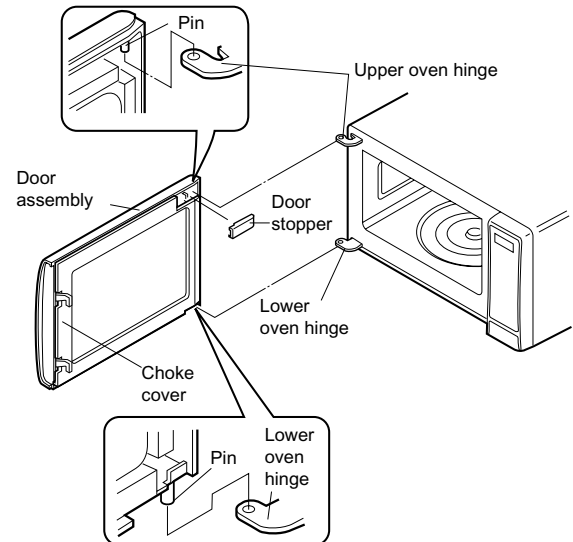


Figure C-5. Door Replacement

4. SEALER FILM

1. Put the adhesive tape on the backing film of the sealer film as shown in Fig. C-6.
2. Tear the backing film by pulling the adhesive tape.
3. Put the pasted side of the sealer film on the door panel.

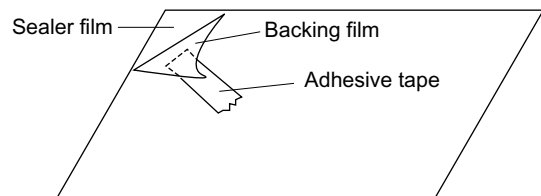


Figure C-6. Sealer film

[3] Printed Wiring Board (Figure S-3)

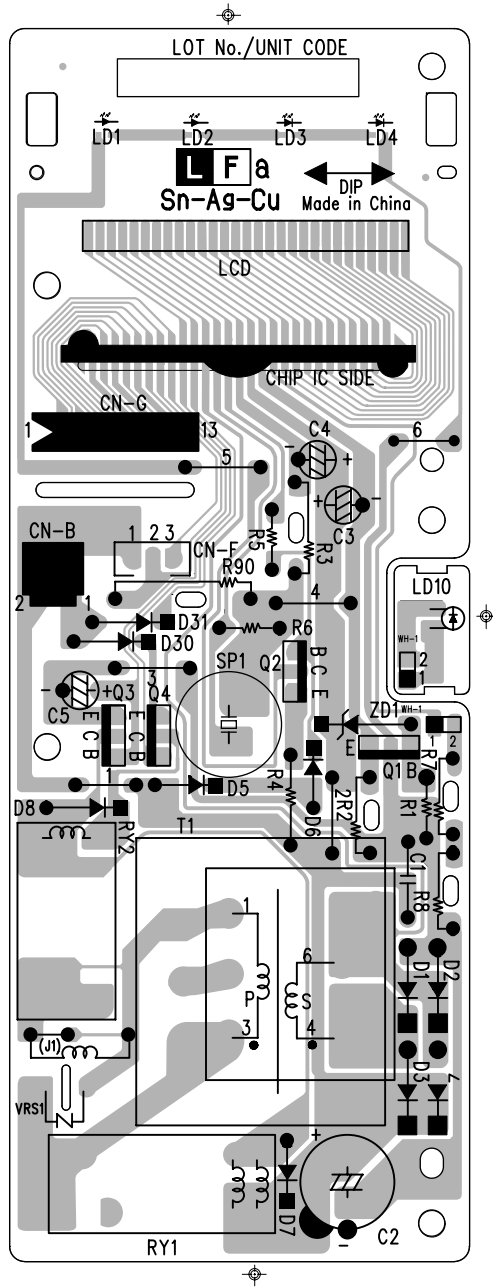


Figure S-3. Printed Wiring Board

SHARP PARTS LIST

MICROWAVE OVEN

MODEL R-408LS

HOW TO ORDER REPLACEMENT PARTS
To have your order filled promptly and correctly, please furnish the following information.

1. MODEL NUMBER
2. REF. NO.
3. PART NO.
4. DESCRIPTION

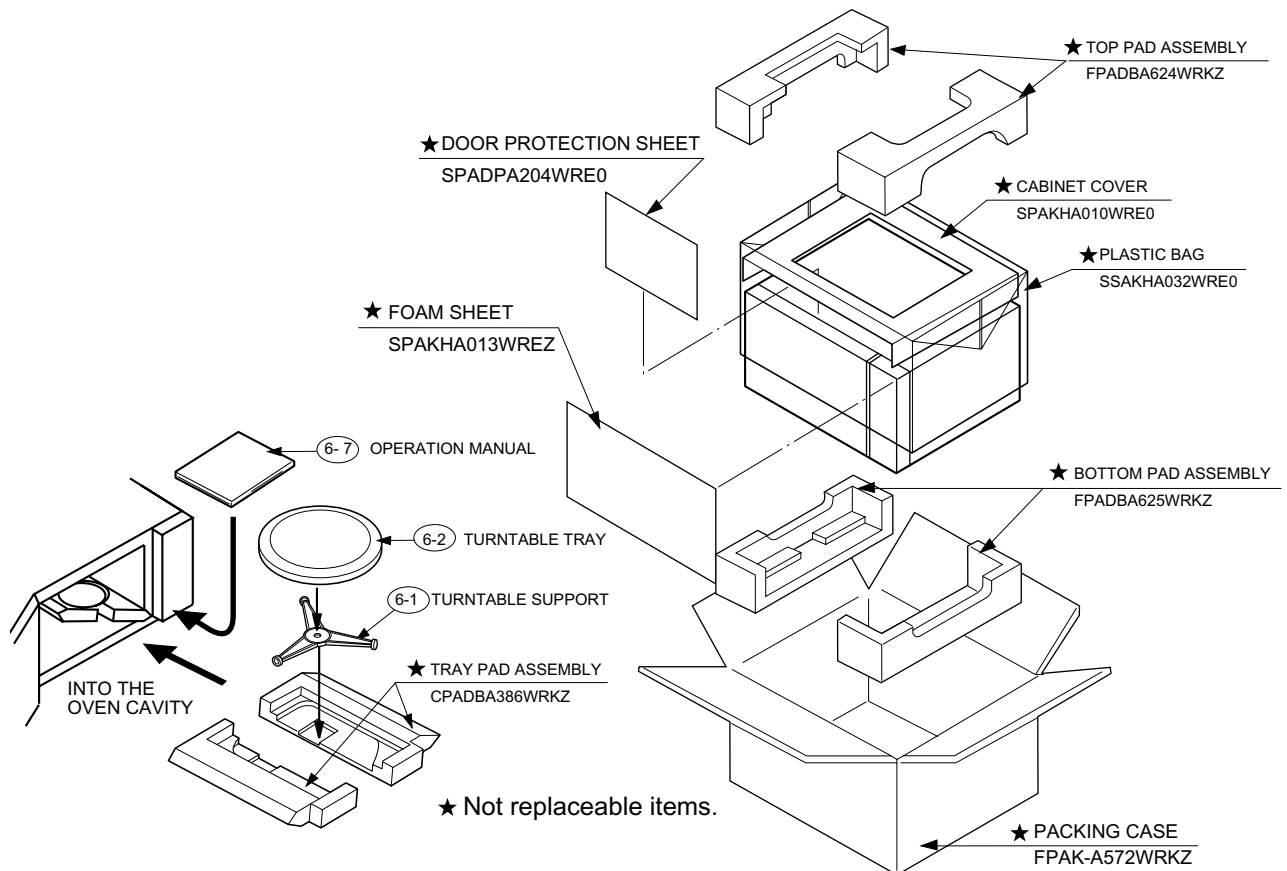
Parts marked "*" may cause undue microwave exposure.
Parts marked "▲" are used in voltage more than 250V.

CONTENTS

[1] OVEN PARTS

[2] DOOR AND CONTROL PANEL PARTS

■ INDEX

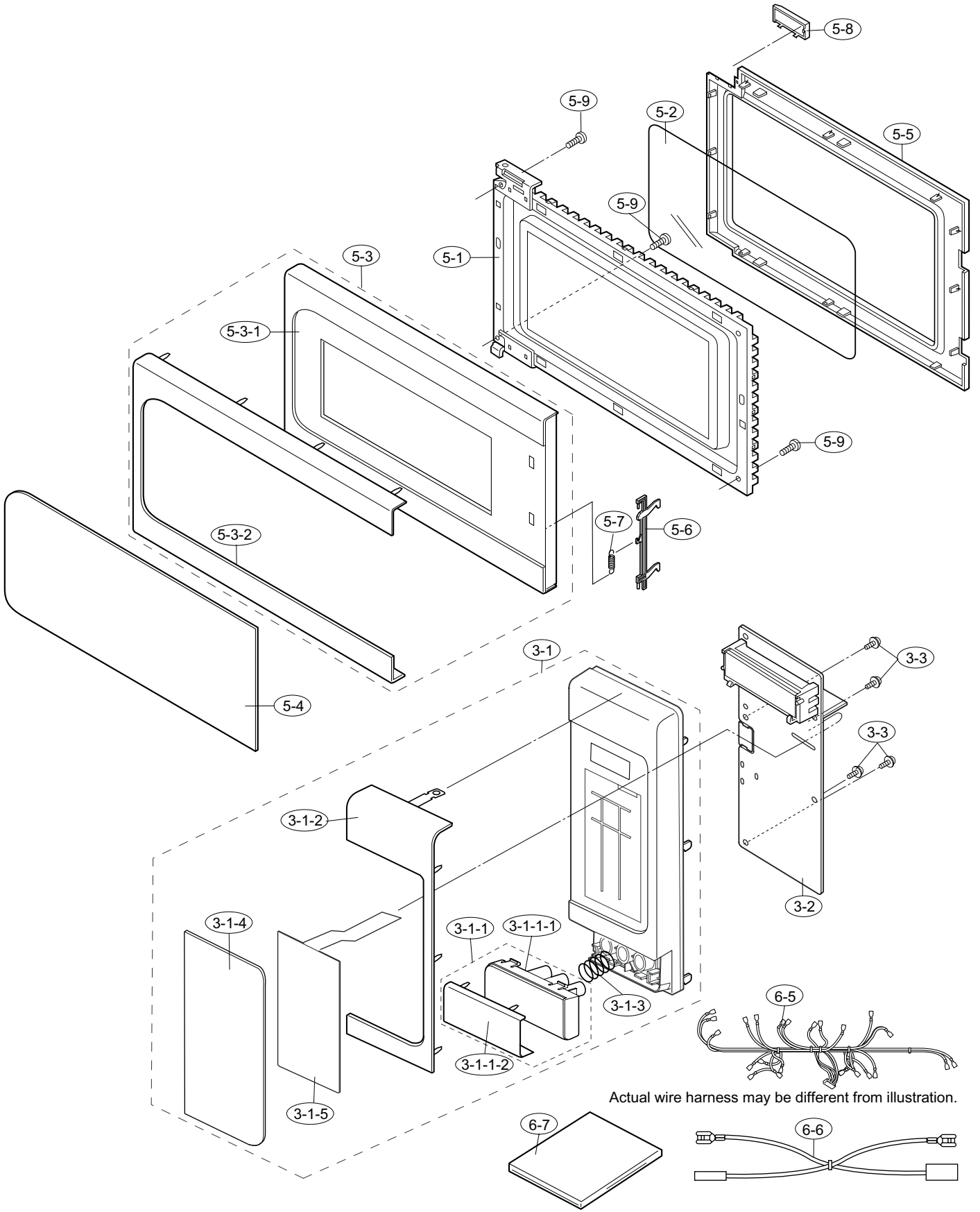


SHARP CORPORATION

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for after sales service only.
The contents are subject to change without notice.

NO.	PARTS CODE	PRICE RANK	NEW MARK	PART RANK	DESCRIPTION
[1] OVEN PARTS					
ELECTRIC PARTS					
1-1	FPWBFA417WRKZ	AY			Noise filter assembly
1-1	FPWBFA389WRKZ	AW			Noise filter assembly (Interchangeable)
1-2	FFS-BA033WRKZ	--			Monitor fuse 20A and monitor switch(V-5220Q)
1-2	FFS-BA037WRKZ	AN			Monitor fuse 20A and monitor switch(D3V-1G-2C25) (Interchangeable)
1-3	QFS-TA013WRE0	AG			Temp. fuse 150C (Magnetron)
1-4	QSW-MA085WRE0	AF			Primary interlock switch/ door sensing switch
1-4	QSW-MA147WRZZ	AG			Primary interlock switch/ door sensing switch (Interchangeable)
△	1-5	RV-MZA346WRZZ	BK		Magnetron
	1-6	RTHM-A119WRE0	AK		Thermal cut-out 145C (Oven)
	1-6	RTHM-A075WRE0	AN		Thermal cut-out 145C (Oven)
	1-6	RTHM-A134WRZZ	AK		Thermal cut-out 145C (Oven)
	1-7	FACDDA083WRE0	AQ		Power supply cord
	1-7	FACDDA085WRE0	AQ		Power supply cord (Interchangeable)
	1-7	FACDDA103WREZ	AQ		Power supply cord (Interchangeable)
△	1-8	FH-DZA118WRKZ	AN		H.V. rectifier assembly
△	1-8	FH-DZA131WRKZ	--		H.V. rectifier assembly for production use (Interchangeable)
△	1-9	RC-QZA211WRE0	AV		High voltage capacitor
△	1-9	RC-QZA331WRZZ	--		High voltage capacitor for production use (Interchangeable)
	1-10	RMOTEA433WRZZ	AX		Fan motor
	1-11	RLMPTA087WRZZ	AL		Oven lamp
	1-11	RLMPTA082WRZZ	AL		Oven lamp (Interchangeable)
	1-11	RLMPTA085WRZZ	AL		Oven lamp (Interchangeable)
	1-12	RMOTDA264WRZZ	AT		Turntable motor
	1-12	RMOTDA186WRE0	AW		Turntable motor (Interchangeable)
	1-13	RTRN-A746WRZZ	BM		Power transformer
	1-13	RTRN-A745WRZZ	--		Power transformer for production use (Interchangeable)
CABINET PARTS					
	2-1	GCABUB010WRPZ	BH		Outer case cabinet
	2-2	GDAI-A403WRWZ	BA		Base plate
	2-3	GLEGPA104WREZ	AF		Leg
OVEN PARTS					
*	4-1	PHOK-A130WRFZ	AK		Latch hook
	4-2	LBNDKA172WRPZ	AM		H.V. capacitor band
	4-3	NFANJA053WRFZ	AG		Fan blade
	4-4	LANGTA419WRPZ	AT		Chassis support
*	4-5	*****	--		Oven cavity (Not a replacement part)
	4-6	MLEVPA244WRFZ	AG		Switch lever
	4-7	PCOVPA311WRE0	AG		Waveguide cover
	4-8	PCUSGA532WRP0	AF		Cushion
	4-9	PCUSUA191WRP0	AC		Cushion
	4-10	PPACGA084WRF0	AE		TTM packing
	4-11	PCUSUA410WRP0	AB		Cushion
	4-12	PCUSUA455WRP0	AD		Cushion
	4-13	PDUC-A610WRF0	AR		Fan duct
	4-14	PDUC-A936WRFZ	AV		MG duct
	4-15	PPACGA272WREZ	AG		Cushion
MISCELLANEOUS					
	6-1	FROLPA097WRKZ	AN		Roller assy
	6-2	NTNT-A108WREZ	AW		Turntable
	6-3	TCAUAA292WRZ	AE		Monitor caution
	6-4	TCAUAA296WRZ	AH		DHHS caution label
SCREWS, NUTS AND WASHERS					
	7-1	XHPS740P08K00	AB		Screw : 4mm x 8mm
	7-2	LX-CZA070WRE0	AC		Special screw (Torx tamper proof screw)
	7-3	LX-CZ0052WRE0	AA		Special screw
	7-4	LX-EZA042WRE0	AB		Special screw
	7-5	LX-EZA050WRE0	AB		Special screw
	7-6	XHPS730P06000	AB		Screw : 3mm x 6mm
	7-7	XHPS740P08000	AB		Screw : 4mm x 8mm
	7-8	XHTS740P08RV0	AG		Screw : 4mm x 8mm
	7-9	XHTS740P12RV0	AC		Screw : 4mm x 12mm
	7-10	XOTS740P10000	AB		Screw : 4mm x 10mm
	7-11	XETS740P10000	AA		Screw : 4mm x 10mm

[2] DOOR AND CONTROL PANEL PARTS



Actual wire harness may be different from illustration.

NO.	PARTS CODE	PRICE RANK	NEW MARK	PART RANK	DESCRIPTION
[2] DOOR AND CONTROL PANEL PARTS					
CONTROL PANEL PARTS					
3-1	DPNLCC019WRKZ	BF			Panel med assembly
3-1-1	FBTN-A164WRKZ	AP			Open button assembly
3-1-1-1	JBTN-B391WRFZ	AH			Open button
3-1-1-2	HDECQA328WRPZ	AM			Button decoration
3-1-2	HDECQA329WRPZ	AU			Panel decoration
3-1-3	MSPRCA157WREZ	AF			Open button spring
3-1-4	PSHEPB238WREZ	AM			Key sheet
3-1-5	QSW-KA077DRZZ	AQ			FPC
3-2	DPWBFC563WRKZ	BK			Control unit
3-3	XEPS730P08XS0	AB			Screw; 3mm x 8mm
DOOR PARTS					
* 5-1	FDORFA412WRTZ	BF			Door panel
5-2	PSHEPA336WRP0	AF			Sealer film
* 5-3	FWAKPA462WRKZ	BE			Door frame assembly
* 5-3-1	GWAKPB081WRFZ	AX			Door frame
5-3-2	HDECQA334WRRZ	BB			Door decoration
5-4	HPNL-A890WRRZ	AP			Door screen
* 5-5	GCOVHA382WRF0	AM			Choke cover
* 5-6	LSTPPA139WRF0	AE			Latch head
5-7	MSPRTA084WRE0	AB			Latch spring
5-8	LSTPPA167WRF0	AG			Door stopper
5-9	XEPS740P08000	AB			Screw: 4mm x 8mm
MISCELLANEOUS					
6-5	FW-VZC094WREZ	AS			Main wire harness
6-6	FW-VZC093WREZ	AN			Filter harness
6-7	TINSEB137WRRZ	AL			Instruction book

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PARTS CODE	No.	PRICE RANK	NEW MARK	PART RANK
【 D 】				
DPNLCC019WRKZ	2-3-1	BF		
DPWBFC563WRKZ	2-3-2	BK		
【 F 】				
FACDDA083WRE0	1-1-7	AQ		
FACDDA085WREZ	1-1-7	AQ		
FACDDA103WREZ	1-1-7	AQ		
FBTN-A164WRKZ	2-3-1-1	AP		
FDORFA412WRTZ	2-5-1	BF		
FFS-BA033WRKZ	1-1-2	--		
FFS-BA037WRKZ	1-1-2	AN		
FH-DZA118WRKZ	1-1-8	AN		
FH-DZA131WRKZ	1-1-8	--		
FPWBFA389WRKZ	1-1-1	AW		
FPWBFA417WRKZ	1-1-1	AY		
FRÖLPA097WRKZ	1-6-1	AN		
FWAKPA462WRKZ	2-5-3	BE		
FW-VZC093WREZ	2-6-6	AN		
FW-VZC094WREZ	2-6-5	AS		
【 G 】				
GCABUB010WRPZ	1-2-1	BH		
GCOVHA382WRF0	2-5-5	AM		
GDAi-A403WRWZ	1-2-2	BA		
GLEGPA104WREZ	1-2-3	AF		
GWAKPB081WRFZ	2-5-3-1	AX		
【 H 】				
HDECQA328WRPZ	2-3-1-1-2	AM		
HDECQA329WRPZ	2-3-1-2	AU		
HDECQA334WRRZ	2-5-3-2	BB		
HPNL-A890WRRZ	2-5-4	AP		
【 J 】				
JBTN-B391WRFZ	2-3-1-1-1	AH		
【 L 】				
LANGTA419WRPZ	1-4-4	AT		
LBNDKA172WRPZ	1-4-2	AM		
LSTPPA139WRF0	2-5-6	AE		
LSTPPA167WRF0	2-5-8	AG		
LX-CZ0052WRE0	1-7-3	AA		
LX-CZA070WRE0	1-7-2	AC		
LX-EZA042WRE0	1-7-4	AB		
LX-EZA050WRE0	1-7-5	AB		
【 M 】				
MLEVPA244WRFZ	1-4-6	AG		
MSPRCA157WREZ	2-3-1-3	AF		
MSPRTA084WRE0	2-5-7	AB		
【 N 】				
NFANJA053WRFZ	1-4-3	AG		
NTNT-A108WREZ	1-6-2	AW		
【 P 】				
PCOVPA311WRE0	1-4-7	AG		
PCUSGA532WRP0	1-4-8	AF		
PCUSUA191WRP0	1-4-9	AC		
PCUSUA410WRP0	1-4-11	AB		
PCUSUA455WRP0	1-4-12	AD		
PDUC-A610WRF0	1-4-13	AR		
PDUC-A936WRFZ	1-4-14	AV		
PHOK-A130WRFZ	1-4-1	AK		
PPACGA084WRF0	1-4-10	AE		
PPACGA272WREZ	1-4-15	AG		
PSHEPA336WRP0	2-5-2	AF		
PSHEPB238WREZ	2-3-1-4	AM		
【 Q 】				
QFS-TA013WRE0	1-1-3	AG		
QSW-KA077DRZZ	2-3-1-5	AQ		
QSW-MA085WRE0	1-1-4	AF		
QSW-MA147WRZZ	1-1-4	AG		
【 R 】				
RC-QZA211WRE0	1-1-9	AV		
RC-QZA331WRZZ	1-1-9	--		
RLMPTA082WRZZ	1-1-11	AL		
RLMPTA085WRZZ	1-1-11	AL		
RLMPTA087WRZZ	1-1-11	AL		
RMÖTDA186WRE0	1-1-12	AW		
RMÖTDA264WRZZ	1-1-12	AT		
RMÖTEA433WRZZ	1-1-10	AX		
RTHM-A075WRE0	1-1-6	AN		
RTHM-A119WRE0	1-1-6	AK		
RTHM-A134WRZZ	1-1-6	AK		
RTRN-A745WRZZ	1-1-13	--		

PARTS CODE	No.	PRICE RANK	NEW MARK	PART RANK
RTRN-A746WRZZ	1-1-13	BM		
RV-MZA346WRZZ	1-1-5	BK		
【 T 】				
TCAUAA292WRRZ	1-6-3	AE		
TCAUAA296WRRZ	1-6-4	AH		
TINSEB137WRRZ	2-6-7	AL		
【 X 】				
XEPS730P08XS0	2-3-3	AB		
XEPS740P08000	2-5-9	AB		
XETS740P10000	1-7-11	AA		
XHPS730P06000	1-7-6	AB		
XHPS740P08000	1-7-7	AB		
XHPS740P08K00	1-7-1	AB		
XHTS740P08RV0	1-7-8	AG		
XHTS740P12RV0	1-7-9	AC		
XÖTS740P10000	1-7-10	AB		

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