Use & Care Guide Manual de Uso y Cuidado Guide d'Utilisation et d'Entretien English / Español / Français

Models/Modelos/Modèles: 795.7202*

Kenmore ® Bottom Freezer Refrigerator Congelador Inferior Refrigerador Congélateur Inférieur Réfrigérateur

* = color number, número de color, le numéro de la couleur

P/N MFL62184420 Sears Brands Management Corporation Hoffman Estates, IL 60179 U.S.A. www.kenmore.com www.sears.com

Sears Canada Inc. Toronto, Ontario, Canada M5B 2C3 www.sears.ca



TABLE OF CONTENTS

Warranty 3	► Freezer Section
Protection Agreements4	Durabase27
Important Safety Instructions5-7	Durabase Divider27
Electrical & Grounding Requirements7	Pullout Drawer27
Parts and Features8	Water Filter 28-30
Refrigerator Installation9-17	Care And Cleaning31-32
Unpacking Your Refrigerator9	General Cleaning Tips31
Installation10	Exterior 31
Removing/Replacing Refrigerator/Freezer	Inside Walls31
Handles and Doors11-14	Door Liner And Gaskets31
Removing/Installing Freezer Drawers15-16	Plastic Parts31
Leveling and Door Alignment17	Condenser Coils31
Using Your Refrigerator18-27	Light bulb replacement32
Setting the Controls18-19	Power Interruptions 32
In-Door Ice Bin20	When You Go On Vacation32
Automatic Icemaker21-22	When You Move32
Food Storage Guide23	Connecting the Water Line33-35
► Refrigerator Section	Troubleshooting Guide36-43
Water Dispenser24	ServiceBack Cover
Refrigerator Shelves25	
Humidity Controlled Crisper26	

Modular Door Bin26



REFRIGERATOR WARRANTY

Kenmore Limited Warranty

When this appliance is installed, operated and maintained according to all supplied instructions, the following warranty coverage applies. To arrange for warranty service, call 1-800-4-MY-HOME® (1-800-469-4663).

- For one year from the date of purchase, free repair will be provided if any non-consumable part of this
 appliance fails due to defective materials or workmanship. This coverage applies for only 90 days from
 the purchase date if this product is ever used for other than private household purposes.
- For ten years from the date of purchase, a defective compressor will be repaired free of charge. This
 coverage applies for only two years from the date of purchase if this appliance is ever used for other
 than private household purposes.

This warranty covers only defects in material and workmanship, and will NOT pay for:

- 1. Consumable parts that can wear out from normal use, including but not limited to filters, belts, light bulbs, and bags.
- A service technician to instruct the user in correct product installation, operation or maintenance.
- 3. A service technician to clean or maintain this product.
- 4. Damage to or failure of this product if it is not installed, operated or maintained according to the all instructions supplied with the product.
- 5. Damage to or failure of this product resulting from accident, abuse, misuse or use for other than its intended purpose.
- 6. Damage to or failure of this product caused by the use of detergents, cleaners, chemicals or utensils other than those recommended in all instructions supplied with the product.
- 7. Damage to or failure of parts or systems resulting from unauthorized modifications made to this product.

Disclaimer of implied warranties; limitation of remedies

Customer's sole and exclusive remedy under this limited warranty shall be product repair as provided herein. Implied warranties, including warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, are limited to one year or the shortest period allowed by law. Sears shall not be liable for incidental or consequential damages. Some states and provinces do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, or limitation on the duration of implied warranties of merchantability or fitness, so these exclusions or limitations may not apply to you.

This warranty applies only while this appliance is used in the United States or Canada.

This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

Sears Brands Management Corporation, Hoffman Estates, IL 60179
Sears Canada Inc., Toronto, Ontario, Canada M5B 2C3

PROTECTION AGREEMENTS

Master Protection Agreements

Congratulations on making a smart purchase. Your new Kenmore Elite[®] product is designed and manufactured for years of dependable operation. But like all products, it may require preventive maintenance or repair from time to time. That's when having a Master Protection Agreement can save you money and aggravation.

The Master Protection Agreement also helps extend the life of your new product. Here's what the Agreement* includes:

- Parts and labor needed to help keep products operating properly under normal use, not just defects.
 Our coverage goes well beyond the product warranty.
 No deductibles, no functional failure excluded from coverage—real protection.
- Expert service by a force of more than 10,000 authorized Sears service technicians, which means someone you can trust will be working on your product.
- Unlimited service calls and nationwide service, as often as you want us, whenever you want us.
- "No-lemon" guarantee replacement of your covered product if four or more product failures occur within twelve months.
- Product replacement if your covered product can't be fixed.
- Annual Preventive Maintenance Check at your request

 no extra charge.
- Fast help by phone we call it Rapid Resolution

 phone support from a Sears representative on all products. Think of us as a "talking owner's manual."

- Power surge protection against electrical damage due to power fluctuations.
- \$250 Food Loss Protection annually for any food spoilage that is the result of mechanical failure of any covered refrigerator or freezer.
- Rental reimbursement if repair of your covered product takes longer than promised.
- 10% discount off the regular price of any non-covered repair service and related installed parts.

Once you purchase the Agreement, a simple phone call is all that it takes to schedule service. You can call at any time day or night, or schedule a service appointment online.

The Master Protection Agreement is a risk free purchase. If you cancel for any reason during the product warranty period, we will provide a full refund or a prorated refund anytime after the product warranty period expires. Purchase your Master Protection Agreement today!

Some limitations and exclusions apply.

For prices and additional information in the U.S.A. call 1-800-827-6655.

* Coverage in Canada varies on some items. For full details call Sears Canada at 1-800-361-6665.

Sears Installation Service

For Sears professional installation of home appliances, garage door openers, water heaters, and other major home items, in the U.S.A. or Canada call 1-800-4-MY-HOME®.

PRODUCT RECORD

In the space below, record the date of purchase, model and serial number of your product. You will find the model and serial number printed on an identification label located on the interior liner of the refrigerator compartment. Have these items of information available whenever you contact Sears concerning your product.

Model No	Date of Purchase
Serial No	

Save these instructions and attach your sales receipt for future reference.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

BASIC SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

This guide contains many important safety messages. Always read and obey all safety messages.



This is the safety alert symbol. It alerts you to safety messages that inform you of hazards that can kill or hurt you or others, or cause damage to the product.

All safety messages will be preceded by the safety alert symbol and the hazard signal word DANGER, WARNING or CAUTION. These words mean:

A DANGER

You will be killed or seriously injured if you do not follow instructions.

A WARNING

You can be killed or seriously injured if you do not follow instructions.

A CAUTION

Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury, or product damage.

All safety messages will identify the hazard, tell you how to reduce the chance of injury, and tell you what can happen if the instructions are not followed.

AWARNING

To reduce the risk of fire, electric shock, or personal injury when using your product, basic safety precautions should be followed, including the following.

Read all instructions before using this appliance.

- NEVER unplug your refrigerator by pulling on the power cord. Always grip the plug firmly and pull it straight out from the outlet.
- Immediately repair or replace all power cords that have become frayed or otherwise damaged. Do not use a cord that shows cracks or abrasion damage along its length or at either the plug or connector end.
- Do not modify or extend the power cord length. It could cause electric shock or fire.
- When moving your refrigerator away from the wall, be careful not to roll over or damage the power cord.

- DO NOT store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.
- DO NOT allow children to climb, stand, or hang on the refrigerator doors or shelves in the refrigerator. They could damage the refrigerator and seriously injure themselves.
- Keep fingers out of pinch point areas; clearances between the doors and cabinets are necessarily small.
 Be careful closing doors when children are in the area.
- Unplug your refrigerator before cleaning or making any repairs.

NOTE: It is strongly recommended that any service be performed by a qualified technician.

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS

AWARNING

 Before replacing a burned-out or broken light bulb, unplug the refrigerator or turn off power at the circuit breaker or fuse box in order to avoid contact with a live wire filament. (A burned-out light bulb may break when being replaced exposing the wire filament.)

NOTE: Some models have LED interior lighting and service should be performed by a qualified technician.

WARNING: Setting either or both controls to the OFF position does not remove power to the light circuit.

- When you are finished, reconnect the refrigerator to the electrical source and reset the controls (Thermostat, Refrigerator Control, and or Freezer Control, depending on the model) to the desired setting.
- This refrigerator must be properly installed in accordance with the Attention Installer Instructions that were taped to the front of the refrigerator.
- After your refrigerator is in operation, do not touch the cold surfaces in the freezer compartment when hands are damp or wet. Skin may adhere to the extremely cold surfaces.

- DO NOT touch the automatic ice making mechanism while the refrigerator is plugged in.
- DO NOT refreeze frozen foods which have thawed completely. The United States Department of Agriculture in Home and Garden Bulletin No. 69 says:
 - ...You may safely refreeze frozen foods that have thawed if they still contain ice crystals or if they are still cold—below 4°C.

...Thawed ground meats, poultry or fish that have any off-odor or off-color should not be refrozen and should not be eaten. Thawed ice cream should be discarded. If the odor or color of any food is poor or questionable, dispose of it. The food may be dangerous to eat.

Even partial thawing and refreezing reduces the eating quality of foods, particularly fruits, vegetables and prepared foods. The eating quality of red meats is affected less than that of many other foods. Use refrozen foods as soon as possible to save as much of their quality as you can.

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS

DANGER: RISK OF CHILD ENTRAPMENT

Junked or abandoned refrigerators are dangerous, even if they are sitting for only a few days. If you are getting rid of your old refrigerator, please follow the instructions at right to help prevent accidents (child entrapment and suffocation).



BEFORE YOU THROW AWAY YOUR OLD REFRIGERATOR OR FREEZER:

- Take off the doors.
- Leave the shelves in place so that children may not easily climb inside.

CFC/HCFC DISPOSAL

Your old refrigerator may have a cooling system that used CFCs or HCFCs (chlorofluorocarbons or hydrochlorofluorocarbons). CFCs and HCFCs are believed to harm stratospheric ozone if released to the atmosphere. Other refrigerants may also cause harm to the environment if released to the atmosphere.

If you are throwing away your old refrigerator, make sure the refrigerant is removed for proper disposal by a qualified technician. If you intentionally release refrigerant, you may be subject to fines and imprisonment under provisions of environmental legislation.

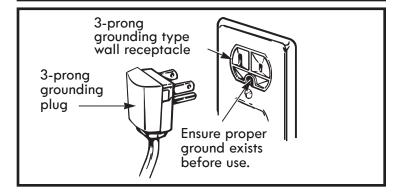
ELECTRICAL & GROUNDING REQUIREMENTS

IMPORTANT: Please read carefully. **TO CONNECT ELECTRICITY**

A WARNING

Electrical Shock Hazard

FOR PERSONAL SAFETY, this appliance must be properly grounded. Have the wall outlet and the circuit checked by a qualified electrician to make sure the outlet is properly grounded.



USE OF EXTENSION CORDS

Because of potential safety hazards under certain conditions, the use of an extension cord is not recommended. However, if you still elect to use an extension cord, it is absolutely necessary that it be a ULlisted (USA), 3-wire grounding type appliance extension cord having a grounding type plug and outlet, and that the electrical rating of the cord be 15 amperes (minimum) and 120 volts.

Use of an extension cord will increase the clearance needed for the back of the refrigerator.

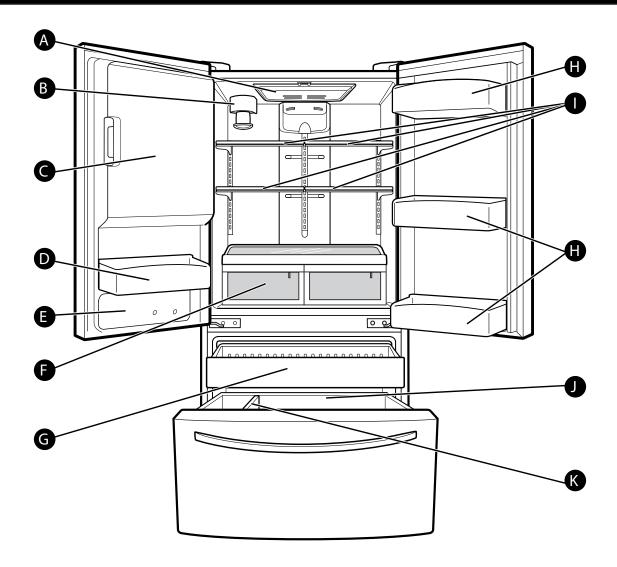
RECOMMENDED GROUNDING METHOD

The refrigerator should always be plugged into its own individual properly grounded electrical outlet rated for 115 Volts, 60 Hz, AC only, and fused at 15 or 20 amperes. This provides the best performance and also prevents overloading house wiring circuits which could cause a fire hazard from overheated wires. It is recommended that a separate circuit serving only this appliance be provided.

Use a receptacle that cannot be turned off with a switch or pull chain. Do not use an extension cord.

Where a standard two-prong wall outlet is encountered, it is your personal responsibility and obligation to have it replaced with a properly grounded three-prong wall outlet.

PARTS AND FEATURES

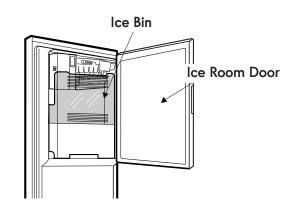


Use this page to become more familiar with the parts and features of your refrigerator. Page references are included for your convenience.

NOTE: This guide covers several different models. The refrigerator you have purchased may have some or all of the items listed below. The locations of the features shown below may not match your model.

- **A** LED Interior Lamps
- Water Filter
- **G** In-door Ice Bin
- **D** Fixed Door Bin
- Water Tank Cover
- **6** Crispers
- **G** Pullout Drawer
- Modular Door Bins

- Refrigerator Shelves
- Durabase
- **K** Durabase Divider



REFRIGERATOR INSTALLATION

A WARNING

Excessive Weight Hazard:

Use two or more people to move and install the refrigerator. Failure to do so can result in back or other injury.

UNPACKING YOUR REFRIGERATOR

Remove tape and any temporary labels from your refrigerator before using. Do not remove any warning-type labels, the model and serial number label, or the Tech Sheet that is located under the front of the refrigerator, behind the base grille.

To remove any remaining tape or glue, rub the area briskly with your thumb. Tape or glue residue can also be easily removed by rubbing a small amount of liquid dish soap over the adhesive with your fingers. Wipe with warm water and dry.

Do not use sharp instruments, rubbing alcohol, flammable fluids, or abrasive cleaners to remove tape or glue. These products can damage the surface of your refrigerator.

Refrigerator shelves are installed in the shipping position. Please reinstall shelves according to your individual storage needs.

AWARNING

Excessive Weight Hazard:

Your refrigerator is heavy. When moving the refrigerator for cleaning or service, be sure to protect the floor. Always pull the refrigerator straight out when moving it. Do not wiggle or walk the refrigerator when trying to move it, as floor damage could occur.

A WARNING

Explosion Hazard:

Keep flammable materials and vapors, such as gasoline, away from the refrigerator. Failure to do so can result in fire, explosion, or death.

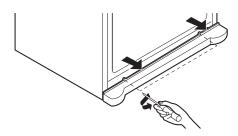
BASE GRILLE INSTALLATION

To remove the base grille:

- Open the Freezer Drawer. (Drawer not shown for clarity.)
- Once the drawer is open, and there is sufficient clearance, remove the screws on the top of the cover.

To replace the base grille:

Place the cover into position and then insert and tighten the screws.



PRIOR TO USE

- 1. Clean your refrigerator thoroughly and wipe off all dust that accumulated during shipping.
- 2. Install accessories such as ice cube bin, drawers, shelves, etc., in their proper places. They are packed together to prevent possible damage during shipment.
- 3. Allow your refrigerator to run for at least two to three hours before putting food in it. Check the flow of cold air in the freezer compartment to ensure proper cooling. Your refrigerator is now ready for use.

INSTALLATION

The refrigerator should always be plugged into its own individual properly grounded electrical outlet rated for 115 Volts, 60 Hz, AC only, and fused at 15 or 20 amperes. This provides the best performance and also prevents overloading house wiring circuits which could cause a fire hazard from overheated wires. It is recommended that a separate circuit serving only this appliance be provided.

A WARNING

Shock Hazard:

To reduce the risk of electric shock, do not install the refrigerator in a wet or damp area.

INSTALLATION (continued)

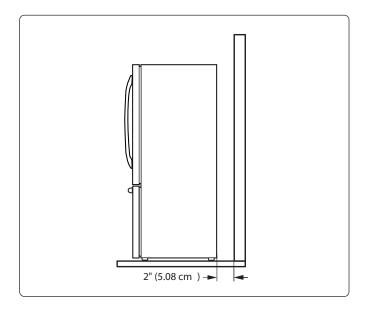
 To avoid noise and vibration, the unit must be leveled and installed on a solidly constructed floor. If required, adjust the leveling legs to compensate for unevenness of the floor. The front should be slightly higher than the rear to aid in door closing. Leveling legs can be turned easily by tipping the cabinet slightly. Turn the leveling legs left to raise the unit or right to lower it. (See LEVELING AND DOOR ALIGNMENT.)

NOTE: Installing on carpeting, soft tile surfaces, a platform or weakly supported structure is not recommended.

- 2. Install this appliance in an area where the temperature is between 55°F (13°C) and 110°F (43°C). If the temperature around the appliance is too low or high, cooling ability may be adversely affected.
- Select a place where a water supply can be easily connected for the automatic icemaker.

NOTE: The water pressure must be between 20 and 125 psi on models without a water filter and between 40 and 125 psi on models with a water filter.

4. Too small of a distance from adjacent items may result in lowered freezing capability and increased electricity consumption charges. Allow at least 24 inches (61 cm) in front of the refrigerator to open the doors.



NOTE: Removing the doors is always recommended when it is necessary to move the refrigerator through a narrow opening. If it is necessary to remove the handles, follow the directions below.

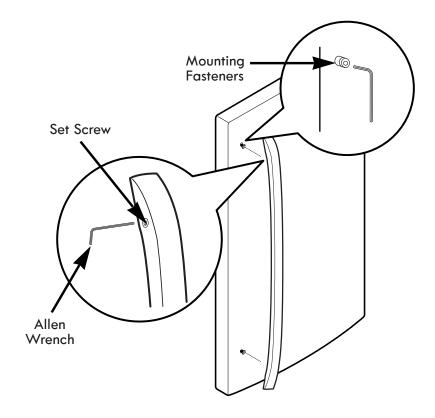
HOW TO REMOVE REFRIGERATOR DOOR HANDLE

NOTE: Handle appearance may vary from illustrations on this page.

Removing Refrigerator Handle

Loosen the set screws with a $^3/_{32}$ in. Allen wrench and remove the handle.

NOTE: If the handle mounting fasteners need to be tightened or removed, use a $\frac{1}{4}$ in. Allen wrench.



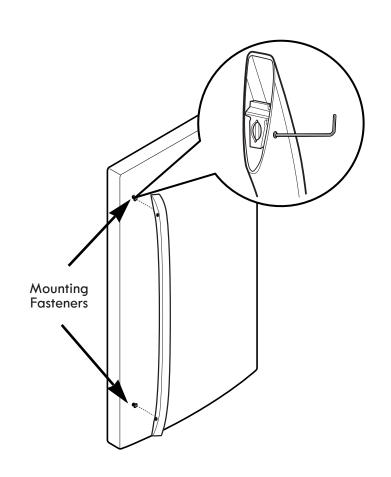
HOW TO REPLACE REFRIGERATOR DOOR HANDLE

NOTE: Handle appearance may vary from illustrations on this page.

Replacing Refrigerator Door Handle

Place the handle on the door by fitting the handle footprints over the mounting fasteners and tightening the set screws with a $^{3}/_{32}$ in Allen wrench.

NOTE: If the handle mounting fasteners need to be tightened or removed, use a $\frac{1}{4}$ in. Allen wrench.



NOTE: Removing the doors is always recommended when it is necessary to move the refrigerator through a narrow opening. If it is necessary to remove the handles, follow the directions below.

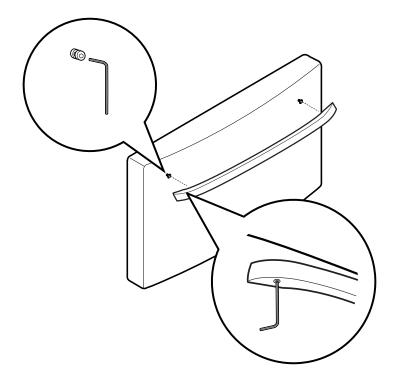
HOW TO REMOVE FREEZER DOOR HANDLE

NOTE: Handle appearance may vary from illustrations on this page.

Removing Freezer Drawer Handle

Loosen the set screws located on the lower side of the handle with a $\frac{1}{8}$ in. Allen wrench and remove the handle.

NOTE: If the handle mounting fasteners need to be tightened or removed, use a $\frac{1}{4}$ in. Allen wrench.



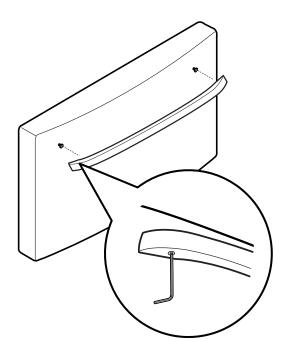
HOW TO REPLACE FREEZER DOOR HANDLE

NOTE: Handle appearance may vary from illustrations on this page.

Replacing Freezer Drawer Handle

Place the handle on the door by fitting the handle footprints over the mounting fasteners and tightening the set screws with a $\frac{1}{8}$ in. Allen wrench.

NOTE: If the handle mounting fasteners need to be tightened or removed, use a $\frac{1}{4}$ in. Allen wrench.



REMOVING AND REPLACING REFRIGERATOR DOORS

A WARNING

Excessive Weight Hazard:

Use two or more people to remove and install the refrigerator doors. Failure to do so can result in back or other injury.

A WARNING

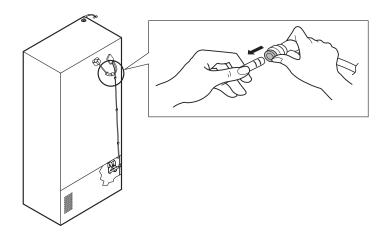
Electrical Shock Hazard

- Disconnect the electrical supply to the refrigerator before installing. Failure to do so could result in serious injury or death.
- Do not put hands, feet or other objects into the air vents, base grille, or bottom of the refrigerator. You may be injured or receive an electrical shock.

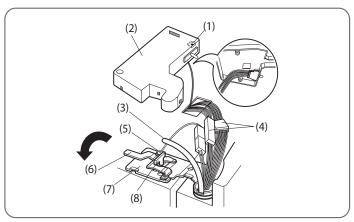
NOTE: Be careful when you work with the hinge and base grille. You may be injured.

To remove the left refrigerator door:

On the back of the refrigerator, pull the water tube out of the collet fitting on the connector by pressing the fitting release ring (see picture below).

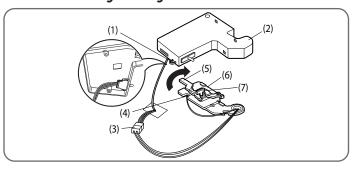


A CAUTION: Before you begin, remove food and bins from the doors.



- 1. Open the door. Remove the top hinge cover screw (1). Lift up the cover (2).
- 2. Remove the cover.
- 3. Pull out the tube (3).
- 4. Disconnect all wire harnesses (4).
- 5. Remove the grounding screw (5).
- 6. Rotate hinge lever (6) counterclockwise. Lift the top hinge (7) free of the hinge lever latch (8).
- **A** CAUTION: When lifting the hinge free of the latch, be careful that the door does not fall forward.
- Lift the door from the middle hinge pin and remove the door.
- 8. Place the door, inside facing up, on a non-scratching surface.

To remove the right refrigerator door:



- 1. Open the door. Remove the top hinge cover screw (1). Lift up cover (2).
- 2. Remove cover.
- 3. Disconnect wire harness (3).
- 4. Remove the grounding screw (4).
- 5. Rotate hinge lever (5) clockwise. Lift top hinge (6) free of hinge lever latch (7).
- 6. Remove the door by lifting it off the middle hinge pin, located at the bottom of the door.
- 7. Place the door on a soft, smooth surface with the inside up to prevent damage.
- **A** CAUTION: When lifting the hinge free of the latch, be careful that the door does not fall forward.

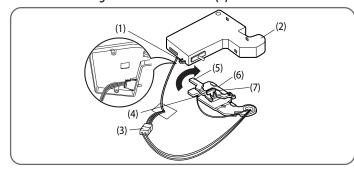
Reinstalling the Refrigerator Door

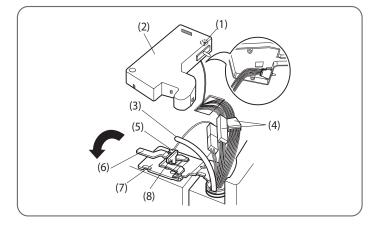
► Left Door

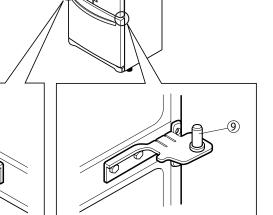
- 1. Lower the door onto middle hinge pin (10).
- 2. Fit top hinge (7) over hinge lever latch (8) and into place. Rotate lever (6) clockwise to secure hinge.
- 3. Install the grounding screw (5) and connect the two wire harnesses (4).
- 4. Push the water tube (3) located at the top of the left door into the hole beside the left hinge on the top of the cabinet until it exits through the back.
- 5. Insert the water supply tube (3) into the connector until you see only one scale mark. Fully insert the tube over $\frac{5}{8}$ in. (15 mm).
- 6. Hook tabs on left side of hinge cover (1) under the edge of the top hinge (7) and position the cover in place. Insert and tighten the cover screw (1).



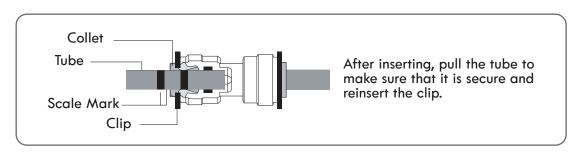
- 1. Lower the door onto middle hinge pin (9).
- 2. Fit top hinge (6) over hinge lever latch (7) and into place. Rotate lever (5) counterclockwise to secure hinge.
- 3. Install the grounding screw (4) and connect wire harnesses (3).
- 4. Hook tab on switch side of corner under edge of wire opening in cabinet top. Position cover (2) into place. Insert and tighten cover screw (1).











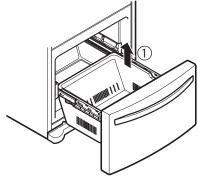
HOW TO REMOVE THE FREEZER DRAWER

▲ WARNING: Use two or more people to remove and install the freezer drawer. Failure to do so can result personal injury or product damage.

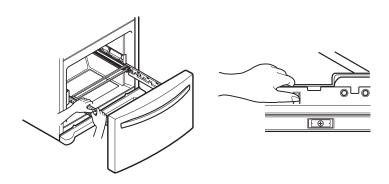
▲ CAUTION: Do not hold the handle when removing or replacing the drawer. The handle may come off and it could cause personal injury.

NOTE: In the following figures, the Pullout Drawer located above the freezer drawer is not shown for clarity.

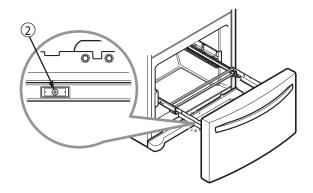
Pull the drawer open to full extension. Remove the lower basket 1 by lifting the basket from the rail system.



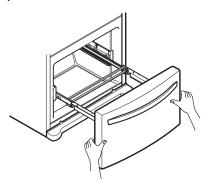
Press in the tabs on the rail covers and lift them up to separate from the rail assembly.



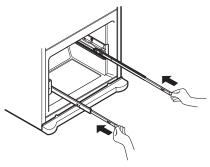
Remove the rail screw ② on both the left and right rails.



With both hands, grasp the sides of the door and pull it up to separate it from the rails.



With both hands, hold each rail and push it in to allow both rails to slide in simultaneously.

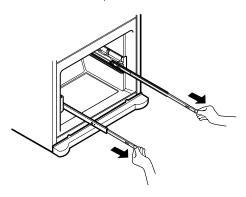


▲ WARNING: If the Durabase divider is removed, there is enough open space for children or pets to crawl inside. To prevent accidental child and pet entrapment or suffocation risk, DO NOT allow them to touch or go near the freezer drawer.

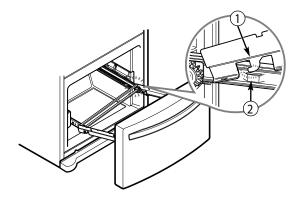
▲ WARNING: DO NOT step or sit down on freezer drawer.

HOW TO INSTALL THE FREEZER DRAWER

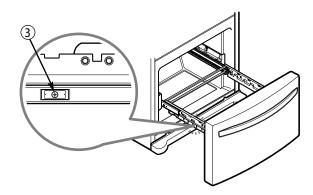
With both hands, pull out each rail simultaneously until both rails are fully extended.



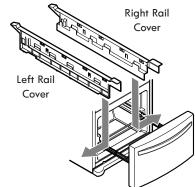
Hook the door support 1 into the rail tabs 2 on both sides.



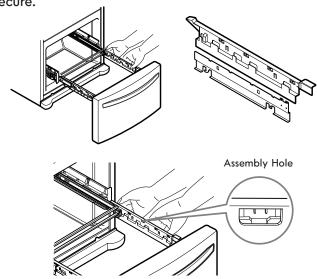
Lower door into final position and tighten the screws (3).



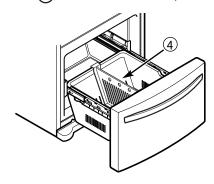
Make sure that you have the correct rail cover for each side.



Align the tabs on the covers with the assembly holes on each rail, and snap the rail covers in place to secure.



With the drawer pulled out to full extension, insert the lower basket (4) in the rail assembly.



★ WARNING: If the Durabase divider is removed, there is enough open space for children or pets to crawl inside. To prevent accidental child and pet entrapment or suffocation risk, DO NOT allow them to touch or go near the freezer drawer.

▲ WARNING: DO NOT step or sit down on freezer drawer.

LEVELING AND DOOR ALIGNMENT

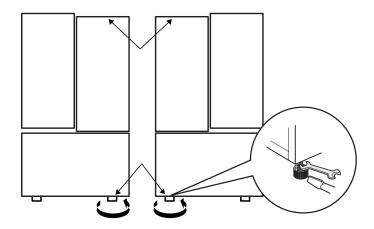
Leveling

After installing, plug the refrigerator's power cord into a 3-prong grounded outlet and push the refrigerator into the final position.

Your refrigerator has two front leveling legs—one on the right and one on the left. Adjust the legs to alter the tilt from front-to-back or side-to-side. If your refrigerator seems unsteady, or you want the doors to close more easily, adjust the refrigerator's tilt using the instructions below:

NOTE: Tools Required: $^{11}/_{16}$ " (18mm) wrench or flat blade screwdriver.

- 1. Remove the base grille (refer to page 10).
- Turn the leveling leg to the left to raise that side of the refrigerator or to the right to lower it. It may take several turns of the leveling leg to adjust the tilt of the refrigerator.



NOTE: Having someone push backward against the top of the refrigerator takes some weight off of the leveling legs. This makes it easier to adjust the legs.

- 3. Open both doors again and check to make sure that they close easily. If the doors do not close easily, tilt the refrigerator slightly more to the rear by turning both leveling legs to the left. It may take several more turns, and you should turn both leveling legs the same amount.
- 4. Replace the base grille.

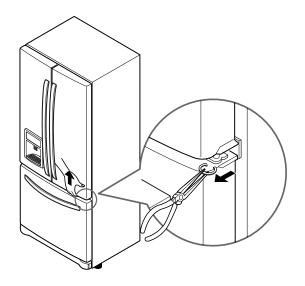
NOTE: Your refrigerator is uniquely designed with two fresh food doors. Either door can be opened or closed independently of the other. You may have to exert slight pressure on the doors to get them to close completely.

Door Alignment

Both the left and right refrigerator doors have an adjustable nut, located on the bottom hinge, to raise and lower them to align properly.

If the space between your doors is uneven, follow the instructions below to align the doors evenly:

Use the wrench (included with the Use & Care Guide) to turn the nut in the door hinge to adjust the height. To the right to raise or to the left to lower the height.



USING YOUR REFRIGERATOR

SETTING THE CONTROLS

Temperature



- The Refrigerator Temp Control ranges from 33°F to 46°F (0°C to 8°C). Press the Refrigerator Temp button to cycle through the available temperature settings one increment at a time.
- The Freezer Temp Control range is from -6°F to 8°F (-21°C to -13°C). Press the Freezer Temp button to cycle through the available temperature settings one increment at a time.

NOTE: When changing control settings, wait 24 hours before making additional adjustments. The controls are set correctly when milk or juice is as cold as you would like and when ice cream is firm. If the temperature in either compartment is too cold or too warm, change the setting one increment at a time. Wait 24 hours for the change to stabilize before adjusting again.

Ultra Ice

- When you press the Ultra Ice button, the Ultra Ice graphic will illuminate in the display and will continue for 24 hours. The function will automatically shut off after 24 hours.
- You can stop this function manually by touching the button one more time.
- This function increases both ice making and freezing capabilities.

Dispenser

- Press the Ice & Water button to select either Water, Cubed Ice or Crushed Ice. The selected option will illuminate.
- Some dripping may occur after dispensing. Hold your cup beneath the dispenser for a few seconds after dispensing to catch all of the drops.

NOTE: The dispenser will not work if any door is left open or if the control lock is engaged.

A CAUTION: The control display is operated by touch. Excessive moisture on the display may cause a malfunction. Please keep the display clean and dry.





Filter Reset

When the water filter indicator turns on, you have to change the water filter. After changing the water filter, press and hold the Filter Reset button for three seconds to turn the indicator light off. You need to change the water filter approximately every six months.

Dispenser Light

To turn the dispenser light on and off press the Light button.

Door Alarm

- When power is connected to the refrigerator, the door alarm is initially set to ON. When you press and hold the Door Alarm button, the display will change to OFF and the Door Alarm function will deactivate.
- When either the refrigerator or the freezer door is left open for more than 60 seconds, the alarm tone will sound to let you know that the door is open.
- When you close the door, the door alarm will stop.

Control Lock

- When power is initially connected to the refrigerator, the Control Lock function is off.
- If you want to activate the Control Lock function to lock other buttons, press and hold the Door Alarm button for approximately three seconds. The Lock (ON) icon will display and the Control Lock function is now enabled.
- When the Control Lock function is activated, no other buttons will work. The dispenser pad is also deactivated.
- To disable the Control Lock function, press and hold the Door Alarm button for approximately three seconds.

Temperature Mode Switch Function (°F <->°C)

If you want to convert °F to °C or vice versa, press and hold the Freezer Temp and Refrigerator Temp buttons at the same time for approximately five seconds.

A CAUTION

Demo Mode (For store use only)

The Demo Mode disables all cooling in the refrigerator and freezer sections to conserve energy while on display in a retail store.

To deactivate Demo Mode:

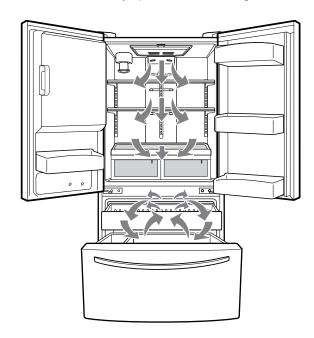
With the refrigerator door opened, press and hold the Refrigerator Temp and Ultra Ice buttons at the same time for five seconds. The control panel will beep to confirm that the Demo Mode is deactivated.

Power Saving Mode

- When the refrigerator is in the Power Saving Mode, the display will remain off until a door is opened or a button is pressed. Once on, the display will remain on for 20 seconds.
- To deactivate the Power Saving Mode, press the Freezer Temp and Ultra Ice buttons at the same time and hold them for approximately five seconds until the tone sounds.

AIRFLOW

Be sure not to block vents while packing your refrigerator. Doing so will restrict airflow and may cause the refrigerator temperature to become too warm or cause interior moisture buildup. (See air flow diagram below.)



IN-DOOR ICE BIN

A CAUTION

Keep hands and tools out of the ice compartment door and dispenser chute. Damage or personal injury may result.

The icemaker will stop producing ice when the ice bin is full. If you need more ice, empty the ice bin into the extra ice bin in the freezer compartment.

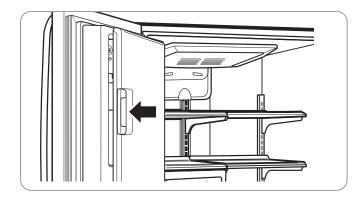
During use, the ice can become uneven causing the icemaker to misread the amount of ice cubes and stop producing ice. Shaking the ice bin to level the ice within it can reduce this problem.

NOTE: Storing cans or other items in the ice bin will damage the icemaker.

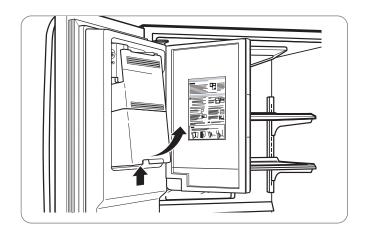
Keep the ice compartment door closed tightly. If the ice compartment door is not closed tightly, the cold air in the ice bin will freeze food in the refrigerator compartment. This could also cause the icemaker to not produce ice.

NOTE: To prevent ice cubes from melting and leaking from the dispenser, ALWAYS empty the ice bin when the icemaker is set to Off (O) for more than a few minutes.

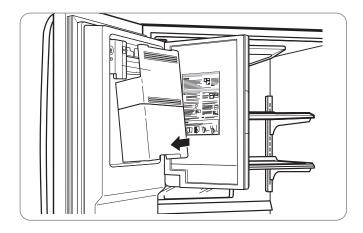
 Push on the latch firmly where noted to close the ice compartment door. It will make a clicking sound when it is completely closed.



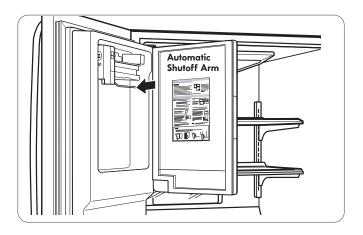
2. To remove the in-door ice bin, grip the front handle, slightly lift the lower part, and slowly pull out the bin as shown.



To reinstall the in-door ice bin, slightly slant the bin during replacement to avoid contact with the icemaker.



4. Avoid touching the ice-detecting sensor when replacing the ice bin. See the label on the ice compartment door for details.



AUTOMATIC ICEMAKER

The icemaker will produce 6 cubes per cycle—approximately 100 cubes in a 24-hour period, depending on freezer compartment temperature, room temperature, number of door openings and other operating conditions.

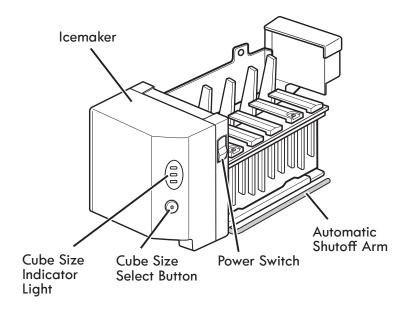
- It takes about 12 to 24 hours for a newly installed refrigerator to make ice.
- · Icemaking stops when the ice storage bin is full.
- To turn off the automatic icemaker, set the icemaker switch to OFF(O). To turn on the automatic icemaker, set the switch to ON(I).
- You can regulate the cube size by pressing the Cube Size Select Button.
- The cube size will vary depending on the Cube Size Setting, as well as the water pressure of the connected water line.

NOTE: The water pressure must be between 20 and 125 psi on models without a water filter and between 40 and 125 psi on models with a water filter to produce the normal amount and size cubes.

AWARNING

Personal Injury Hazard

DO NOT place fingers or hands on the automatic ice making mechanism while the refrigerator is plugged in.



AUTOMATIC ICEMAKER (continued)

ACAUTION

- The first ice and water dispensed may include particles or odor from the water supply line or the water tank.
- Throw away the first few batches of ice (about 24 cubes). This is also necessary if the refrigerator has not been used for a long time.
- Never store beverage cans or other items in the ice bin for the purpose of rapid cooling. Doing so may damage the icemaker or the containers may burst.
- If discolored ice is dispensed, check the water filter and water supply. If the problem continues, contact a Sears or other qualified service center. Do not use the ice or water until the problem is corrected.
- Keep children away from the dispenser. Children may play with or damage the controls.
- The ice passage may become blocked with frost if only crushed ice is used. Remove the frost that accumulates by removing the ice bin and clearing the passage with a rubber spatula. Dispensing cubed ice can also help prevent frost buildup.
- Never use thin crystal glass or crockery to collect ice.
 Such containers may chip or break resulting in glass fragments in the ice.
- Dispense ice into a glass before filling it with water or other beverages. Splashing may occur if ice is dispensed into a glass that already contains liquid.
- Never use a glass that is exceptionally narrow or deep. Ice may jam in the ice passage and refrigerator performance may be affected.
- Keep the glass at a proper distance from the ice outlet.
 A glass held too close to the outlet may prevent ice from dispensing.
- To avoid personal injury, keep hands out of the ice door and passage.
- · Never remove the dispenser cover.
- If ice or water dispenses unexpectedly, turn off the water supply and contact Sears Home Service at 1-800-4-MY HOME®.

WHEN YOU SHOULD SET THE ICEMAKER POWER SWITCH TO OFF (O)

- When the water supply will be shut off for several hours.
- When the ice bin is removed for more than one or two minutes.
- When the refrigerator will not be used for several days.

NOTE: The ice bin should be emptied when the icemaker ON/OFF switch is turned to the **OFF** position.

NORMAL SOUNDS YOU MAY HEAR

 The icemaker water valve will buzz as the icemaker fills with water. If the power switch is in the ON (I) position, it will buzz even if it has not yet been hooked up to water. To stop the buzzing, move the power switch to OFF (O).

NOTE: Keeping the power switch in the **ON** (I) position before the water line is connected can damage the icemaker.

 You will hear the sound of cubes dropping into the bin and water running in the pipes as the icemaker refills.

PREPARING FOR VACATION

Set the icemaker power switch to **OFF** (**O**) and shut off the water supply to the refrigerator.

NOTE: The ice bin should be emptied anytime the icemaker ON/OFF switch is turned to the **OFF** (**O**) position.

If the ambient temperature will drop below freezing, have a qualified technician drain the water supply system to prevent serious property damage due to flooding caused by ruptured water lines or connections.

FOOD STORAGE GUIDE

Wrap or store food in the refrigerator in airtight and moisture-proof material unless otherwise noted. This prevents food odor and taste transfer throughout the refrigerator. For dated products, check date code to ensure freshness.

Items	How to
Butter or margarine	Keep opened butter in a covered dish or closed compartment. When storing an extra supply, wrap in freezer packaging and freeze.
Cheese	Store in the original wrapping until you are ready to use it. Once opened, rewrap tightly in plastic wrap or aluminum foil.
Milk	➤ Wipe milk cartons. For best storage, place milk on interior shelf, not on door shelf.
Eggs	Store in original carton on interior shelf, not on door shelf.
Fruit	▶ Do not wash or hull the fruit until it is ready to be used. Sort and keep fruit in its original container, in a crisper, or store in a completely closed paper bag on a refrigerator shelf.
Leafy vegetables	Remove store wrapping and trim or tear off bruised and discolored areas. Wash in cold water and drain. Place in plastic bag or plastic container and store in crisper.
Vegetables with skins (carrots, peppers)	► Place in plastic bags or plastic container and store in crisper.
Fish	► Store fresh fish and shellfish in the freezer section if they are not being consumed the same day of purchase. It is recommended to consume fresh fish and shellfish the same day purchased.
Leftovers	Cover leftovers with plastic wrap, aluminum foil, or plastic containers with tight lids.

STORING FROZEN FOOD

NOTE: Check a freezer guide or a reliable cookbook for further information about preparing food for freezing or food storage times.

Freezing

Your freezer will not quick-freeze a large quantity of food. Do not put more unfrozen food into the freezer than will freeze within 24 hours (no more than 2 to 3 lbs. of food per cubic foot of freezer space). Leave enough space in the freezer for air to circulate around packages. Be careful to leave enough room at the front so the door can close tightly.

Storage times will vary according to the quality and type of food, the type of packaging or wrap used (how airtight and moisture-proof) and the storage temperature. Ice crystals inside a sealed package are normal. This simply means that moisture in the food and air inside the package have condensed, creating ice crystals.

NOTE: Allow hot foods to cool at room temperature for 30 minutes, then package and freeze. Cooling hot foods before freezing saves energy.

Packaging

Successful freezing depends on correct packaging. When you close and seal the package, it must not allow air or moisture in or out. If it does, you could have food odor and taste transfer throughout the refrigerator and could also dry out frozen food.

Packaging recommendations:

- Rigid plastic containers with tight-fitting lids
- Straight-sided canning/freezing jars
- Heavy-duty aluminum foil
- Plastic-coated paper
- Non-permeable plastic wraps
- Specified freezer-grade self-sealing plastic bags

 Illumination for a self-sealing planting planting

Follow package or container instructions for proper freezing methods.

Do not use

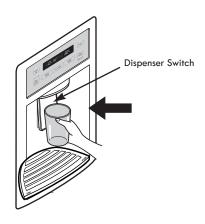
- Bread wrappers
- Non-polyethylene plastic containers
- Containers without tight lids
- Wax paper or wax-coated freezer wrap
- Thin, semi-permeable wrap

A CAUTION: Do not keep beverage cans or plastic food containers in the freezer compartment. They may break or burst if they freeze.

REFRIGERATOR SECTION

WATER DISPENSER

To dispense cold water, push on the dispenser switch with a glass.



Some dripping may occur after dispensing. Hold your cup beneath the dispenser for a few seconds after dispensing to catch all of the drops.

A WARNING: Do not put your fingers up the ice chute opening. Doing so can result in severe injury.

A CAUTION: Do not dispense ice into fine china or crystal glasses. China or crystal can break.



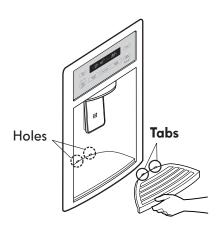
WATER TRAY

To remove the water tray, pull up on the front and pull it out.

Note: There is no drain beneath the tray. You may need to empty the tray of any liquid that collects in it.



Slightly tilt up the front of the tray and snap the tabs into the holes to reinstall.



REFRIGERATOR SHELVES

The shelves in your refrigerator are adjustable to meet your individual storage needs. Your model may have glass or wire shelves.

Adjusting the shelves to fit different heights of items will make finding the exact item you want easier. Doing so will also reduce the amount of time the refrigerator door is open which will save energy.

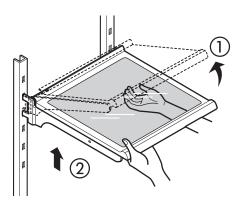
IMPORTANT: Do not clean glass shelves with warm water while they are cold. Shelves may break if exposed to sudden temperature changes or impact.

NOTE: Glass shelves are heavy. Use special care when removing them.

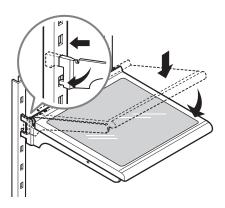
Adjusting Shelves (Cantilever)

Remove shelves from the shipping position and replace shelves in the position you want.

To remove a shelf—Tilt up the front of the shelf in the direction of (1) and lift it in the direction of (2). Pull the shelf out.



To reinstall a shelf—Tilt the front of the shelf up and guide the shelf hooks into the slots at a desired height. Then, lower the front of the shelf so that the hooks drop into the slots.



A CAUTION: Make sure that shelves are level from one side to the other. Failure to do so may result in the shelf falling or spilling food.

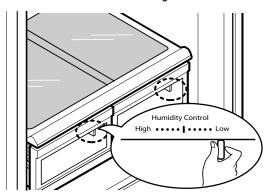
HUMIDITY CONTROLLED CRISPER

The crispers provide fresher tasting fruit and vegetables by letting you easily control humidity inside the drawer.

You can control the amount of humidity in the moisturesealed crispers by adjusting the control to any setting between **HIGH** and **LOW**.

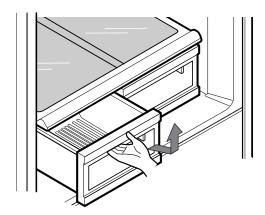
- HIGH keeps moist air in the crisper for best storage of fresh, leafy vegetables.
- LOW lets moist air out of the crisper for best storage of fruit.

A CAUTION: The glass shelf over the crisper is not firmly secured. Be careful when tilting.



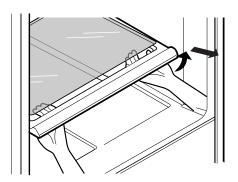
REMOVING THE HUMIDITY CONTROLLED CRISPER

- 1. To remove, pull the drawer out to full extension.
- 2. Lift the front of the crisper up, then pull it straight out.
- **3.** To install, slightly tilt up the front, insert the drawer into the frame and push it back into place.



To remove the glass

- 1. Lift up the glass under the crisper cover.
- 2. Pull the glass up and out.

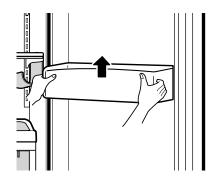


MODULAR DOOR BIN

The door bins are removable for easy cleaning and adjustment.

- 1. To remove the bin, simply lift the bin up and pull straight out.
- 2. To replace the bin, slide it in above the desired support and push down until it stops.

NOTE: Some bins may vary in appearance and will only fit in one location. To prevent damage, never use excessive force when removing or reinstalling the door bins.

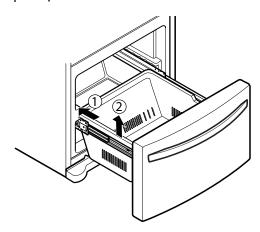


A CAUTION: Crispers, Door Bins and interior shelves are not dishwasher safe.

FREEZER SECTION

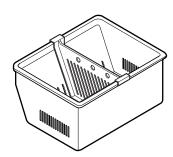
DURABASE

- To remove the Durabase, push it to the back as much as possible. Tilt up the front of the Durabase and pull straight out.
- 2. To replace, insert the Durabase in rail assembly.



DURABASE DIVIDER

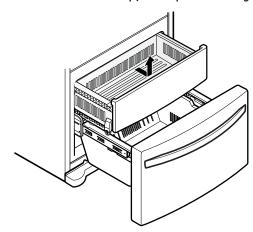
The Durabase divider allows you to organize the Durabase area into sections. It can be adjusted from side to side to accommodate items of different sizes.



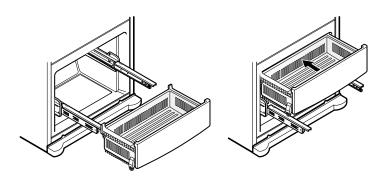
▲WARNING: If the Durabase divider is removed, there is enough open space for children or pets to crawl inside. To prevent accidental child and pet entrapment or suffocation risk, DO NOT allow children or pets to touch or go near the drawer.

PULLOUT DRAWER

1. To remove, pull the drawer out to full extension. Lift the front of the drawer up, then pull it straight out.



2. To replace, slightly tilt up the drawer front, insert drawer into the frame, and push drawer back into place.



WATER FILTER

REPLACING THE WATER FILTER



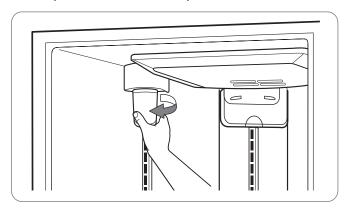
It is recommended that you replace the water filter:

- Approximately every six months.
- When the water filter indicator turns on.
- When the water dispenser output decreases.
- When the ice cubes are smaller than normal.

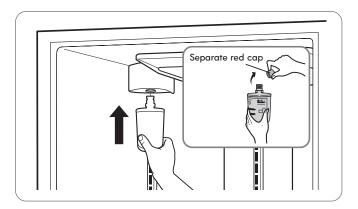
NOTE: Keep the water filter bypass plug. You MUST use the water filter bypass plug when a replacement water filter cartridge is not available.

 Slowly turn the old cartridge to the left. When the cartridge is released, you will feel it click out of place.

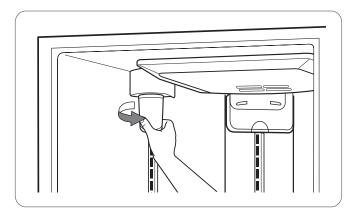
NOTE: Replacing the filter causes a small amount of water (around 1 oz. or 25 cc) to drain.



Remove the old cartridge. Take the new cartridge out of its packaging, and remove the red cap. Line up the cartridge ears so that it can be inserted into the filter head.



3. Twist the cartridge to the right about 1/4 of a turn. You will feel a stop and the locked symbol should now be lined up with the indicator line.



After the water filter is replaced, dispense 2.5 gallons of water (flush for approximately 5 minutes) to remove trapped air and contaminates from the system. Do not dispense the entire 2.5 gallon amount continuously. Depress and release the dispenser pad for cycles of 30 seconds ON and 60 seconds OFF.

After changing the filter, press and hold the FILTER button for 3 seconds to turn the indicator light off.

NOTE: To purchase a replacement water filter, visit a Sears store or call 1-800-4-MY-HOME[®]. Also, you may order on-line at www.sears.com/partsdirect

Performance Data Sheet

Model: GEN11042F-08

Use Replacement Cartridge GEN11042FR-08

The concentration of the indicated substances in water entering the system was reduced to a concentration less than or equal to the permissible limit for water leaving the system as specified in NSF/ANSI Standard 42.



System tested and certified by NSF International against NSF/ANSI Standard 42 for the reduction of substances listed below.

Capacity 500 Gallons (1,892 Liters)

Contaminant Reduction Determined by NSF testing.

Contaminant Reduction	Average Influent	Influent Challenge Concentration	Average Product Water Concentration	Average % Reduction	Max Effluent Mg/L	Min. Required Reduction
Chlorine Taste and Odor	2.0 mg/L	$2.0~\text{mg/L} \pm 10\%$	mg/L	97.4%	0.06 mg/L	≥ 50%
Nominal Particulate Class III, ≥ 5.0 to < 15.0 µm	48,000 pts/mL	At least 10,000 particles/mL	7.5 mg/L	99.9%	26 mg/L	≥85%

Application Guidelines/Water Supply Parameters		
Service Flow	0.5 gpm (1.89 lpm)	
Water Supply	Potable Water	
Water Pressure	20 -125 psi (138 – 862 kPa)	
Water Temperature	34 °F - 100 °F (1.1 °C - 37.8 °C)	

It is essential that the manufacturer's recommended installation, maintenance and filter replacement requirements be carried out for the product to perform as advertised.

NOTE: While the testing was performed under standard laboratory conditions, actual performance may vary.

Replacement Cartridge: GEN11042FR-08.

To purchase a replacement filter, visit your local Sears store or call 1-800-4-MY-HOME. Visit us on the web at www.sears.com/partsdirect.

SAFETY INFORMATION

Read, understand, and follow all safety information contained in these instructions prior to use of the KENMORE® Model GEN11042F-08 drinking water system. Retain these instructions for future reference.

Intended Use:

The KENMORE® Model GEN11042F-08 drinking water system is intended for use in filtering contaminants from drinking water as listed on the Performance Data Sheet, and has not been evaluated for other uses. The system is installed inside the refrigerator and must be installed, operated and maintained as specified in the installation and use instructions.

▲WARNING

To reduce the risk associated with ingestion of contaminants:

Do not use with water that is microbiologically unsafe or of unknown quality without adequate disinfection before and after the system.

CAUTION

To reduce risk of property damage due to water leakage:

- **Read and follow** Use Instructions before installation and use of this system.
- Installation and use **MUST** comply with all state and local plumbing codes.
- **Protect filter from freezing.** Remove filter in temperatures below 34°F (1.1°C).
- Do not install on hot water supply lines. The maximum operating water temperature of this filter system is 100°F (37.8°C).
- Do not install if water pressure exceeds 125 psi (862 kPa). If your water pressure exceeds 80 psi (552 kPa), you must install a pressure limiting valve. Contact a plumbing professional if you are uncertain how to check your water pressure.
- Do not install where water hammer conditions may occur. If water hammer conditions exist you must install a water hammer arrester. Contact a plumbing professional if you are uncertain how to check for this condition.
- Where a backflow prevention device is installed on a water system, a device for controlling pressure due to thermal expansion must be installed.
- The disposable filter cartridge MUST be replaced every six months, at the rated capacity or sooner if a noticeable reduction in flow rate occurs.

State of California Department of Public Health

Water Treatment Device Certificate Number 09 - 2019

Date Issued: December 15, 2009

Manufacturer: Sears Roebuck and Co.

The water treatment device(s) listed on this certificate have met the testing requirements pursuant to Section 116830 of the Health and Safety Code for the following health related contaminants:

Microbiological Contaminants and Turbidity Inorganic/Radiological Contaminants Asbestos Cysts Lead Mercury **Organic Contaminants** 2,4-D Reduction Atrazine Benzene Carbofuran Lindane p-Dichlorobenzene Toxaphene Rated Service Capacity: 200 gal Rated Service Flow: 0.5 gpm

Conditions of Certification:

CARE AND CLEANING

AWARNING



Explosion Hazard

Use non-flammable cleaner. Failure to do so can result in fire, explosion, or death.

Both the refrigerator and freezer sections defrost automatically; however, clean both sections about once a month to prevent odors. Wipe up spills immediately.

GENERAL CLEANING TIPS

- · Unplug refrigerator or disconnect power.
- Remove all removable parts, such as shelves, crispers, etc. Refer to sections in Using Your Refrigerator for removal instructions.
- Use a clean sponge or soft cloth and a mild detergent in warm water. Do not use abrasive or harsh cleaners.
- Hand wash, rinse and dry all surfaces thoroughly.
- Plug in refrigerator or reconnect power.

EXTERIOR

Waxing external painted metal surfaces helps provide rust protection. Do not wax plastic parts. Wax painted metal surfaces at least twice a year using appliance wax (or auto paste wax). Apply wax with a clean, soft cloth.

For products with a stainless steel exterior, use a clean sponge or soft cloth and a mild detergent in warm water. Do not use abrasive or harsh cleaners. Dry thoroughly with a soft cloth.

INSIDE WALLS (allow freezer to warm up so the cloth will not stick)

To help remove odors, you can wash the inside of the refrigerator with a mixture of baking soda and warm water. Mix 2 tablespoons of baking soda to 1 quart of water (26 g soda to 1 liter water.) Be sure the baking soda is completely dissolved so it does not scratch the surfaces of the refrigerator.

ACAUTION: While cleaning the inside, do not spray water.

DOOR LINERS AND GASKETS

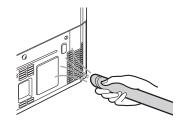
Use a clean sponge or soft cloth and a mild detergent in warm water. Do not use cleaning waxes, concentrated detergents, bleaches, or cleaners containing petroleum on plastic refrigerator parts.

PLASTIC PARTS (Covers and Panels)

Use a clean sponge or soft cloth and a mild detergent in warm water. Do not use window sprays, abrasive cleansers, or flammable fluids. These can scratch or damage the material.

CONDENSER COILS

Use a vacuum cleaner with an attachment to clean the condenser cover and vents. Do not remove the panel covering the condenser coil area.



LIGHT BULB REPLACEMENT

AWARNING

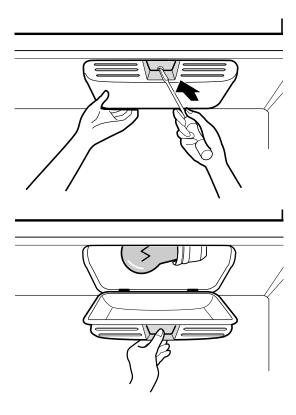
Electrical Shock Hazard

Before replacing a burned-out light bulb, either unplug the refrigerator or turn off power at the circuit breaker or fuse box.

NOTE: The refrigerator compartment lights Have LED interior lighting, and service should be performed by a qualified technician.

CHANGE FREEZER COMPARTMENT LIGHT BULB

- 1. Unplug refrigerator power cord form outlet.
- 2. Remove the screw using a Phillips screwdriver.
- Grasp the light cover and pull the cover downward.
- **A CAUTION:** Make sure that the bulb is cool to the touch.
- **4.** Rotate the bulb counterclockwise to remove.
- 5. Replace with a new 60-watt appliance bulb.
- **6.** Insert tabs on back of cover into slots in freezer ceiling. Push cover up to snap front into place.
- 7. Tighten the screw using a Phillips screwdriver.



POWER INTERRUPTIONS

- 1. If the power will be out for 24 hours or less, keep all refrigerator doors closed to help foods stay cold and frozen.
- 2. If the power will be out for more than 24 hours, remove all food and store it in a different refrigerator or frozen food locker.

WHEN YOU GO ON VACATION

If you choose to leave the refrigerator on while you are away, follow these steps to prepare your refrigerator before you leave.

- 1. Use up any perishables and freeze other items.
- 2. Turn off the icemaker and empty the ice bin.

If you choose to turn the refrigerator off before you leave, follow these steps.

- 1. Remove all food from the refrigerator.
- Depending on your model, set the thermostat control (refrigerator control) to OFF. See the Setting the Controls section.
- 3. Clean the refrigerator, wipe it and dry well.
- **4.** Tape rubber or wood blocks to the tops of both doors to prop them open far enough for air to get in. This stops odor and mold from building up.

WHEN YOU MOVE

When you are moving your refrigerator to a new home, follow these steps to prepare it for the move.

- 1. Remove all food from the refrigerator and pack all frozen food in dry ice.
- **2.** Unplug the refrigerator.
- 3. Clean, wipe and dry thoroughly.
- **4.** Take out all removable parts, wrap them well and tape them together so they do not shift and rattle during the move. Refer to the **Using your Refrigerator** section for removable instructions.
- **5.** Depending on the model, raise the front of the refrigerator so it rolls easier OR screw in the leveling legs all the way so they do not scrape the floor. See the Door Closing section.
- **6.** Tape the doors shut and tape the power cord to the refrigerator cabinet.

When you get to your new home, put everything back and refer to the **Refrigerator Installation** section for preparation instructions.

CONNECTING THE WATER LINE

BEFORE YOU BEGIN

This water line installation is not covered by the refrigerator warranty. Follow these instructions carefully to minimize the risk of expensive water damage.

Water hammer (water banging in the pipes) in house plumbing can cause damage to refrigerator parts and can lead to water leakage or flooding. Call a qualified plumber to correct water hammer before installing the water supply line to the refrigerator.

To prevent burns and product damage, only connect the refrigerator water line to a cold water supply.

If you use your refrigerator before connecting the water line, make sure the icemaker power switch is in the **OFF** (O) position.

Do not install the icemaker tubing in areas where temperatures fall below freezing.

WATER PRESSURE

A cold water supply. The water pressure must be between 20 and 125 psi on models without a water filter and between 40 and 125 psi on models with a water filter.

If a reverse osmosis water filtration system is connected to your cold water supply, this water line installation is not covered by the refrigerator warranty. Follow the following instructions carefully to minimize the risk of expensive water damage.

If a reverse osmosis water filtration system is connected to your cold water supply, the water pressure to the reverse osmosis system needs to be a minimum of 40 to 60 psi (2.8 kgf/cm² \sim 4.2 kgf/cm², less than 2.0 \sim 3.0 sec. to fill a cup of 7 oz capacity).

If the water pressure from the reverse osmosis system is less than 21 psi or 1.5 kgf/cm2 (takes more than 4.0 sec to fill a cup of 7 oz capacity):

- Check to see if the sediment filter in the reverse osmosis system is blocked. Replace the filter if necessary.
- Allow the storage tank on the reverse osmosis system to refill after heavy usage.
- If the issue concerning water pressure from reverse osmosis remains, call a licensed, qualified plumber.
- All installations must be in accordance with local plumbing code requirements.

CAUTION: Wear eye protection during installation to prevent injury.

WHAT YOU WILL NEED

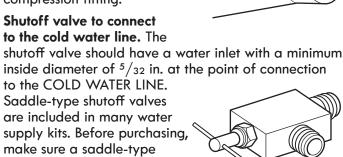
 Copper Tubing, ¼ in. outer diameter, to connect the refrigerator to the water supply. Be sure both ends of the tubing are cut square.



- To determine how much tubing you need: measure the distance from the water valve on the back of the refrigerator to the water supply pipe. Then, add 8 feet (2.4 m). Be sure there is sufficient extra tubing (about 8 feet [2.4 m] coiled into 3 turns of about 10 in. [25 cm] diameter) to allow the refrigerator to move out from the wall after installation.
- Power drill.
- ½ in. or adjustable wrench.
- Flat blade and Phillips head screwdrivers.
- Two ¼ in. outer diameter compression nuts and 2 ferrules (sleeves) to connect the copper tubing to the shutoff valve and the refrigerator water valve.
- If your existing copper water line has a flared fitting at the end, you will need an adapter (available at plumbing supply stores) to connect the water line to the refrigerator OR you can cut off the flared fitting with a tube cutter and then use a compression fitting.

valve complies with your local

plumbing codes.



NOTE: A Self Piercing Saddle Type Water Valve should not be used.

A WARNING

Electrical Shock Hazard

When using any electrical device (such as a power drill) during installation, be sure the device is battery powered, double insulated or grounded in a manner that will prevent the hazard of electric shock.

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

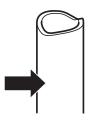
Install the shutoff valve on the nearest frequently used drinking water line.

1. SHUT OFF THE MAIN WATER SUPPLY

Turn on the nearest faucet to relieve the pressure on the line.

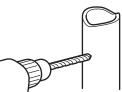
2. CHOOSE THE VALVE LOCATION

Choose a location for the valve that is easily accessible. It is best to connect into the side of a vertical water pipe. When it is necessary to connect into a horizontal water pipe, make the connection to the top or side, rather than at the bottom, to avoid drawing off any sediment from the water pipe.



3. DRILL THE HOLE FOR THE VALVE

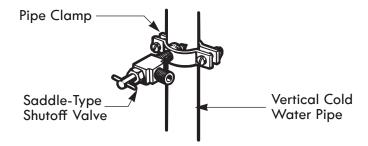
Drill a $\frac{1}{4}$ in. hole in the water pipe using a sharp bit. Remove any burrs resulting from drilling the hole in the pipe. Be careful not to allow water to drain into the drill. Failure to drill a 1/4 in. hole may result in reduced ice production or smaller cubes.



NOTE: The hookup line cannot be white, plastic tubing. Licensed plumbers must use only copper tubing NDA tubing #49595 or 49599 or Cross Link Polyethylene (PEX) tubing.

4. FASTEN THE SHUTOFF VALVE

Fasten the shutoff valve to the cold water pipe with the pipe clamp.

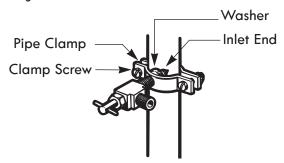


NOTE: Commonwealth of Massachusetts Plumbing Codes 248CMR shall be adhered to. Saddle valves are illegal and use is not permitted in Massachusetts. Consult with your licensed plumber.

5. TIGHTEN THE PIPE CLAMP

Tighten the clamp screws until the sealing washer begins to swell.

NOTE: Do not overtighten clamp or you may crush the tubing.



6. ROUTE THE TUBING

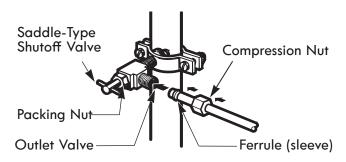
Route the tubing between the cold water line and the refrigerator.

Route the tubing through a hole drilled in the wall or floor (behind the refrigerator or adjacent base cabinet) as close to the wall as possible.

NOTE: Be sure there is sufficient extra tubing (about 8 feet coiled into 3 turns of about 10 in. diameter) to allow the refrigerator to move out from the wall after installation.

7. CONNECT THE TUBING TO THE VALVE

Place the compression nut and ferrule (sleeve) for copper tubing onto the end of the tubing and connect it to the shutoff valve. Make sure the tubing is fully inserted into the valve. Tighten the compression nut securely.



NOTE: Commonwealth of Massachusetts Plumbing Codes 248CMR shall be adhered to. Saddle valves are illegal and their use is not permitted in Massachusetts. Consult with your licensed plumber.

8. FLUSH OUT THE TUBING

Turn the main water supply on and flush out the tubing until the water is clear.

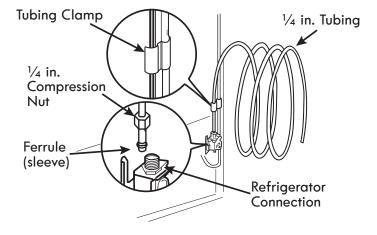
Shut the water off at the water valve after about one quart of water has been flushed through the tubing.



9. CONNECT THE TUBING TO THE REFRIGERATOR

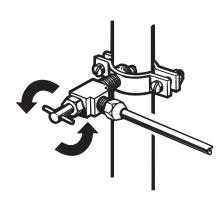
NOTE: Before making the connection to the refrigerator, be sure that the refrigerator power cord is not plugged into the wall outlet.

- 1. Remove the plastic flexible cap from the water valve.
- **2.** Place the compression nut and ferrule (sleeve) onto the end of the tubing as shown.
- Insert the end of the copper tubing into the connection as far as possible. While holding the tubing, tighten the fitting.



10. TURN THE WATER ON AT THE SHUTOFF VALVE

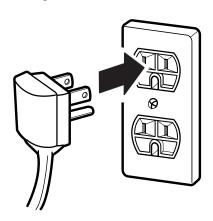
Tighten any connections that leak.



ACAUTION: Check to see if leaks occur at the water line connections.

11. PLUG IN THE REFRIGERATOR

Arrange the coil of tubing so that it does not vibrate against the back of the refrigerator or against the wall. Push the refrigerator back to the wall.



12. START THE ICEMAKER

Set the icemaker power switch to the **ON** position.

The icemaker will not begin to operate until it reaches its operating temperature of $15^{\circ}F$ ($-9^{\circ}C$) or below. It will then begin operation automatically if the icemaker power switch is in the **ON** (I) position.

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

COOLING

Before conducting troubleshooting, make sure that the following basic requirements are met:

Service Flow	0.5 gpm (1.9 lpm)
Water Supply	Potable Water
Water Pressure	20-125 psi (138 - 862 kPa)
Operating Ambient Temperature Limits	55°F to 110°F (13°C - 43°C)
Electrical Ratings	115 Volts, 60 Hz, AC only, and fused at 15 or 20 amperes.

Problem	Possible Causes	Solutions
Refrigerator and Freezer section are	The refrigerator control is set to OFF (some models).	Turn the control ON. Refer to the Setting the Controls section for proper temperature settings.
not cooling.	Refrigerator is set to demo mode.	Demo Mode allows the lights and control display to work normally while disabling cooling to save energy while on the showroom floor. Refer to the Setting the Controls section for instructions on how to disable Demo Mode.
	Refrigerator is in the defrost cycle.	During the defrost cycle, the temperature of each compartment may raise slightly. Wait 30 minutes and confirm the proper temperature has been restored once the defrost cycle has completed.
	Refrigerator was recently installed.	It may take up to 24 hours for each compartment to reach the desired temperature.
	Refrigerator was recently relocated.	If the refrigerator was stored for a long period of time or moved on its side, it is necessary for the refrigerator to stand upright for 24 hours before connecting it to power.
Cooling System runs too much.	Refrigerator is replacing an older model.	Modern refrigerators require more operating time but use less energy due to more efficient technology.
	Refrigerator was recently plugged in or power restored.	The refrigerator will take up to 24 hours to cool completely.
	Door opened often or a large amount of food / hot food was added.	Adding food and opening the door warms the refrigerator, requiring the compressor to run longer in order to cool the refrigerator back down. In order to conserve energy, try to get everything you need out of the refrigerator at once, keep food organized so it is easy to find, and close the door as soon as the food is removed. (Refer to the Food Storage Guide.)
	Doors are not closed completely.	Firmly push the doors shut. If they will not shut all the way, see the Doors will not close completely or pop open section in Parts & Features Troubleshooting.
	Refrigerator is installed in a hot location.	The compressor will run longer under warm conditions. At normal room temperatures (70°F) expect your compressor to run about 40% to 80% of the time. Under warmer conditions, expect it to run even more often. The refrigerator should not be operated above 110°F.
	Condenser / back cover is clogged.	Use a vacuum cleaner with an attachment to clean the condenser cover and vents. Do not remove the panel covering the condenser coil area.

COOLING

Problem	Possible Causes	Solutions
Refrigerator or Freezer section is too	Refrigerator was recently installed.	It may take up to 24 hours for each compartment to reach the desired temperature.
warm.	Air vents are blocked.	Rearrange items to allow air to flow throughout the compartment. Refer to the Airflow diagram in the Using Your Refrigerator section.
	Doors are opened often or for long periods of time.	When the doors are opened often or for long periods of time, warm, humid air enters the compartment. This raises the temperature and moisture level within the compartment. To lessen the effect, reduce the frequency and duration of door openings.
	Unit is installed in a hot location.	The refrigerator should not be operated in temperatures above 110°F.
	A large amount of food or hot food was added to either compartment.	Adding food warms the compartment requiring the cooling system to run. Allowing hot food to cool to room temperature before putting it in the refrigerator will reduce this effect.
	Doors not closed correctly.	See the Doors will not close correctly or pop open section in Parts & Features Troubleshooting.
	Temperature control is not set correctly.	If the temperature is too warm, adjust the control one increment at a time and wait for the temperature to stabilize. Refer to the Setting the Controls section for more information.
	Defrost cycle has recently completed.	During the defrost cycle, the temperature of each compartment may raise slightly and condensation may form on the back wall. Wait 30 minutes and confirm the proper temperature has been restored once the defrost cycle has completed.
Interior moisture buildup.	Doors are opened often or for long periods of time.	When the doors are opened often or for long periods of time, warm, humid air enters the compartment. This raises the temperature and moisture level within the compartment. To lessen the effect, reduce the frequency and duration of door openings.
	Doors not closed correctly.	See the Doors will not close correctly section in the Troubleshooting section.
	Weather is humid.	Humid weather allows additional moisture to enter the compartments when the doors are opened leading to condensation or frost. Maintaining a reasonable level of humidity in the home will help to control the amount of moisture that can enter the compartments.
	Defrost cycle recently completed.	During the defrost cycle, the temperature of each compartment may raise slightly and condensation may form on the back wall. Wait 30 minutes and confirm that the proper temperature has been restored once the defrost cycle has completed.
	Food is not packaged correctly.	Food stored uncovered or unwrapped, and damp containers can lead to moisture accumulation within each compartment. Wipe all containers dry and store food in sealed packaging to prevent condensation and frost.

COOLING/ICE & WATER

Problem	Possible Causes	Solutions
Food is freezing in the refrigerator	Food with high water content was placed near an air vent.	Rearrange items with high water content away from air vents.
compartment.	Refrigerator temperature control is set incorrectly.	If the temperature is too cold, adjust the control one increment at a time and wait for the temperature to stabilize. Refer to the Setting the Controls section for more information.
	Refrigerator is installed in a cold location.	When the refrigerator is operated in temperature below 41°F (5°C), food can freeze in the refrigerator compartment. The refrigerator should not be operated in temperature below 55°F (13°C).
Frost or ice crystals form on frozen food (outside of package).	Door is opened frequently or for long periods of time.	When the doors are opened often or for long periods of time, warm, humid air enters the compartment. This raises the temperature and moisture level within the compartment. Increased moisture will lead to frost and condensation. To lessen the effect, reduce the frequency and duration of door openings.
	Door is not closing properly.	Refer to the Doors will not close correctly or pop open section in the Troubleshooting section.
Refrigerator or Freezer section is too cold.	Incorrect temperature control settings.	If the temperature is too cold, adjust the control one increment at a time and wait for the temperature to stabilize. Refer to the Setting the Controls section for more information.
Frost or ice crystals on frozen food (inside of sealed	Condensation from food with a high water content has frozen inside of the food package.	This is normal for food items with a high water content.
package).	Food has been left in the freezer for a long period of time.	Do not store food items with high water content in the freezer for a long period of time.
lcemaker is not making enough ice.	Demand exceeds ice storage capacity.	The icemaker will produce approximately 100 cubes in a 24 hour period.
	House water supply is not connected, valve is not turned on fully, or valve is clogged.	Connect the refrigerator to a cold water supply with adequate pressure and turn the water shutoff valve fully open.
		If the problem persists, it may be necessary to contact a plumber.
	Water filter has been exhausted.	It is recommended that you replace the water filter:
		 Approximately every six months. When the water filter indicator turns on. When the water dispenser output decreases. When the ice cubes are smaller than normal.
	Low house water supply pressure.	The water pressure must be between 20 and 125 psi on models without a water filter and between 40 and 125 psi on models with a water filter.
		If the problem persists, it may be necessary to contact a plumber.
	Reverse Osmosis filtration system is used.	Reverse osmosis filtration systems can reduce the water pressure below the minimum amount and result in icemaker issues. (Refer to Water Pressure section.)
	Tubing connecting refrigerator to house supply valve is kinked.	The tubing can kink when the refrigerator is moved during installation or cleaning resulting in reduced water flow. Straighten or repair the water supply line and arrange it to prevent future kinks.

ICE & WATER

Problem	Possible Causes	Solutions
Icemaker is not making enough ice (continued).	Doors are opened often or for long periods of time.	If the doors of the unit are opened often, ambient air will warm the refrigerator which will prevent the unit from maintaining the set temperature. Lowering the refrigerator temperature can help, as well as not opening the doors as frequently.
	Doors are not closed completely.	If the doors are not properly closed, ice production will be affected. See the Doors will not close completely or pop open section in Parts & Features Troubleshooting for more information.
	The temperature setting for the freezer is too warm.	The recommended temperature for the freezer compartment for normal ice production is 0°F. If the freezer temperature is warmer, ice production will be affected.
Dispensing water	Water filter has been exhausted.	It is recommended that you replace the water filter:
slowly.		 Approximately every six months. When the water filter indicator turns on. When the water dispenser output decreases. When the ice cubes are smaller than normal.
	Reverse osmosis filtration system is used.	Reverse osmosis filtration systems can reduce the water pressure below the minimum amount and result in icemaker issues.
		If the problem persists, it may be necessary to contact a plumber.
	Low house water supply pressure.	The water pressure must be between 20 and 125 psi on models without a water filter and between 40 and 125 psi on models with a water filter.
		If the problem persists, it may be necessary to contact a plumber.
Not dispensing ice.	Doors are not closed completely.	Ice will not dispense if any of the refrigerator doors are left open.
	Infrequent use of the dispenser.	Infrequent use of the ice dispenser will cause the cubes to stick together over time, which will prevent them from properly dispensing. Check the ice bin for ice cubes clumping/sticking together. If they are, break up the ice cubes to allow for proper operation.
	The delivery chute is clogged with frost or ice fragments.	Eliminate the frost or ice fragments by removing the ice bin and clearing the chute with a plastic utensil. Dispensing cubed ice can also help prevent frost or ice fragment buildup.
	The dispenser display is locked.	Press and hold the Lock button for three seconds to unlock the control panel and dispenser.
	Ice bin is empty.	It may take up to 24 hours for each compartment to reach the desired temperature and for the icemaker to begin making ice. Make sure that the shutoff (arm/sensor) is not obstructed.
		Once the ice supply in the bin has been completely exhausted, it my take up to 90 minutes before additional ice is available, and approximately 24 hours to completely refill the bin.

ICE & WATER

Problem	Possible Causes	Solutions
Icemaker is not making ice.	Refrigerator was recently installed or icemaker recently connected.	It may take up to 24 hours for each compartment to reach the desired temperature and for the icemaker to begin making ice.
	Icemaker not turned on.	Locate the icemaker ON/OFF switch and confirm that it is in the ON (I) position.
	The ice detecting sensor is obstructed.	Foreign substances or frost on the ice-detecting sensor can interrupt ice production. Make sure that the sensor area is clean at all times for proper operation.
	The refrigerator is not connected to a water supply or the supply shutoff valve is not turned on.	Connect refrigerator to the water supply and turn the water shutoff valve fully open.
	Icemaker shutoff (arm or sensor) obstructed.	If your icemaker is equipped with an ice shutoff arm, make sure that the arm moves freely. If your icemaker is equipped with the electronic ice shutoff sensor, make sure that there is a clear path between the two sensors.
	Reverse osmosis water filtration system is connected to your cold water supply.	Reverse osmosis filtration systems can reduce the water pressure below the minimum amount and result in icemaker issues. (Refer to the Water Pressure section.)
Not dispensing water.	New installation or water line recently connected.	Dispense 2.5 gallons of water (flush for approximately 5 minutes) to remove trapped air and contaminates from the system. Do not dispense the entire 2.5 gallon amount continuously. Depress and release the dispenser pad for cycles of 30 seconds ON and 60 seconds OFF.
	The dispenser panel is locked.	Press and hold the Lock button for three seconds to unlock the control panel and dispenser.
	The dispenser is not set for water dispensing.	The dispenser can be set for ice or water. Make certain that the control panel is set for the proper operation. Press the Water button on the control panel to dispense water.
	Refrigerator or freezer doors are not closed properly.	Water will not dispense if any of the refrigerator doors are left open.
	Water filter has been recently removed or replaced.	After the water filter is replaced, dispense 2.5 gallons of water (flush for approximately 5 minutes) to remove trapped air and contaminates from the system. Do not dispense the entire 2.5 gallon amount continuously. Depress and release the dispenser pad for cycles of 30 seconds ON and 60 seconds OFF.
	Tubing connecting refrigerator to house supply valve is kinked.	The tubing can kink when the refrigerator is moved during installation or cleaning resulting in reduced water flow. Straighten or repair the water supply line and arrange it to prevent future kinks.
	The house water supply is not connected, the valve is not turned on	Connect refrigerator to the water supply and turn the water shutoff valve fully open.
	fully, or the valve is clogged.	If the problem persists, it may be necessary to contact a plumber.

ICE & WATER

Problem	Possible Causes	Solutions
Ice has bad taste or odor.	Water supply contains minerals such as sulfur.	A water filter may need to be installed to eliminate taste and odor problems.
		NOTE: In some cases, a filter may not help. It may not be possible to remove all minerals / odor / taste in all water supplies.
	Icemaker was recently installed.	Discard the first few batches of ice to avoid discolored or bad tasting ice.
	Ice has been stored for too long.	lce that has been stored for too long will shrink, become cloudy, and may develop a stale taste. Throw away old ice and make a new supply.
	The food has not been stored properly in either compartment.	Rewrap the food. Odors may migrate to the ice if food is not wrapped properly.
	The interior of the refrigerator needs to be cleaned.	See the Care and Cleaning section for more information.
	The ice storage bin needs to be cleaned.	Empty and wash the bin (discard old cubes). Make sure that the bin is completely dry before reinstalling it.
Dispensing warm water.	Refrigerator was recently installed.	Allow 24 hours after installation for the water storage tank to cool completely.
	The water dispenser has been used recently and the storage tank was exhausted.	Depending on your specific model, the water storage capacity will range from approximately 20 to 30 oz.
	Dispenser has not been used for several hours.	If the dispenser has not been used for several hours, the first glass dispensed may be warm. Discard the first 10 oz.
	Refrigerator is connected to the hot water supply.	Make sure that the refrigerator is connected to a cold water pipe.
		A WARNING: Connecting the refrigerator to a hot water line may damage the icemaker.
Water has bad taste or odor.	Water supply contains minerals such as sulfur.	A water filter may need to be installed to eliminate taste and odor problems.
	Water filter has been exhausted.	It is recommended that you replace the water filter:
		 Approximately every 6 months. When the water filter indicator turns on. When the water dispenser output decreases. When the ice cubes are smaller than normal.
	Refrigerator was recently installed.	Dispense 2.5 gallons of water (flush for approximately 5 minutes) to remove trapped air and contaminates from the system. Do not dispense the entire 2.5 gallon amount continuously. Depress and release the dispenser pad for cycles of 30 seconds ON and 60 seconds OFF.
Icemaker is making too much ice.	Icemaker shutoff (arm/sensor) is obstructed.	Empty the ice bin. If your icemaker is equipped with an ice shutoff arm, make sure that the arm moves freely. If your icemaker is equipped with the electronic ice shutoff sensor, make sure that there is a clear path between the two sensors. Reinstall the ice bin and wait 24 hours to confirm proper operation.

NOISE

Problem	Possible Causes	Solutions
Clicking	The defrost control will click when the automatic defrost cycle begins and ends. The thermostat control (or refrigerator control on some models) will also click when cycling on and off.	Normal Operation
Rattling	Rattling noises may come from the flow of refrigerant, the water line on the back of the unit, or items stored on top of or around the refrigerator.	Normal Operation
	Refrigerator is not resting solidly on the floor.	Floor is weak or uneven or leveling legs need to be adjusted. See the Door Alignment section.
	Refrigerator with linear compressor was jarred while running.	Normal Operation
Whooshing	Evaporator fan motor is circulating air through the refrigerator and freezer compartments.	Normal Operation
	Air is being forced over the condenser by the condenser fan.	Normal Operation
Gurgling	Refrigerant flowing through the cooling system.	Normal Operation
Popping	Contraction and expansion of the inside walls due to changes in temperature.	Normal Operation
Sizzling	Water dripping on the defrost heater during a defrost cycle.	Normal Operation
Vibrating	If the side or back of the refrigerator is touching a cabinet or wall, some of the normal vibrations may make an audible sound.	To eliminate the noise, make sure that the sides and back cannot vibrate against any wall or cabinet.
Dripping	Water running into the drain pan during the defrost cycle.	Normal Operation
Pulsating or High- Pitched Sound	Your refrigerator is designed to run more efficiently to keep your food items at the desired temperature. The high efficiency compressor may cause your new refrigerator to run longer than your old one, but it is still more energy efficient than previous models. While the refrigerator is running, it is normal to hear a pulsating or high-pitched sound.	Normal Operation

PARTS & FEATURES

Problem	Possible Causes	Solutions
Doors will not close correctly or pop open.	Food packages are blocking the door open.	Rearrange food containers to clear the door and door shelves.
	lce bin, crisper cover, pans, shelves, door bins, or baskets are out of position.	Push bins all the way in and put crisper cover, pans, shelves and baskets into their correct positions. See the Using Your Refrigerator section for more information.
	The doors were removed during product installation and not properly replaced.	Remove and replace the doors according to the Removing and Replacing Refrigerator Handles and Doors section.
	Refrigerator is not leveled properly.	See Door Alignment in the Refrigeration Installation section to level refrigerator.
Doors are difficult to open.	The gaskets are dirty or sticky.	Clean the gaskets and the surfaces that they touch. Rub a thin coat of appliance polish or kitchen wax on the gaskets after cleaning.
	Door was recently closed.	When you open the door, warmer air enters the refrigerator. As the warm air cools, it can create a vacuum. If the door is hard to open, wait one minute to allow the air pressure to equalize, then see if it opens more easily.
Refrigerator wobbles or seems unstable.	Leveling legs are not adjusted properly.	Refer to the Leveling and Door Alignment section.
	Floor is not level.	It may be necessary to add shims under the leveling legs or rollers to complete installation.
Refrigerator lights do not work.	The refrigerator compartment lamp is LED interior lighting, and service should be performed by a qualified technician.	Refer to the Light Bulb Replacement section.
Freezer lights do not work.	The freezer compartment light bulb may need to be changed.	Refer to the Light Bulb Replacement section.

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