

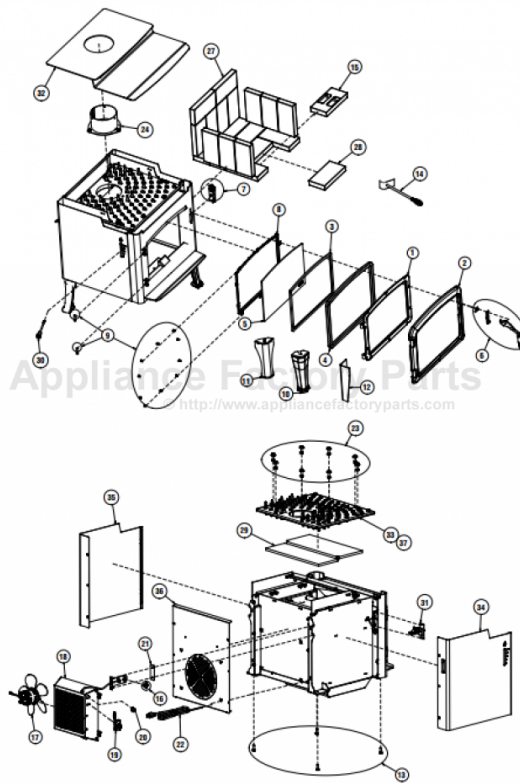
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# LENNOX HEARTH GV230 Owner's Manual

[Shop genuine replacement parts for LENNOX HEARTH  
GV230](#)

REPLACEMENT PARTS - MODEL GRANDVIEW™ 230



NOTE: DIAGRAMS & ILLUSTRATIONS ARE NOT TO SCALE.

[Find Your LENNOX HEARTH Wood or Gas Stove Parts - Select From 25 Models](#)

----- Manual continues below part list -----

## Available Replacement Parts for LENNOX HEARTH GV230

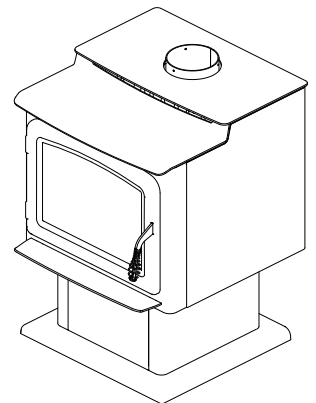
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Speed Control High Temperature FSB700

## Free-Standing EPA Certified Wood-Burning Stoves

Save These Instructions  
For Future Reference

P/N 506031-01, Rev. D, 10/2012



Grandview GV230

## Wood-Burning Stoves Model Grandview™ GV230

With Innovative Thermal Fin Technology (TFT™)

A French manual is available upon request. Order P/N 506223-28.

Ce manuel d'installation est disponible en français, simplement en faire la demande. Numéro de la pièce 506223-28.

This appliance must be properly installed and operated in order to prevent the possibility of a house fire. Please read this entire installation and operation manual before installing and using your wood stove. Failure to follow these instructions could result in property damage, bodily injury or even death.

Contact your local building or fire officials to obtain a permit and information on any installation requirements and inspection requirements in your area.



[www.nficertified.org](http://www.nficertified.org)

We recommend that our woodburning hearth products be installed and serviced by professionals who are certified in the U.S. by the National Fireplace Institute® (NFI) as NFI Woodburning Specialists or who are certified in Canada by Wood Energy Technical Training (WETT).



Intertek

WIN # 20551



### ⚠ WARNINGS

- **Hot! Do not touch! The glass and surfaces of this appliance will be hot during operation and will retain heat for a while after shutting off the appliance. Severe burns may result.**
- **Carefully supervise children in the same room as appliance.**

## CONGRATULATIONS!

When you purchased your new wood stove, you joined the ranks of thousands of individuals whose answer to their home heating needs reflects their concern for aesthetics, efficiency and our environment. We extend our continued support to help you achieve the maximum benefit and enjoyment available from your new wood stove.

Thank you for selecting a Lennox Hearth Products wood stove as the answer to your home supplemental heating needs.

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### USING THIS MANUAL

Please read and carefully follow all of the instructions found in this manual. Please pay special attention to the safety instructions provided in this manual.

**PRODUCT IS SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE**

## IMPORTANT SAFETY AND WARNING INFORMATION

### READ THIS MANUAL IN ITS ENTIRETY AND UNDERSTAND THESE RULES TO FOLLOW FOR SAFETY.

1. When this room heater is not properly installed, a house fire may result. To reduce the risk of fire, follow the installation instructions. Contact local building or fire officials about restrictions and installation inspection requirements in your area.
2. Wear gloves during installation to avoid injury from sharp edges on the stove and/or its parts.
3. This unit is designed and engineered to burn only dry, well-seasoned wood. Burning wet wood will greatly reduce the stove's efficiency, produce excessive amounts of smoke and can cause dangerous chimney fires due to creosote build-up.
4. Before opening the door, the draft control must be fully open to avoid possible combustion flash (ignition of hot volatile gases as the door is opened).
5. Never use gasoline, gasoline-type lantern fuel, kerosene, charcoal lighter fluid, or similar liquids to start or 'freshen up' a fire in this heater. Keep all such liquids well away from the heater while it is in use. **DO NOT USE CHEMICALS OR FLUIDS TO START THE FIRE.**
6. While burning, fuel utilizes oxygen from the air in the room. Be sure to allow an adequate amount of fresh air into the room where the stove is burning.
7. The outside surface of the stove will be hot while burning properly and can set items like clothing and curtains on fire. Keep furnishings and other combustible materials away from the stove. Using the heat from the stove to dry wet clothing can be hazardous if clothes are placed too near the surface of the stove.
8. **HOT WHILE IN OPERATION. KEEP CHILDREN, CLOTHING, FURNISHINGS AND COMBUSTIBLE MATERIAL A CONSIDERABLE DISTANCE AWAY. CONTACT MAY CAUSE SKIN BURNS.** Do not allow children to play near the stove without close supervision. Do not touch the stove while it is burning. Use extreme caution while the unit is in use. Surface temperatures become dangerously hot and can cause serious burns.
9. Do not allow anyone to operate the stove who is not familiar with the operating instructions.
10. Attempts to achieve heat output rates that exceed stove design specifications can result in permanent damage to the stove. Never leave your stove unattended on high burn rates. This may cause overfiring. Overfiring the stove may cause a house fire. If the stove glows, you are overfiring.
11. Keep a water hose or hand-operated fire extinguisher close for safety.
12. Smoke Detectors - Since there are always several potential sources of fire in any home, we recommend installing smoke detectors. If possible, install the smoke detector in a hallway adjacent to the room (to reduce the possibility of occasional false activation from the heat produced by the stove). If your local code requires a smoke detector be installed within the same room, you must follow the requirements of your local code. Check with your local building department for requirements in your area.
13. Inspect your chimney at least once a month during the burning season to check for soot and creosote accumulations. Any accumulations over 1/8" thick should be removed by a professional chimney sweep. Do not attempt to burn out heavy creosote accumulations with a hot fire. If large accumulations are occurring, review your burning procedures.
14. If a creosote fire should develop, the fire department should be called immediately and then attempts should be made to control the fire until assistance arrives. If a "runaway" fire should develop causing over-heating of the stove, the door and draft regulators should be closed immediately. The fire should die down once deprived of oxygen. After a severe chimney fire, the complete chimney system should be checked before further use.
15. **Do Not Use Grate Or Elevate Fire - Build Wood Fire Directly On Hearth (firebrick).** Do not use andirons or other methods of supporting the fuel.
16. Please read this entire manual before you install and use your new room heater. Failure to follow instructions may result in property damage, bodily injury, or even death.
17. Check all local building and safety codes before installation. The installation instructions and appropriate code requirements must be followed exactly and without compromise. In the absence of local codes the following standards and codes must be followed.
18. In the U.S.A, install in accordance with the National Fire Protection Association's Code, NFPA 211, Standards for Chimneys, Fireplaces, Vents and Solid-Fuel-Burning Appliances, or similar regulations, may apply to the installation of a Solid-Fuel-Burning appliance in your area. In Canada, the guideline is established by the CSA Standard, CAN/CSA-B365-M93, Installation Code for Solid-Fuel-Burning Appliances and Equipment.
19. **DO NOT CONNECT TO OR USE IN CONJUNCTION WITH ANY AIR DISTRIBUTION DUCTWORK UNLESS SPECIFICALLY APPROVED FOR SUCH INSTALLATIONS.**
20. **WARNING: BURNING IMPROPER FUEL (I.E. CHARCOAL) CAN RESULT IN CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING, WHICH MAY LEAD TO DEATH!**
21. Carbon Monoxide Poisoning – Early signs of carbon monoxide poisoning resemble the flu with headaches, dizziness, or nausea. If you have these signs, get fresh air at once! Have the heater inspected by a qualified service technician. Some people are more affected by carbon monoxide than others. These include pregnant women, people with heart or lung disease or anemia, those under the influence of alcohol, and those at high altitudes.
22. Failure to use manufacturer provided parts, variations in techniques and construction materials or practices other than those described in this manual may create a fire hazard and void the limited warranty.
23. Do not make any make-shift compromises during installation. Any modification or alteration may result in damage to the appliance or dwelling and will void the warranty, certification and listings of this unit.
24. These appliances are designed as supplemental heaters. Therefore, it is advisable to have an alternate heat source when installed in a dwelling.
25. **Do Not Overfire – If Heater or Chimney Connector Glows, You Are Overfiring.**
26. **DO NOT CONNECT THIS UNIT TO A CHIMNEY FLUE SERVING ANOTHER APPLIANCE.**
27. **DO NOT BURN GARBAGE OR FLAMMABLE FLUIDS SUCH AS GASOLINE, NAPHTHA OR ENGINE OIL.**

## TESTING INFORMATION

This manual describes the installation and operation of the Grandview™ 230 non-catalytic wood heater. This heater meets the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's emissions limits for wood heaters sold on or after July 1, 1990. This heater has been developed, tested and constructed in accordance with the requirements of UL 1482, ULC S627 and HUD standards and is listed by Intertek Testing Services, Portland, OR. It has been approved for residential, mobile home and alcove installations.

## DRAFT REQUIREMENTS

This appliance is dependent upon a properly functioning chimney for optimum performance. It is a high efficiency appliance that loses much less heat up the chimney than older appliances and fireplaces. For this reason it is important to match the stove to the chimney. The chimney has two functions:

1. It draws combustion air into the appliance (without air, no fuel will burn) and
2. It exhausts combustion by-products. Your new Country® Collection stove is what is known as a "natural draft" appliance.

The appliance depends solely on the natural draft of the chimney system to draw combustion air into the unit. Draft is the force that moves air from the appliance up into the chimney. The amount of draft in your chimney depends on the length of the chimney, local geography, nearby obstructions and other factors. Too much draft may cause excessive temperatures in the appliance (overfiring). Slow or inadequate draft equals poor combustion and possible smoking problems. The following are some conditions that may contribute to poor chimney draft:

1. A chimney too large for your appliance.
2. A chimney with not enough height to produce adequate draft.
3. A chimney with excessive height (this may allow exhaust to cool too much before exiting, which will stall the rate the exhaust exits).
4. Offsets in the venting system are too restrictive (see *Chimney Guidelines*).

Inadequate draft will cause the appliance to leak smoke into the room through the stove and the chimney connector joints.

Excessive draft may cause an uncontrollable burn or a glowing red stove or chimney part.

**Overfiring Damage** - If the heater or chimney connector glows, you are overfiring. Other symptoms may include: Cracking, warping or burning out of components, plated accessories may turn color, stove glass may develop a haze, which will not come off with cleaning.

Overfiring of a stove is a condition where excessive temperatures are reached, beyond the design capabilities of the appliance. The damage that occurs from overfiring is not covered under the manufacturer's limited warranty.

Also see *Troubleshooting* on **Page 24**.

## SELECTING THE PROPER VENTING SYSTEM

The appliance is merely one component of a larger system. The other equally important component is the venting system. This is necessary for achieving the required flow of combustion air to the fire chamber and for safely removing unwanted combustion by-products from the appliance. If the venting system's design does not promote these ends, the system may not function properly. Poorly functioning venting systems may create performance problems as well as be a safety hazard. **A draft test should read greater than .04' W.C. (inches water column) and less than .08" W.C.** As per NFPA-211 standard (see paragraph below), the installer must take into account all variables within the installation and install the appliance in such a manner that satisfies the draft requirements of the appliance. See *Chimney Guidelines* below to assist you in selecting the proper venting system for your installation.

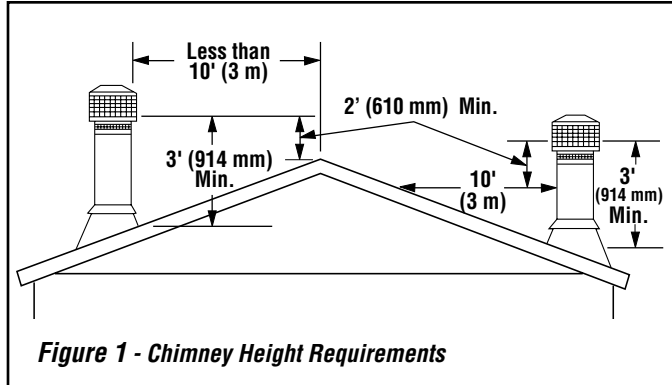
**American National Standards Institute ANSI/NFPA 211, Standard for Chimneys, Fireplaces, Vents, and Solid Fuel-Burning Appliances - See Draft Section:** A chimney or vent shall be so designed and constructed to develop a flow sufficient to completely remove all flue and vent gases to the outside atmosphere. The venting system shall satisfy the draft requirements of the connected appliance in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

### Chimney Guidelines:

- This appliance requires approximately 12 feet minimum of "effective draw" provided by the venting system. As a rule of thumb, every 90 degree total direction change in the venting will result in a loss of approximately 5 feet of "effective draw." Example: If two 45 degree offsets are used, subtract 5 feet from the actual vertical vent height to determine your "effective draw." In this case if you had 14 feet of vertical vent, the effective draw would only be approximately 9 feet (14 ft. - 5 ft. = 9 ft.), therefore it may be necessary to add additional height to the venting system.
- Do not install an offset within the first two feet above the flue outlet on the appliance.
- In well insulated and weather tight homes, it may be difficult to establish a good draft up your chimney. The poor draft is caused by a shortage of air in the house. In this situation an Outside Air Kit may need to be installed (See *Negative Pressure Warning* on **Page 5** and *Outside Combustion Air* on **Page 15**).

## CHIMNEY HEIGHT REQUIREMENTS

The chimney must extend 3' (.92m) above the level of roof penetration and a minimum of 2' (.61m) higher than any roof surface within 10' (3m) (see below). Check with your local building officials for additional requirements for your area.



To pass inspection in nearly any jurisdiction, the chimney must meet both safety and exhaust flow requirements. The (3' by) 2' by 10' rule applies to both masonry and factory-built chimneys.

**\* Ref. USA - National Standard, NFPA 211-latest edition and Canada National Standard CSA B365-01-latest edition. Vents installed with a listed cap shall terminate in accordance with the terms of the cap's listings.**

## NEGATIVE PRESSURE WARNING

This appliance is not designed to be operated in a negative pressure. In very airtight homes with large kitchen exhaust fans, furnace cold air returns, fresh air exchange systems and any other air system in close proximity to the heating appliance may create a negative pressure in the same room as the heating appliance. This can create dangerous back drafting of the stove and chimney joints, drawing combustion by-products into the home. Be sure your home has adequate makeup air to eliminate negative pressures caused by the above-mentioned sources. Outside air connected to the appliance probably will not resolve such a problem as the stove or fireplace insert is not the source of negative pressure. Lennox Hearth Products accepts no liability for damages resulting from negative pressures described here.

**Ventilation Requirements** - Provide adequate air for combustion. The fresh air requirements of this appliance must be met within the space where it will be installed. Ventilation is essential when using a Solid-Fuel-Burning heater. In well insulated and weather tight homes, it may be difficult to establish a good draft up the chimney (caused by a shortage of air in the home). The lack of air is caused by many common household appliances which exhaust air from the home (such as a furnace, heat pump, air conditioner, clothes dryer, exhaust fans, fireplaces, and other fuel burning appliances). Also, the combustion process of this heater uses oxygen from inside the dwelling. If the available fresh air delivery in the dwelling is insufficient to support the demands of these appliances, problems can result (e.g. excessive negative pressure can develop in the dwelling which will affect the rate at which this appliance can draft thus resulting in performance problems). To correct this problem it may help to open a window (preferably on the windward side of the house) or install an optional outside air kit.

## CLEARANCES TO COMBUSTIBLES

**WARNING: BE ABSOLUTELY SURE THE DISTANCE BETWEEN THE HEATER AND THE SURFACE OF ANY COMBUSTIBLE CONSTRUCTION IS NOT LESS THAN SHOWN IN THE FIGURES ON PAGE 7.**

### Floor Protection

**USA** - The floor in front and under the heater must be protected with noncombustible material. The covering must extend 16" in front of the door opening of the heater and 8" to either side of the door opening.

**Canada** - The floor in front and under the heater must be protected with noncombustible material. The covering must extend 450 mm in front of the door opening of the heater and 200 mm to either side of the stove body and 200 mm to the rear or to the wall, whichever is smaller.

**USA and Canada** - A chimney connector / venting extends horizontally over the floor, protection must also cover the floor under the connector / venting and at least 2" (51 mm) to either side.

**Alcove Installations USA and Canada** - The floor protection must be a thermally rated non-combustible floor protector. See **Page 8** for details on determining acceptable floor protection materials or hearth pads for alcove installations.

### Alcove Installation

**Clearances** - In alcove installations, only 6" double wall connector pipe can be used (single wall or single wall pipe with shield is not allowed). Minimum alcove width between combustible materials is 52" (1321 mm). Maximum alcove depth is 48" (1219 mm). Minimum alcove height is 90" (2286 mm).

**Thermal Floor Protection** - Thermal floor protection is only required where the stove is installed into an alcove.

### Chimney and Connector

Minimum 6" diameter, minimum 24 MSG black steel connector pipe with UL103HT listed factory-built chimney suitable for use with solid fuels or masonry chimney. Horizontal connection not tested, refer to local building codes for installation. See installation instructions for details. Restrictions apply! Read instructions before installing.

Residential chimney systems must be from the same brands as listed for mobile homes but connector pipe may be double wall, single wall, or single wall with shield as listed.

This appliance may be vented into a code-approved masonry chimney with flue liner.

**WARNING: CHIMNEY CONNECTOR MUST BE IN GOOD CONDITION AND KEPT CLEAN. DO NOT INSTALL DAMAGED PARTS.**

All of the stove connector pipe used must be of the same brand. The chimney that the stove pipe transitions into may be a different brand. Other than the transition of the stove pipe into the chimney, do Not mix different brand vent components. Install all vent components per vent manufacturer's instructions.

The chimney connector shall not pass through an attic or roof space, closet or similar concealed space, or a floor, or ceiling. Where passage through a wall, or partition of combustible construction is desired, the installation shall conform to CAN/CSA-B365, Installation Code for Solid-Fuel-Burning Appliances and Equipment.

There must be an effective vapor barrier at the location where the chimney or other component penetrates to the exterior of the structure. Follow the vent manufacturer's detailed instructions.

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** See *Draft Requirements* and *Selecting a Proper Venting System* on **Page 4** to assist you in choosing the proper venting system for your installation.

Clearance dimensions are to flue collar. If a single wall connector pipe with shield is used, a 1 inch air space is needed between pipe and shield. Shield attaches to rear of stove pipe and must run from stove top to ceiling. Pipe shield shall be UL listed.

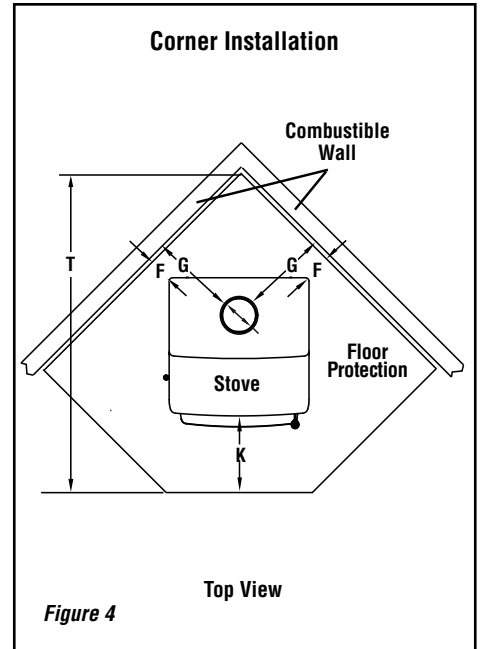
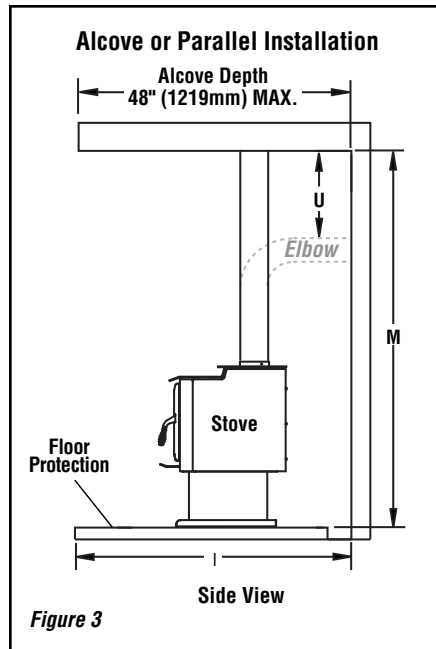
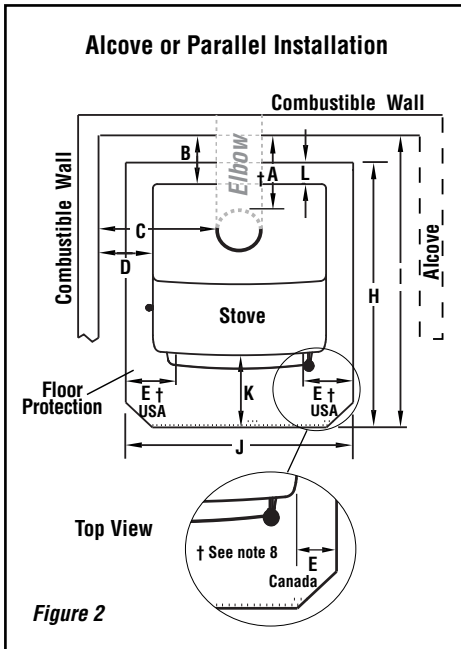
### Components Required For Installations

Legs OR Pedestal Assembly.

**Use all required components specified for this appliance. Do not substitute.**

**WARNING: In the event that you remove the blower for any reason, make sure a cover plate (available from Lennox Hearth Products) is installed before using the heater. Note: The cover plate is not necessary if a blower has never been installed because a knock-out will be in place to act as the cover.**

**INSTALLATION CLEARANCES - REFER TO FIGURES 2, 3 AND 4**



**USA - inches (millimeters)**



PIPE	INSTALLATION	A (3)	B (1)	C (3)	D (1)	E (8)	F (1,4)	G(3,4)	H (2)	I (6)	J (2)	K (7)	L (5)	M	T (6)	U
Single Wall	Residential-Vertical Vent	16 (406)	12-3/8 (314)	22 (559)	12-1/2 (318)	8 (200)	5-11/16 (145)	16 (406)	38-5/8 (981)	51 (1295)	33 (838)	16 (406)	0 (0)	84 (2134)	58-7/8 (1495)	N/A N/A
Single Wall	Residential-With Elbow	19 (483)	15-3/8 (391)	23 (584)	13-1/2 (343)	8 (200)	5-11/16 (145)	16 (406)	38-5/8 (981)	54 (1372)	33 (838)	16 (406)	0 (0)	84 (2134)	58-7/8 (1495)	19 N/A
Double Wall	Residential or Mobile Home-Vertical Vent	10 (254)	6-3/8 (162)	20 (508)	10-1/2 (267)	8 (200)	4-11/16 (119)	15 (381)	38-5/8 (981)	45 (1143)	33 (838)	16 (406)	0 (0)	84 (2134)	57-1/2 (1461)	N/A N/A
Double Wall	Residential or Mobile Home-With Elbow	10 (254)	6-3/8 (162)	21 (533)	11-1/2 (292)	8 (200)	4-11/16 (119)	15 (381)	38-5/8 (981)	45 (1143)	33 (838)	16 (406)	0 (0)	84 (2134)	57-1/2 (1461)	10 N/A
Double Wall	Alcove-Vertical Vent	13 (330)	9-3/8 (238)	22-1/2 (572)	13 (330)	8 (200)	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	38-5/8 (981)	48 (1219)	33 (838)	16 (406)	0 (0)	72 (1829)	N/A N/A	N/A N/A

**CANADA - inches (millimeters)**



PIPE	INSTALLATION	A (3)	B (1)	C (3)	D (1)	E (8)	F (1,4)	G(3,4)	H (2)	I (6)	J (2)	K (7)	L (5)	M	T (6)	U
Single Wall	Residential-Vertical Vent	16 (406)	12-3/8 (314)	22 (559)	12-1/2 (318)	8 (200)	5-11/16 (145)	16 (406)	49 (1235)	53 (1346)	41-1/8 (1045)	18 (450)	8 (200)	84 (2134)	58-7/8 (1495)	N/A N/A
Single Wall	Residential-With Elbow	19 (483)	15-3/8 (391)	23 (584)	13-1/2 (343)	8 (200)	5-11/16 (145)	16 (406)	49 (1235)	56 (1422)	41-1/8 (1045)	18 (450)	8 (200)	84 (2134)	58-7/8 (1495)	19 (483)
Double Wall	Residential or Mobile Home-Vertical Vent	10 (254)	6-5/16 (160)	20 (508)	10-1/2 (267)	8 (200)	4-11/16 (119)	15 (381)	47 (1193)	47 (1193)	41-1/8 (1045)	18 (450)	8 (200)	84 (2134)	57-1/2 (1461)	N/A N/A
Double Wall	Residential or Mobile Home-With Elbow	10 (254)	6-5/16 (160)	21 (533)	11-9/16 (293)	8 (200)	4-11/16 (119)	15 (381)	47 (1193)	47 (1193)	41-1/8 (1045)	18 (450)	8 (200)	84 (2134)	57-1/2 (1461)	10 (254)
Double Wall	Alcove-Vertical Vent	13 (330)	9-3/8 (238)	22-1/2 (572)	13-1/16 (331)	8 (200)	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	49 (1235)	50 (1270)	41-1/8 (1045)	18 (450)	8 (200)	72 (1829)	N/A N/A	N/A N/A

**Footnotes:**

- 1- These dimensions to the stove body are for reference only. Actual distances should be measured from the stove's flue collar.
- 2- Minimum noncombustible hearth pad dimensions.
- 3- Clearances to connector pipe shall be measured from the flue collar of the stove.
- 4- Not applicable to alcove installations.

- 5- In corner applications, when installed at minimum back wall clearances, the required floor protection is dimensioned off the back plane of the stove, therefore the floor protection required off the back corners (at a 45 degree angle) only needs to extend to the wall. This situation will only occur in CANADA installations.

- 6- Reference dimension only, to assist in planning the installation.
- 7- Measured from front of floor protection to the front of firebox.
- 8- USA=8" (200mm) from door opening, Canada=8" (200mm) from sides and back of unit.

**NOTE: DIAGRAMS & ILLUSTRATIONS ARE NOT TO SCALE.**

Safety and General  
Planning Installation  
Installation  
Operation  
Maintenance  
Troubleshooting  
Parts / Accessories

## ALCOVE INSTALLATIONS - FLOOR PROTECTION

When the Grandview™ 230 is installed in an Alcove, the floor protection must be a thermally rated non-combustible floor protector meeting or exceeding a thermal rating of  $k=.47$  or equivalent with a listed thickness of 1/2" (12.7 mm) minimum in the USA and Canada. The thermal protection must extend 16" in front of the heater and 8" to each side (measured from the door opening).

### Using Alternate Material As Floor Protection

The floor protection or alternate material used as a floor protector must be constructed of a durable noncombustible material having an equal or better thermal conductivity value (lower k value) of  $k=.47$  BTU/IN FT<sup>2</sup> HR °F or a thermal resistance that equals or exceeds  $r = 2.13$  HR °F FT<sup>2</sup> IN/ BTU with a minimum thickness of 1/2". With these values, determine the minimum thickness of the alternate material required using the formula(s) and shown in **Table 1**.

**Note:** Any noncombustible material having a minimum thickness of 1/2" (12.7mm) whose k value is less than .47 or whose r value is more than 2.13 is acceptable. If the alternate material used has a higher k value or lower r value will require a greater thickness of the material used. In some cases, if the k value is less or the r value higher, a thinner material may be used.

### Methods of determining floor protection equivalents:

To determine the thickness required for the alternate material when either the "k" value or "r" value is known, use either the **k formula** or **r formula**.

**Example: If Micore 160 Mineral Fiber Board is to be used for the floor protection, how thick must this material be?**

$k_M$  = k value per inch of **alternate** material

$r_M$  = r value per inch of **alternate** material

$T_M$  = minimum thickness required for **alternate** material

$T_S$  = standard thickness of the **alternate** material

$k_L$  = k value per inch of **listed** material

$r_L$  = r value per inch of **listed** material

$T_L$  = minimum thickness of **listed** material

**Note:** An asterisk "\*" indicates, it is a value taken from **Table 1**.

**Using the k formula:**

### k formula:

Minimum thickness of alternate material ( $T_M$ ) =  $\frac{k\text{-value (per Inch) of alternate material } (k_M) \times k\text{-value (per inch) of listed material } (k_L)}{k_M}$  x Specified min. thickness of listed material ( $T_L$ )

$$T_M \text{ (inches)} = \frac{k_M}{*.47} \times T_L$$

$$T_M \text{ (inches)} = \frac{*.35}{*.47} \times .50"$$

$$.312 \text{ (inches)} = .745 \times .50"$$

**Answer - The minimum required thickness of the Micore 160 is .372" therefore round up to nearest standard thickness available which is 3/8" (.375")**

### Using the r formula:

Minimum thickness of alternate material =  $\frac{r\text{-value (per Inch) of listed material } (r_L) \times r\text{-value (per inch) of alternate material } (r_M)}{r_M}$  x Specified min. thickness of listed material

$$T_M \text{ (inches)} = \frac{r_L}{r_M} \times T_L$$

$$T_M \text{ (inches)} = \frac{*2.13}{*2.86} \times .50"$$

$$.312 \text{ (inches)} = .745 \times .50"$$

**Answer - The minimum required thickness of the Micore 160 is .372" therefore round up to nearest standard thickness available which is 3/8" (.375")**

Listed Material			
	k (per inch)	r (per inch)	Listed Min. Thickness
Listed Material	.47 $k_L$	2.13 $r_L$	1/2" (.50") $T_L$
** Approved Alternate Materials for Floor/Hearth Protection			
Alternative Materials	Thermal Values		Minimum Thickness (rounded to nearest 1/8 inch)
	k (per inch) $k_M$	r (per inch) $r_M$	Min. Thickness $T_M$
Kaowool M Board	.47	2.13	.5" (1/2")
Micore 160™ U.S. Gypsum	.35	2.86	.37" (3/8")
Micore 300™ U.S. Gypsum	.46	2.17	.49" (1/2")
Durock™ Cement Board U.S. Gypsum	1.92	.52	2.04" (2-1/8")
Hardibacker™	1.95	.51	2.07" (2-1/8")
Hardibacker 500™	2.30	.43	2.45" (2-1/2")
Cultured Stone Hearth-stone™	2.82	.35	3" (3")
Wonderboard	3.23	.31	3.44" (3-1/2")
Super Firetemp M Johns-Manville	.61	1.64	.65" (3/4")
Super Firetemp L Johns-Manville	.54	1.85	.57" (5/8")
Face brick	9.00	.111	9.57" (9-5/8")
Common brick	5.00	.20	5.32" (5-3/8")
Cement mortar	5.00	.20	5.32" (5-3/8")
Ceramic tile	12.5	.08	13.30" (13-3/8")
Marble	~11	~.09	11.70" (11-3/4")

**Table 1 - USA AND CANADA REQUIREMENTS**

\*\* If the hearth extension material(s) that is intended to be used is NOT listed on Table 1, the material can still be used if the material(s) is non-combustible. However, the manufacturer of the material must provide either the listed k-value per inch or r-value per inch with listed thickness so that the minimum thickness required for the hearth can be calculated (per instructions here or as specified in the NFI Certification Manuals).

**Note:** Also see NFI (National Fireplace Institute) Certification Manuals showing other acceptable calculation methods and acceptable alternate materials which can be used.

## SPECIFICATIONS - GRANDVIEW™ 230

### Product Reference Information

Cat. No.	Description	Ship. Weight	Ship. Volume
H8338	Grandview 230 Wood-Burning Stove	385 lb.	20.09 cu. ft.

#### Notes:

- Dimensions shown are approximations only (+/- 1/4")
- Diagrams, illustrations and photographs are not to scale – consult installation instructions. Product designs, materials, dimensions, specifications, colors and prices are subject to change or discontinuance without notice.
- Approved for residential, manufactured home, and alcove installations.
- Optional Kits Available:
  - Door Trim Kit
  - Blower
  - Outside Air Kit
  - Louvers
  - Legs (choice of three styles)
  - Pedestal
  - Ash Drawer for legs or for pedestal

- ❶ Square-foot heating capacities and burn times are approximations only. Actual performance may vary depending upon home design and insulation, ceiling heights, climate, condition and type of wood used, appliance location, burn rate, accessories chosen, chimney installation and how the appliance is operated.

Stove Pipe Diameter Single Wall or Double Wall	6" (152 mm)
Log Length	16" W x 18" D Max. (406mm W x 457mm D Max.)
Firebox	17" W x 19" D x 12-1/2" H Max. (432mm W x 483mm D x 318mm H Max.) Volume = 2.3 cu. ft.
Glass Viewing Area	16-1/2" W x 11-5/16" H (419mm W x 287mm H)
EPA Test Load: Cord Wood: ❶	28,200 BTUs/hr. 76,000 BTUs/hr.
Maximum Burn Times ❶	12 hours
Heating Capacity ❶	1200 to 2200 sq. ft.
EPA Grams Per Hour	3.6 gr/hr
EPA Phase II and Washington State Approved	

The Grandview™ Model GV230 woodstove is safety listed with the following agency:

- Intertek, Tested to UL 1482, ULC S627



Specifications

Listing

Safety and General

Planning Installation

Installation

Operation

Maintenance

Troubleshooting

Parts / Accessories

Dimensions

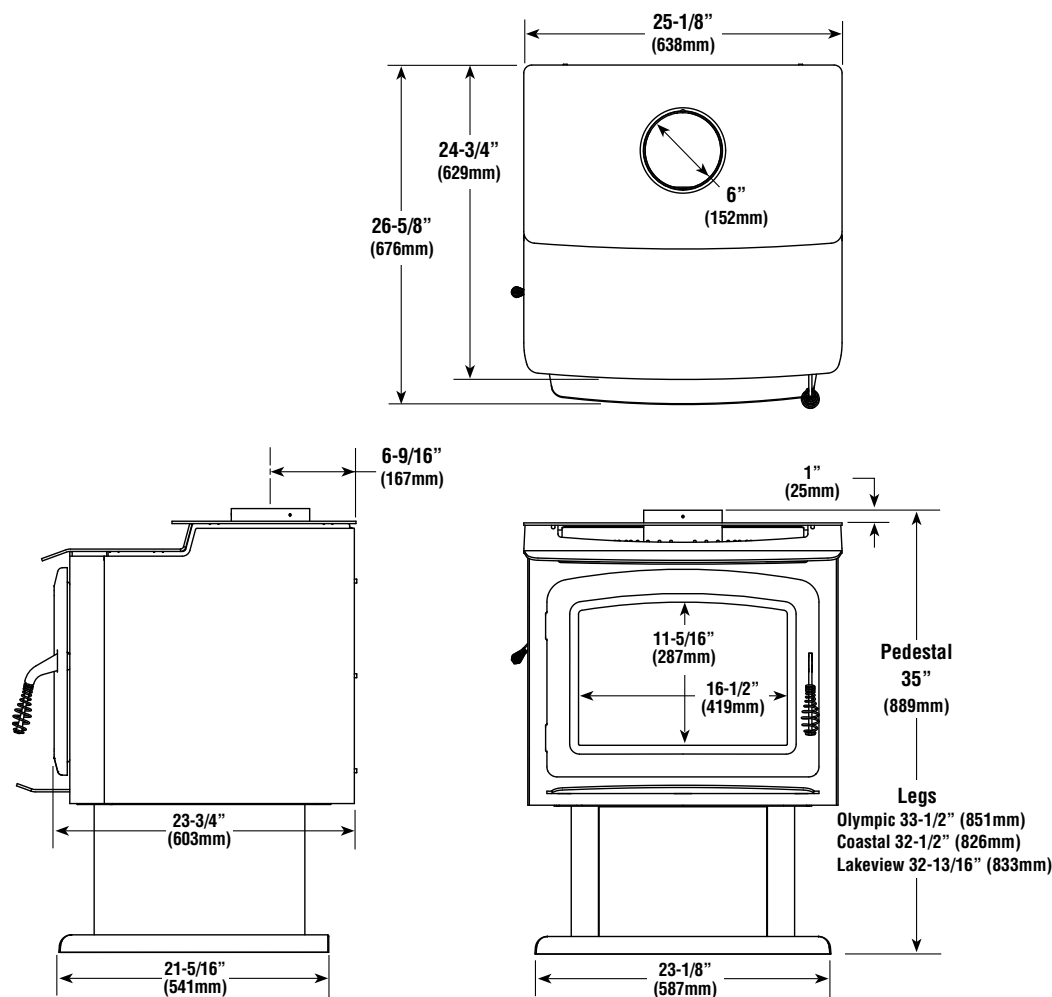


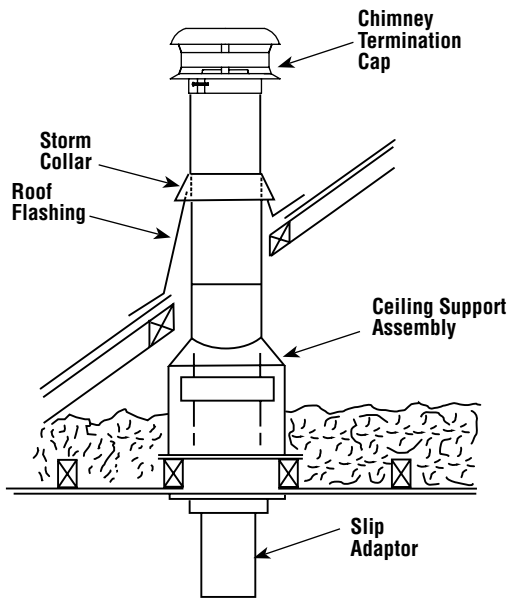
Figure 5

NOTE: DIAGRAMS & ILLUSTRATIONS ARE NOT TO SCALE.

**Single Wall Pipe**

Using 6" Diameter Single Wall Connector Pipe

**INSTALL VENTING SYSTEM PER VENT MANUFACTURERS INSTRUCTIONS!**

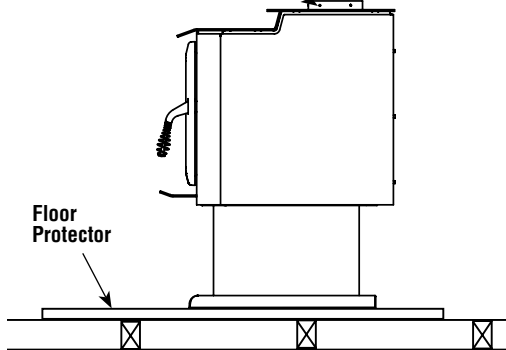


Single wall stove pipe must not pass through attics, closets, walls or ceilings. It is used to connect this appliance to a factory built or masonry chimney.

Fasten each stove pipe connection with at least 3 sheet metal screws.

6" x 24" 24-gage black steel or 26 gage blued steel single wall pipe

Fasten stove pipe to flue collar with 3 sheet metal screws.

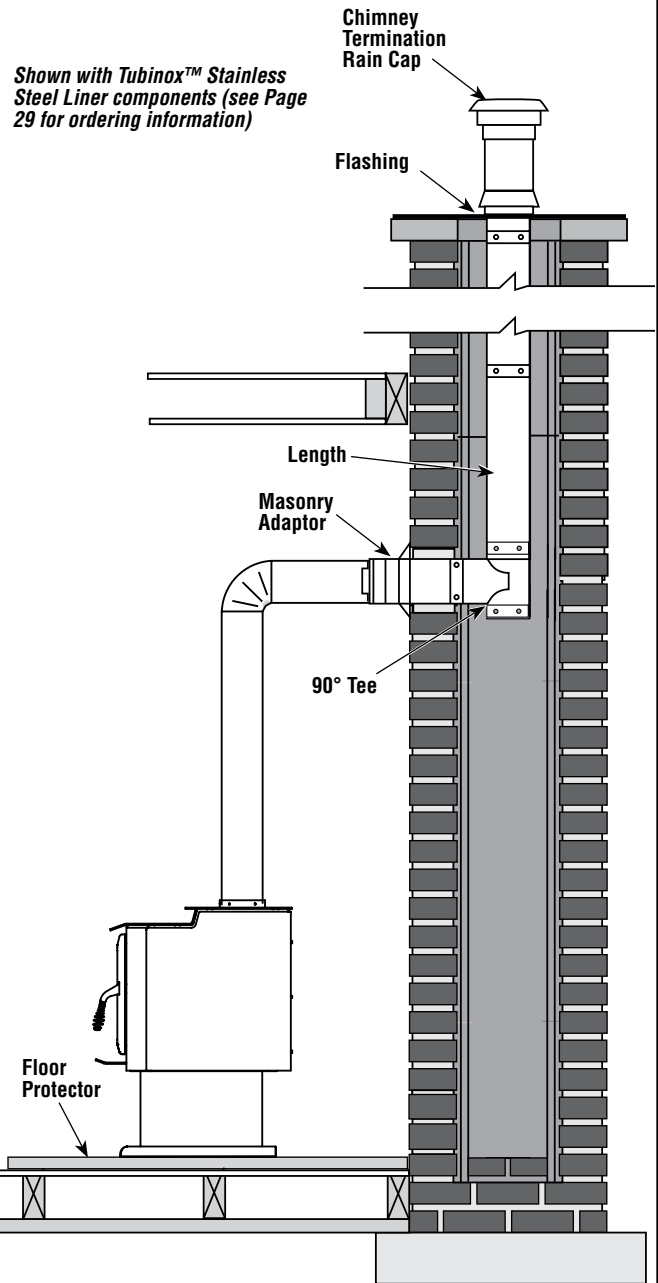


**Figure 6 - Typical Installation**

**STAINLESS STEEL LINER**

Using 6" Diameter Rigid Stainless Steel Liner

**INSTALL VENTING SYSTEM PER VENT MANUFACTURERS INSTRUCTIONS!**



*Shown with Tubinox™ Stainless Steel Liner components (see Page 29 for ordering information)*

**Figure 7 - Connected to a Masonry Chimney**

**YOUR CHIMNEY INSTALLATION MUST COMPLY WITH LOCAL BUILDING AND FIRE CODES.**

## CHIMNEY INSTALLATION

- Install chimney as per manufacturer's instructions. Some brands of pipe may require removal of the spacer ring in the flue collar.
- All horizontal runs of pipe should be as short as possible and are required by NFPA No. 211 to have an upward pitch or rise in the same direction the smoke travels of no less than 1/4" to the linear foot. The connector pipe must meet minimum clearances in any direction to walls or other combustible materials. It must attach to a listed double wall metal chimney at least 6" in diameter or to a masonry chimney with a flue passage of at least 48 square inches.
- It is required that a chimney connector pipe not extend further than the inner wall of the flue when it is connected to a masonry chimney and that it either be cemented to the masonry or be installed without cement in a thimble connected to the masonry wall. When the connector is inserted into a thimble, the joint must be tight enough so that it will not be dislodged in normal use. Install connector at no less than the minimum clearances from the ceiling when using a 90-degree elbow to pass through combustible constructions.
- Chimney connector pipes should never pass through a floor, ceiling, fire wall, partition, or combustible construction of any type unless certain precautions are taken. The best method is to use a listed thimble and a listed chimney in accordance with the manufacturer's directions. NFPA No. 211 gives approved methods for passing a flue pipe through combustible constructions (see **Page 12**).

### Manufactured Home Installations (ref. **Figure 8**)

**This appliance is approved for installation into a manufactured (mobile) home.**

**Installation should be in accordance with the Mobile Home Construction and Safety Standard, Title 24 CFR, Part 3280 (in Canada CAN/CSA Z240 MH), or, when such a standard is not applicable, the Standard for Mobile Home Installations, ANSI A225.1.**

All mobile home installations require an outside air kit (see **Page 28** for ordering information). The stove must be secured to the floor and grounded to the chassis of the mobile home (see **Page 14** for detailed instructions).

**WARNING: DO NOT INSTALL IN SLEEPING ROOM OF A MOBILE HOME.**

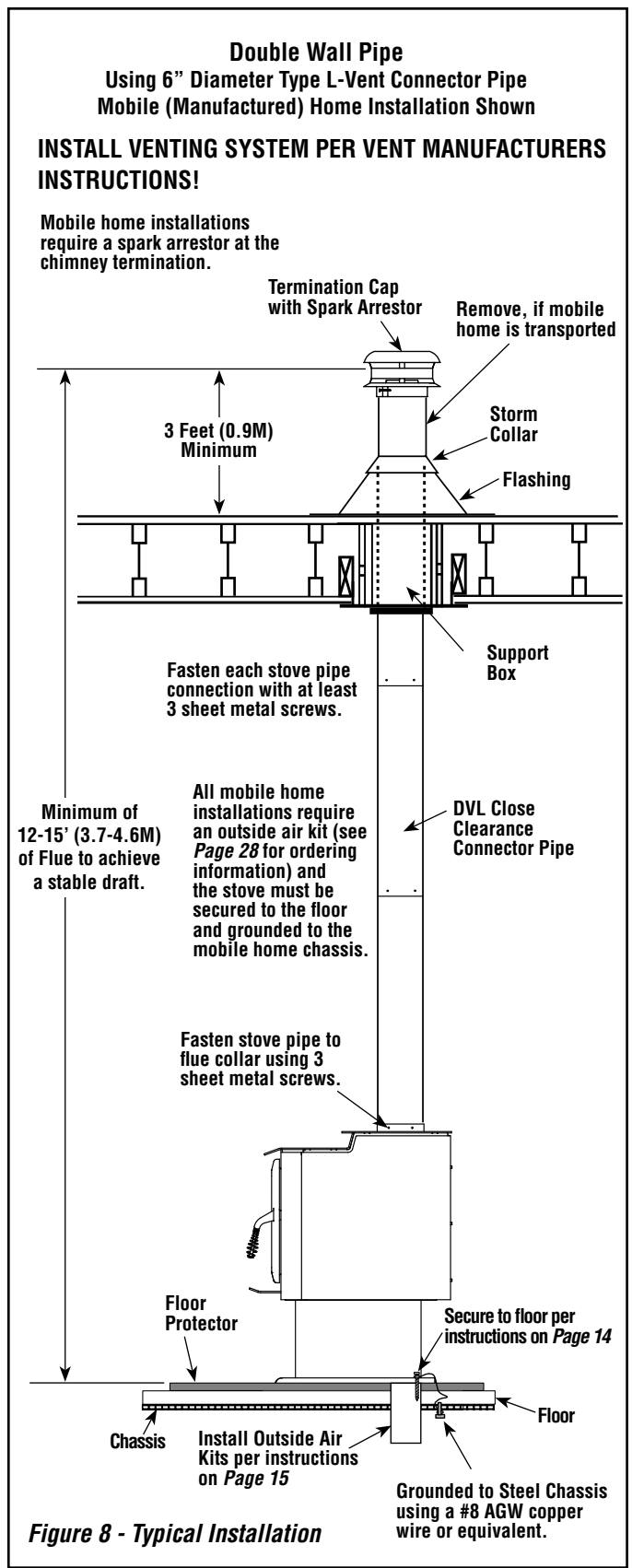
**CAUTION: THE STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY OF THE MOBILE HOME FLOOR, WALL AND CEILING/ROOF MUST BE MAINTAINED.**

**Approved Chimney\*** - Your stove is approved for use with Class A, UL 103 HT (U.S.) / ULC-S629 (Canada) Listed Residential Type and Building Heating Appliance Chimney (HT chimney - 2100° Fahrenheit) and double wall connector pipe from **Security Chimneys™**.

Clearances to connector shall be measured from 6" flue collar. Restrictions apply! Read instructions before installing.

**YOUR CHIMNEY INSTALLATION MUST COMPLY WITH LOCAL BUILDING AND FIRE CODES.**

\* Other approved chimney brands are Jakes Evans/GSW, Dura-vent, Metal Fab, Ameri-Tec, Metalbestos and Industrial Chimney (ICC).



**Figure 8 - Typical Installation**

**Chimney Connector Systems and Clearances from Combustible Walls for Residential Heating Appliances (NFPA 211) Refer to Figure 9**

**System A.** Minimum 3.5 in. (90 mm) thick brick masonry wall framed into combustible wall with a minimum of 12 in. (305 mm) brick separation from clay liner to combustibles. Fireclay liner (ASTM C 315, Standard Specification for Clay Flue Linings, or equivalent), minimum 5/8 in. (16 mm) wall thickness, shall run from outer surface of brick wall to, but not beyond, the inner surface of chimney flue liner and shall be firmly cemented in place.

Clearance: 12 in. (305 mm)

**System B.** Solid-insulated, listed factory-built chimney length of the same inside diameter as the chimney connector and having 1 in. (25.4 mm) or more of insulation with a minimum 9 in. (229 mm) air space between the outer wall of the chimney length and combustibles.

The inner end of the chimney length shall be flush with the inside of the masonry chimney flue and shall be sealed to the flue and to the brick masonry penetration with non-water-soluble refractory cement. Supports shall be securely fastened to wall surfaces on all sides.

Fasteners between supports and the chimney length shall not penetrate the chimney liner.

Clearance: 9 in. (229 mm)

**System C.** Sheet steel chimney connector, minimum 24 gauge [0.024 in. (0.61 mm)] in thickness, with a ventilated thimble, minimum 24 gauge [0.024 in. (0.61 mm)] in thickness, having two 1 in. (25.4 mm) air channels, separated from combustibles by a minimum of 6 in. (152 mm) of glass fiber insulation. Opening shall be covered, and thimble supported with a sheet steel support, minimum 24 gauge [0.024 in. (0.61 mm)] in thickness.

Supports shall be securely fastened to wall surfaces on all sides and shall be sized to fit and hold chimney section. Fasteners used to secure chimney section shall not penetrate chimney flue liner.

Clearance: 6 in. (152 mm)

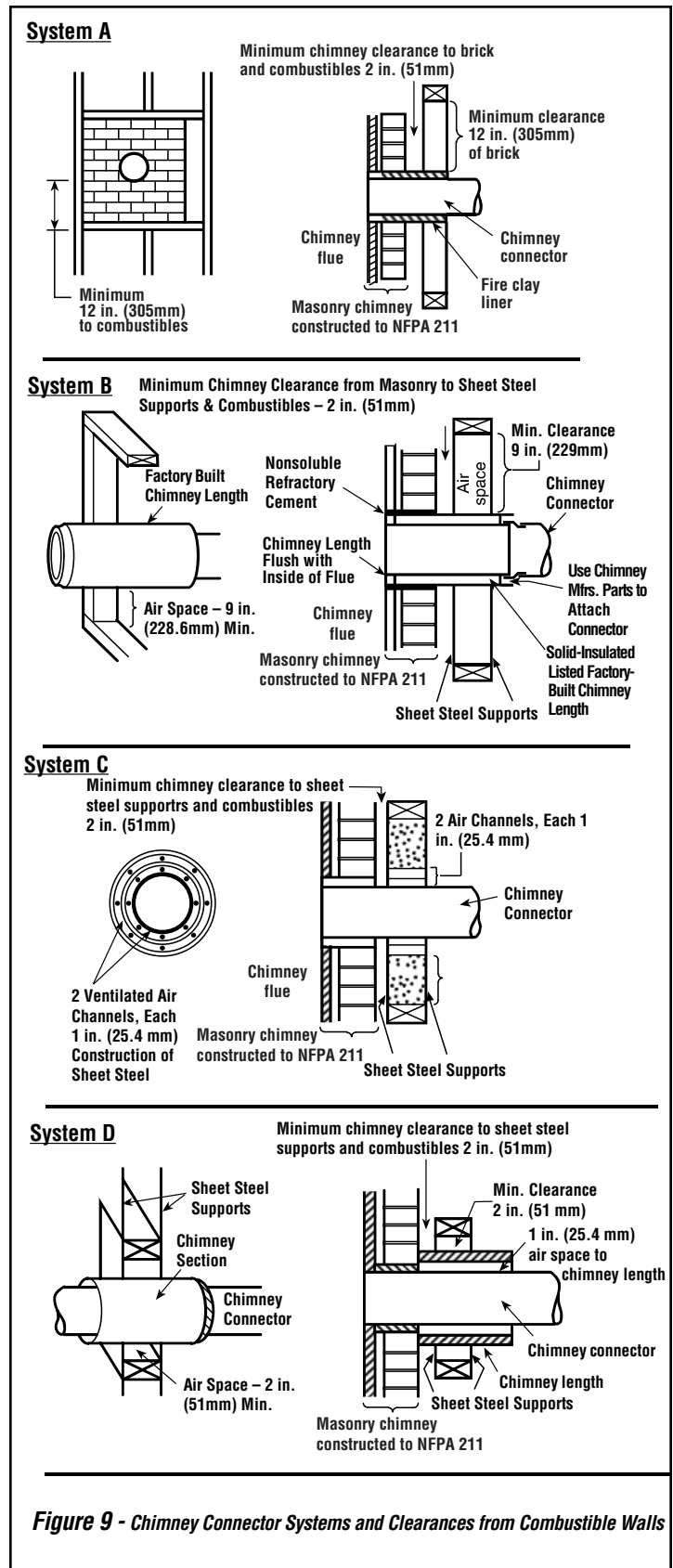
**System D.** Solid-insulated, listed factory-built chimney length with an inside diameter 2 in. (51 mm) larger than the chimney connector and having 1 in. (25.4 mm) or more of insulation, serving as a pass-through for a single wall sheet steel chimney connector of minimum 24 gauge [0.024 in. (0.61 mm)] thickness, with a minimum 2 in. (51 mm) air space between the outer wall of chimney section and combustibles. Minimum length of chimney section shall be 12 in. (305 mm). Chimney section concentric with and spaced 1 in. (25.4 mm) away from connector by means of sheet steel support plates on both ends of chimney section. Opening shall be covered, and chimney section supported on both sides with sheet steel supports of minimum 24 gauge [0.024 in. (0.61 mm)] thickness.

Supports shall be securely fastened to wall surfaces on all sides and shall be sized to fit and hold chimney section. Fasteners used to secure chimney section shall not penetrate chimney flue liner.

Clearance: 2 in. (51 mm)

**Additional requirements:**

1. Insulation material used as part of wall pass-through system shall be of noncombustible material and shall have a thermal conductivity of 1.0 Btu-in./hr-ft<sup>2</sup> - °F (4.88 kg-cal/hr-m<sup>2</sup> - °C) or less.
2. All clearances and thicknesses are minimums; larger clearances and thicknesses shall be permitted.
3. Any material used to close up an opening for the connector shall be of noncombustible material.
4. A connector to a masonry chimney, except for System B, shall extend in one continuous piece through the wall pass-through system and the chimney wall to the inner face of the flue liner, but not beyond.



**Figure 9 - Chimney Connector Systems and Clearances from Combustible Walls**

## LEG INSTALLATION

### Residential and Mobile Homes

(Tying down and grounding are required only in mobile homes)

Open all cartons, if any and remove the contents upon receipt and check for any damaged or missing parts. If there is hidden damage, notify your freight company or Lennox Hearth Products dealer immediately.

**CAUTION: Wear gloves during installation in case of sharp edges on the stove.**

### Leg Installation

1. Carefully place stove on it's back. Be careful not to scratch the stove, use a piece of cardboard or carpet to protect the back of the stove.
2. Using a 9/16" wrench or socket remove the bolt in each of the four corners along with the attached shipping brackets.
3. Remove legs from the packaging and using the bolts and washers that come with the legs install each leg in each corner with one bolt and one washer.
4. Before the legs are fully tightened down make sure that they are aligned correctly to match the front and side planes of the stove.
5. The stove can now be set up on the legs making sure that all baffle boards and bricks are set back in place. These items may have shifted when the stove was placed on it's back.
6. If it is necessary to level, secure, or ground your stove, use the holes in the bottom of the leg for those applications. To level the stove use leg leveling kit (P/N H8407) or leveling pads (P/N H7638). Level by adjusting the bolt or leveling pad down on each leg that is not in full contact with the hearth or surface below that the stove is located on.

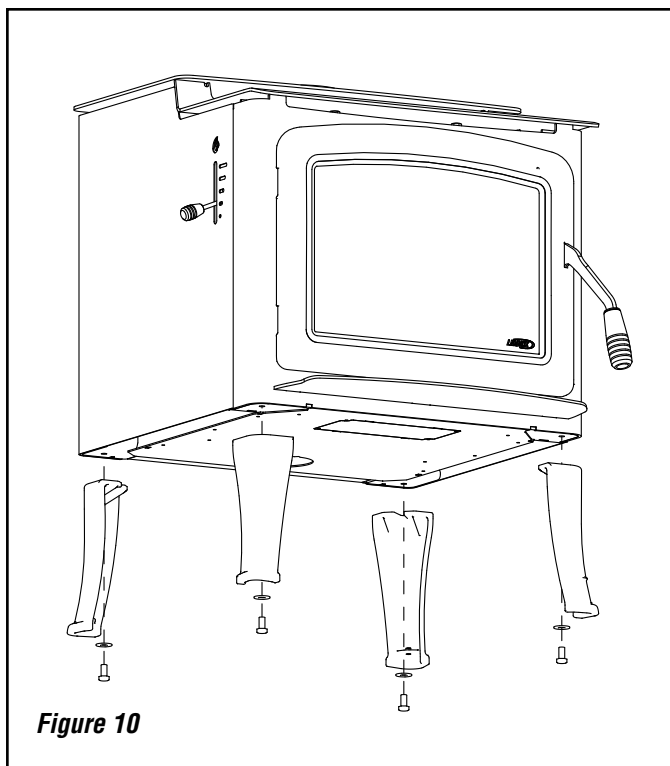


Figure 10

## PEDESTAL INSTALLATION

### Residential and Mobile Homes

(Tying down and grounding are required only in mobile homes)

Open all cartons, if any and remove the contents upon receipt and check for any damaged or missing parts. If there is hidden damage, notify your freight company or Lennox Hearth Products dealer immediately.

**CAUTION: Wear gloves during installation in case of sharp edges on the stove.**

### Pedestal Installation

1. Remove the heater from the carton, if packaged, upon receipt and check for any damaged or missing parts.
2. Install the 10-24 screws included with the pedestal kit to the bottom of the stove as seen in **Figure 11**. You will need a 5/32" allen wrench to complete this.
3. Carefully place stove on it's back. Be careful not to scratch the stove, use a piece of cardboard or carpet to protect the back of the stove.
4. The pedestal will have key hole slots that line up with the screws that were placed in the bottom of the stove. Carefully install pedestal on the installed screws with the open end of the pedestal towards the rear of the stove.
5. Assuring that the pedestal is placed correctly in slots then tighten all six screws.
6. The stove can now be set up on the pedestal making sure that all baffle boards and bricks are set back in place. These items may have shifted when the stove was placed on it's back.
7. When installing a pedestal on this stove you **MUST** plug the one leg mounting bolt hole, located on the bottom of the stove in the front left corner, with the bolt that was used to mount the shipping legs. **FAILURE TO INSTALL THIS BOLT PROPERLY WILL RESULT IN REDUCED CONTROL OF THE STOVE'S COMBUSTION SYSTEM!**

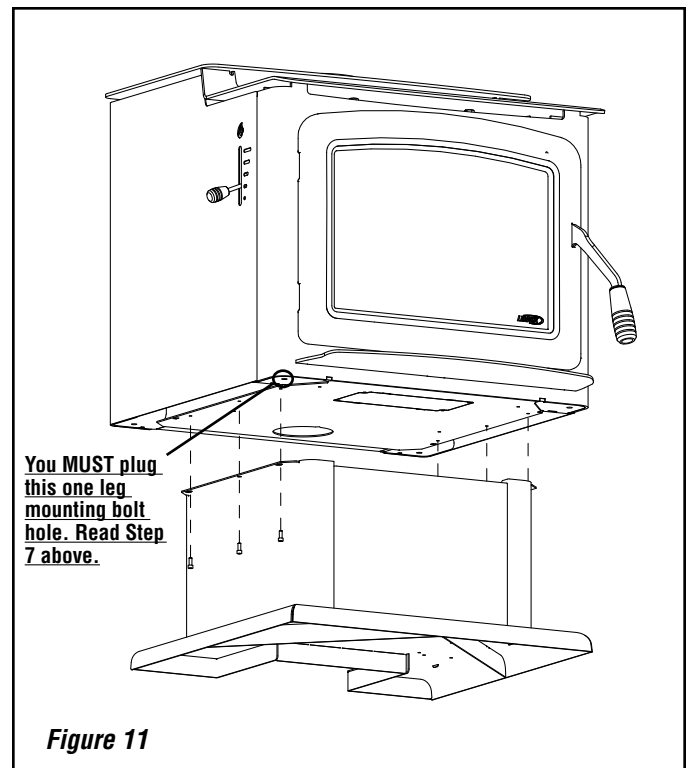


Figure 11

NOTE: DIAGRAMS & ILLUSTRATIONS ARE NOT TO SCALE.

## ATTACHING STOVE TO MANUFACTURED HOME FLOOR

### Leg Tie Down Kits (Manufactured [mobile] Homes)

#### Order:

H7665 Leg Tie Down Kit, Coastal and Lakeview Legs

H5308 Leg Tie Down Kit, Olympic Legs

## ATTACHING STOVE TO MANUFACTURED HOME FLOOR

THE STOVE MUST BE ATTACHED TO THE FLOOR AT NO LESS THAN TWO POINTS

### Pedestal

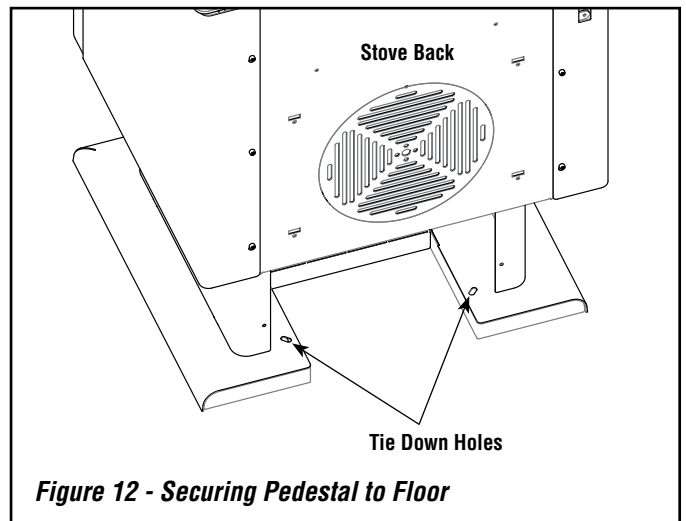
Locate the two holes on the back of the pedestal (**Figure 12**). Secure the pedestal to the floor using two field provided 1/4" screws.

### Lakeview and Coastal Legs

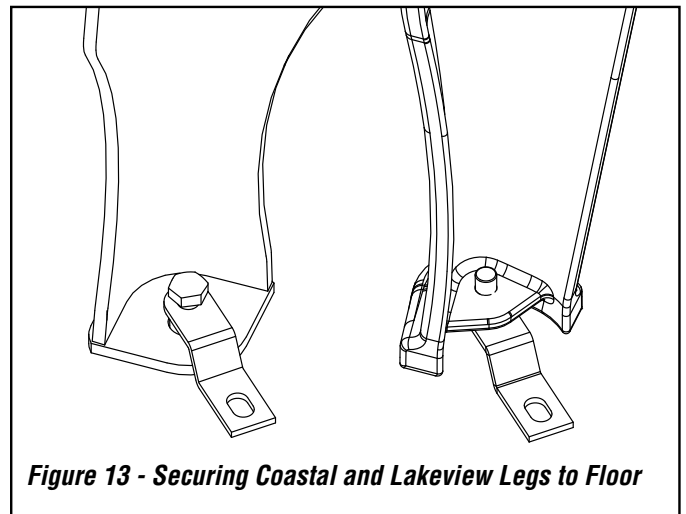
Connect the bolt down bracket to each leg using kit (P/N H7665) screw as shown in **Figure 13**. Secure the leg bracket to the floor using one field provided 1/4" bolt.

### Olympic Legs

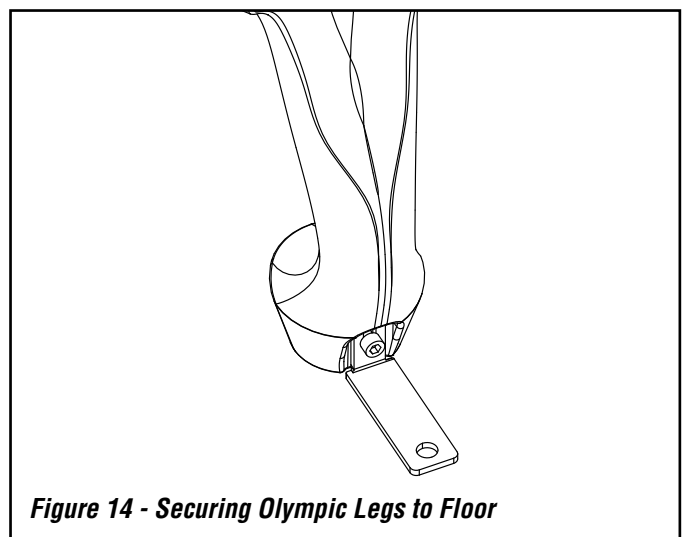
Connect the bolt down bracket to each leg using kit (P/N H5308) screw as shown in **Figure 14**. Secure the leg bracket to the floor using one field provided 1/4" screw.



**Figure 12 - Securing Pedestal to Floor**



**Figure 13 - Securing Coastal and Lakeview Legs to Floor**



**Figure 14 - Securing Olympic Legs to Floor**

## OUTSIDE COMBUSTION AIR KIT INSTALLATION

### Outside Air Kits

#### Order:

- 1 ea. P/N UZIAD Outside Air Coupler Kit (connects outside air ducting, UZI, to stove)
- AND**
- 1 ea. P/N UZI Outside Air Ducting Kit (includes 4" insulated flex x 10' long)

An outside air kit is required in Manufactured (mobile) Home installations. For residential installations, check with local authorities having jurisdiction in your area, it may be mandatory.

### Outside Air Kit Coupler

To install the outside air kit coupler onto the stove, line up the "V" notch in the coupler with the "V" notch in the open on the bottom of the stove. Push and twist so the rolled edge catches the bottom of the stove and continue turning full 360° to lock the coupler in place.

### Through the Wall Outside Air Kit Installation (refer to Figures 15, 16 and 17)

The outside air assembly may be installed according to the following requirements:

- A) Duct length should be kept to a minimum.
- B) The air intake register must not be installed more than ten (10) feet (3050 mm) above the base of the stove.
- C) The fresh air must come from outside the house. The air intake must not draw air from the attic, from the basement or garage.
- D) The air intake should be installed where it is not likely to be blocked by snow or exposed to extreme wind and away from automobile exhaust fumes, gas meters and other vents.
- E) The duct and register may be installed above or below floor level.

- Make a 4-1/4" (110 mm) hole in the outside wall of the house at the chosen location. From outside, place the outside air register in the hole (open side down) and fasten the register to the wall, with screws as shown (see **Figure 17**).
- Install the coupler onto the existing collar on stove (see **Figure 15**).
- Attach the duct to the coupler on stove (see **Figure 16**). Using the aluminium tape provided, wrap the tape around the joint between the flexible duct and the air inlet.

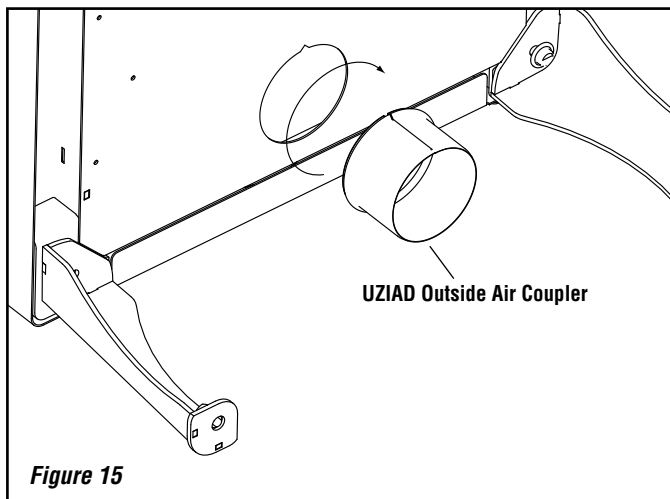


Figure 15

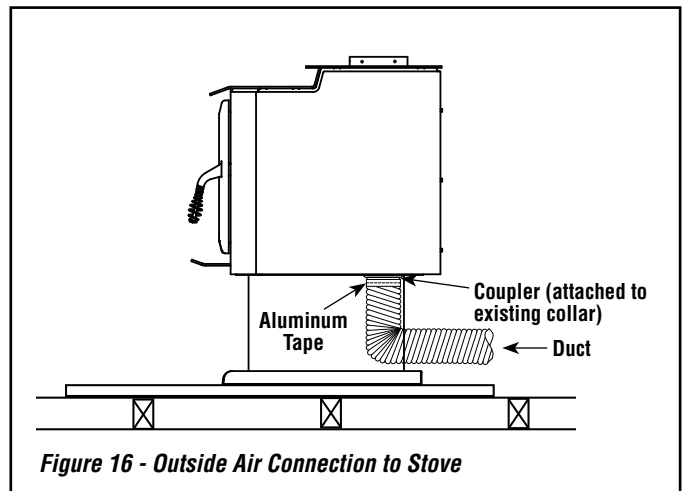


Figure 16 - Outside Air Connection to Stove

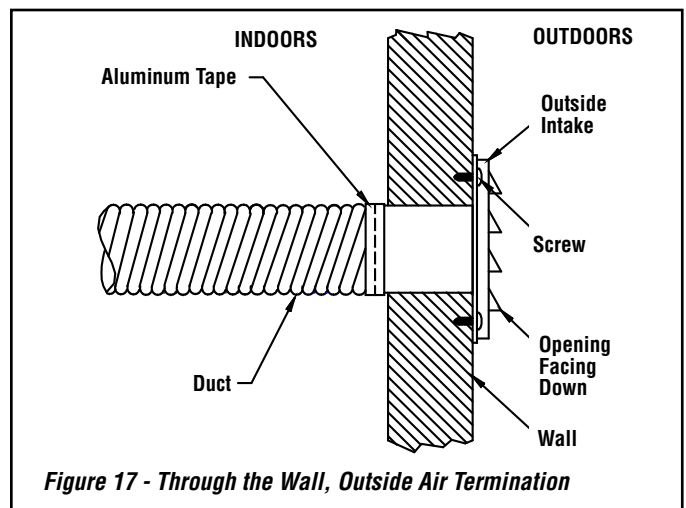


Figure 17 - Through the Wall, Outside Air Termination

### Manufactured Home Through the Floor Outside Air Kit Installation (refer to Figure 18)

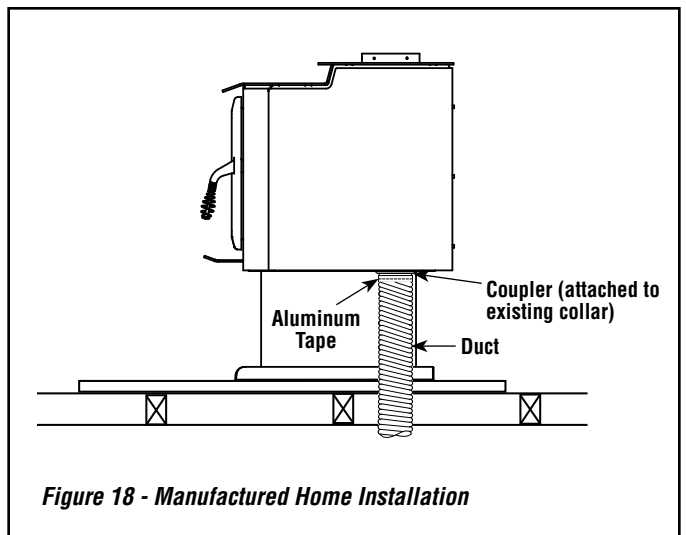


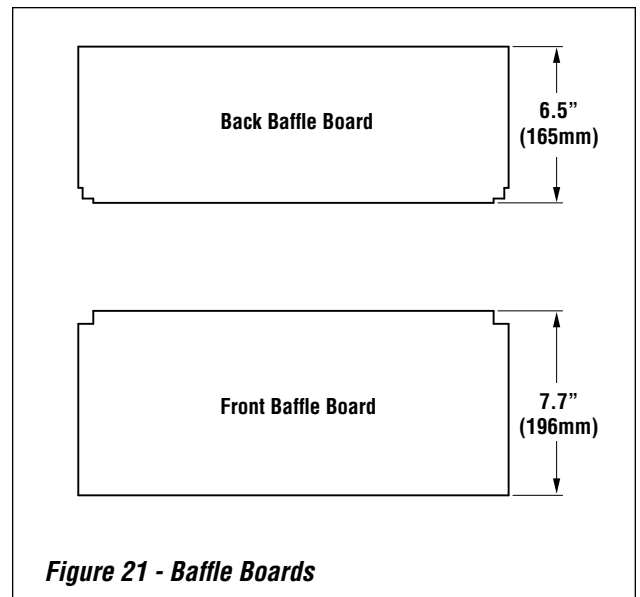
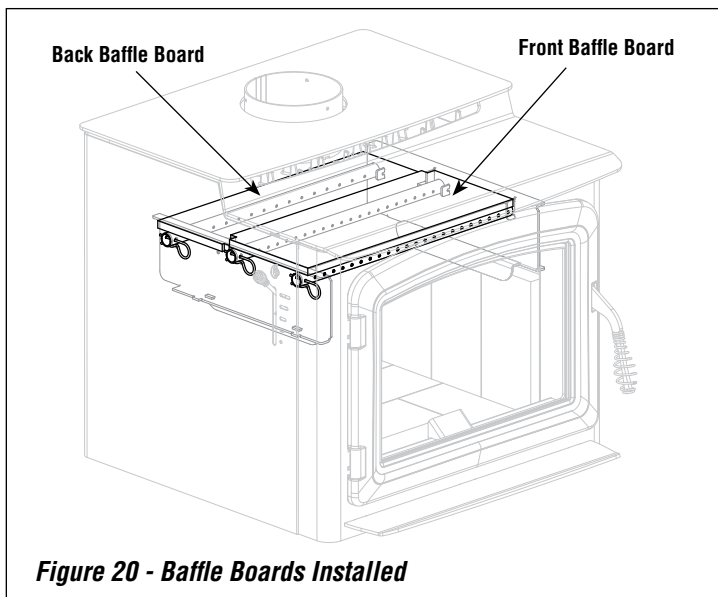
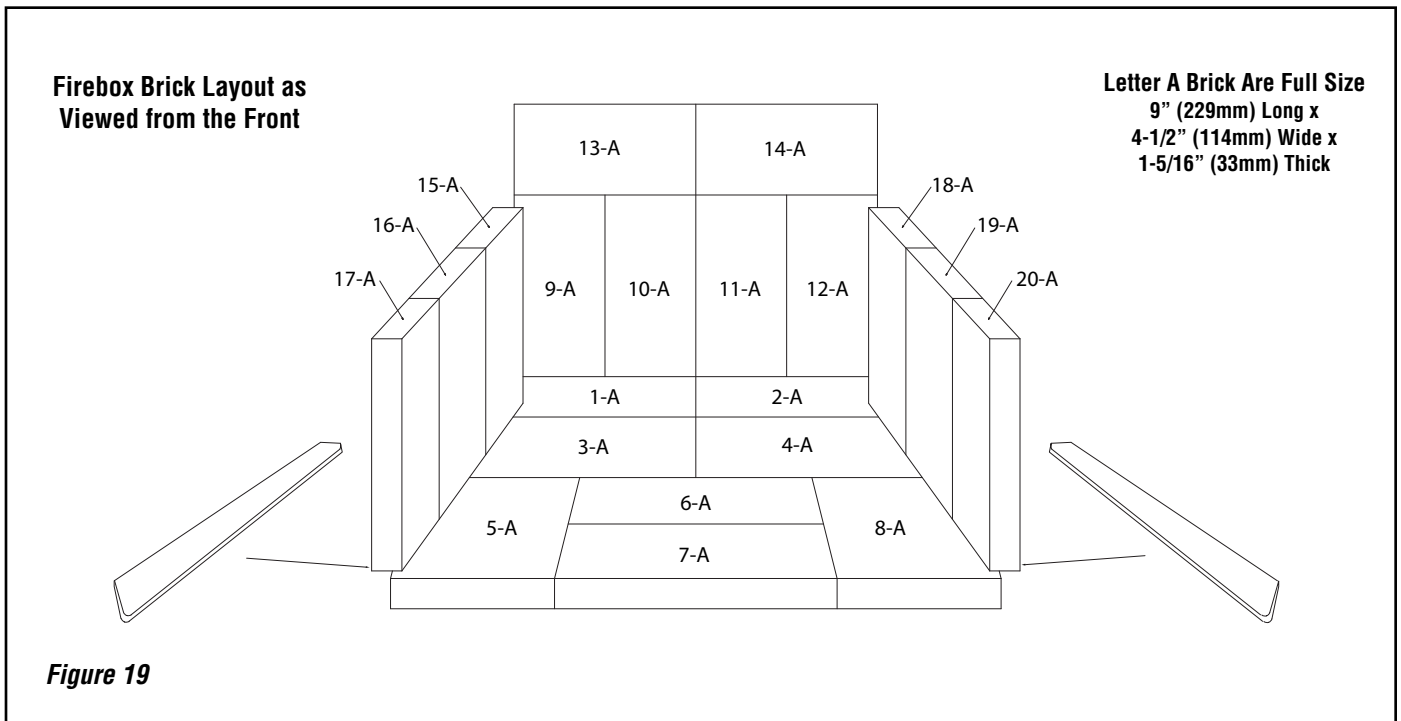
Figure 18 - Manufactured Home Installation

## BRICK AND BAFFLE INSTALLATION

**CAUTION:** Wear gloves during brick installation in case of sharp edges inside the stove.

**WARNING:** IF THE BRICKS ARE NOT INSTALLED EXACTLY AS SHOWN BELOW, THEY COULD FALL OUT OF PLACE DURING REFUELING OR BURNING OF THE STOVE CAUSING SERIOUS INJURY.

1. Install firebox bottom brick spacers on both the left and right side of firebox. The brick spacers are located in the package with the manual. Assure that brick spacers are pushed to each side until they are in full contact with the firebox side on each side.
2. Install brick #1-20 in the numbered sequence shown in **Figure 19**.
3. Brick's 13 and 14 will be located between the steel firebox and rear baffle board (already installed).
4. Once all bricks are installed confirm that the already installed baffle boards are in their correct location and resting on the secondary burn tubes.



## FOR MOBILE HOME INSTALLS:

- Be sure the stove is properly grounded
- Be sure the stove is properly securely fastened to the floor
- Be sure the outside air vent is free of obstructions and has a mesh screen in place



## POST INSTALLATION CHECKS

- Check that all chimney pipe joints are secured and installed according to the manufacturers instruction.
- If used, make sure the outside air kit is properly installed and unobstructed.
- Make sure the legs or pedestal are securely fastened to the stove.
- Double check all stove clearances.
- Be sure bricks and baffle boards are properly installed.
- If plated accessories are used, be sure surfaces are clean prior to firing the stove. See *Page 18*



**FOR YOUR OWN PROTECTION AND INSURANCE PURPOSES, HAVE YOUR CHIMNEY AND CONNECTOR PIPE INSTALLATION INSPECTED BY YOUR LOCAL BUILDING CODE AUTHORITY OR FIRE MARSHAL BEFORE STARTING A FIRE IN YOUR STOVE. NOTIFY YOUR INSURANCE COMPANY.**

## PAINT CURING

If your stove has plated accessories, be sure to clean it with a household type glass cleaner and a very soft cloth to remove any fingerprints and residues prior to the first fire and before any fire if the plated surfaces have been handled or soiled. Do not close the door tightly during the "Burn-In Period." Also, open the door frequently (every 5-10 minutes) to keep the gasket from adhering to the curing paint. Ventilate the house well during these first firings as the paint gives off carbon dioxide and unpleasant odors. It is recommended that persons sensitive to an imbalance in the indoor air quality avoid the stove or fireplace insert during the curing process.

Your new Grandview™ 230 is painted with a high temperature paint that cures during the first few firings. We recommend that you put your stove or fireplace insert through a regimen of three burns. The first two should last for 20 minutes each at 250 degrees (the stove or fireplace insert should be allowed to cool completely between each burn). The third should be a burn of at least 450 degrees F. for 45-60 minutes. The paint will become soft, gummy and emit non-toxic smoke during these burns. During these first burns, open the appliance door frequently to help prevent the door gasket from adhering to the appliance. After the stove or fireplace insert cools down for the third time, the paint will harden. **DO NOT BUILD A LARGE ROARING FIRE UNTIL THIS CURING EFFECT IS COMPLETE OR YOU MAY DAMAGE THE FINISH OF YOUR STOVE.** Spray can touch-ups should be done only with a high temperature stove paint (cat. no. H8159), available from all Lennox Hearth Products dealers.

## BURN-IN PERIOD

Please be patient with the heat output of your stove or fireplace insert for the first few weeks. The steel will go through a curing process that eliminates moisture, which is deep in the steel and firebrick. This moisture will reduce initial heat output of your stove or fireplace insert and may make it difficult to start. **(DO NOT OVERFIRE THE STOVE DURING THIS PROCESS. IF THE STOVE OR CHIMNEY BECOMES RED, REDUCE THE AMOUNT OF AIR ENTERING THE STOVE IMMEDIATELY).**

## OPERATING HINTS

1. Burn only dry, well-seasoned cord wood. In some states it is illegal to burn wet wood or anything other than clean, dry wood products.
2. Your stove or fireplace insert is designed to operate with the door closed! Operate only with the door shut tightly at all times except when loading wood and possibly on start up to establish a draft. Never leave the unit unattended while the front door is opened.
3. **DO NOT** contact or move the baffle boards while loading wood. Occasionally check the baffle to assure that the boards are in their correct location.

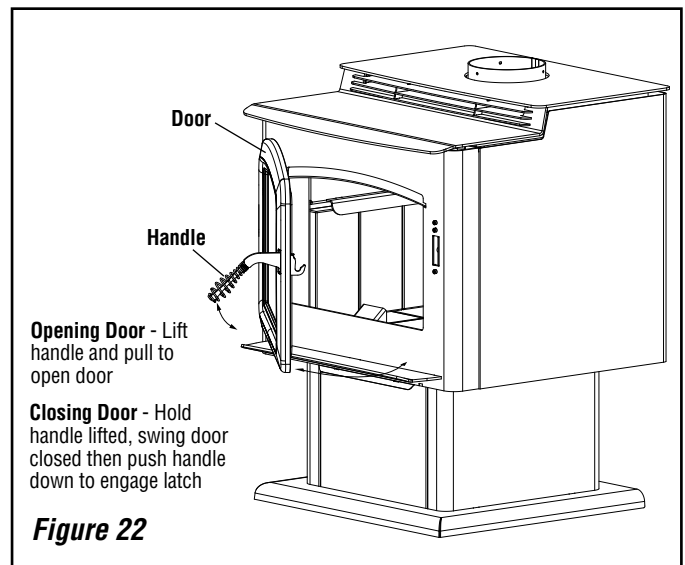
4. **CAUTION: THE DRAFT CONTROL MUST BE FULLY OPEN BEFORE OPENING THE DOOR TO AVOID POSSIBLE COMBUSTION FLASH!!** (Ignition of hot volatile gases as the door is opened).
5. Feeding excessive amounts of fuel to the stove or fireplace insert should be avoided. It is important to supply it with sufficient draft and fuel to maintain a moderately hot fire. If, during overnight burns, heavy creosote deposits develop inside your stove and on the door, the draft is set too low - review your burning habits!

## DOOR OPERATION

**Do not operate the appliance with the door open or ajar other than possibly during start up to create a draft (Do not leave the unit unattended while the front door is slightly open during start up). Operating the appliance with the door open other than in initial start up if needed will produce extreme temperatures within the appliance. Damage caused from over-firing is not covered under the manufacturers limited warranty.**

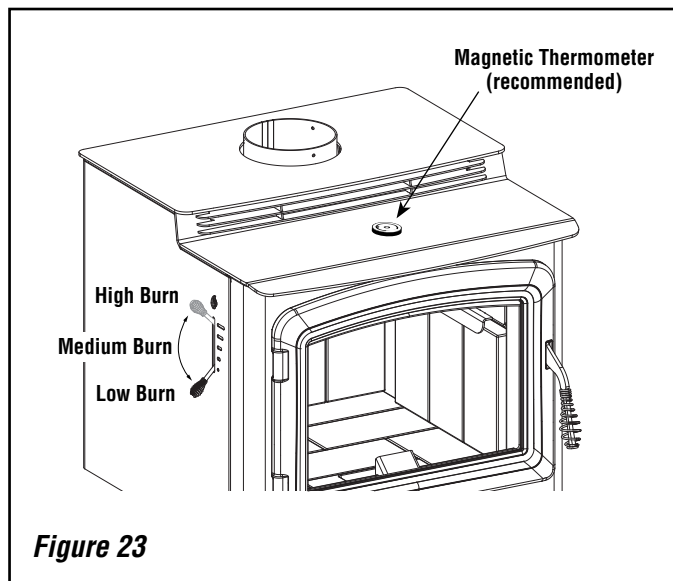
## ⚠ WARNING

**Be careful not to abuse door assembly by striking or slamming it. If the door assembly or glass is broken or damaged, they must be replaced with factory original parts before heater can be safely operated. Use only components provided by the manufacturer as replacement parts.**



## STARTING AND MAINTAINING A FIRE

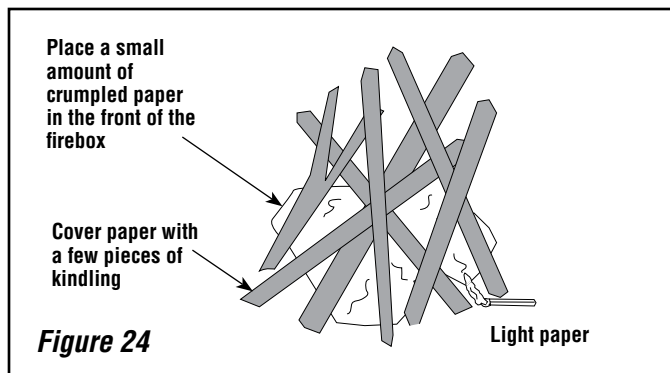
1. **NEVER USE FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS TO START OR REKINDLE A SOLID FUEL FIRE!!**
2. Fully open the primary draft control by placing draft control (wood handle located on left side of the stove) in the highest position. This control determines the amount of air entering the stove. Lowering this control reduces the burn rate of the stove. For your convenience, the control is marked with five positions to assist you in obtaining repeatable burn rates.
3. Place a small amount of crumpled paper in the front of the firebox and cover it with a few pieces of kindling.
4. Light the paper and allow sufficient time for the kindling to become fully engulfed in flames. You will now close the wood units front door. Your wood units front door may or may not need to be left slightly open during this start up process, this depends on the stove model and the amount of draft present.
5. **When operating any wood burning appliance, it is important to become familiar with how the damper control affects heat output and the overall temperature of the appliance. A stove thermometer can be a helpful tool to help ensure you are not over-firing your appliance and it will also ensure you are burning fuel at a rate that is most efficient. Place a stove thermometer on the top of the appliance as shown in *Figure 23*. Monitor the temperature every 15 minutes or so until you become more familiar with your appliance. Close the damper all the way down if you begin to reach 500 degrees, as this is a sign that you are operating your appliance at too high a temperature.**



## **DO NOT LEAVE THE STOVE UNATTENDED WHILE THE FRONT DOOR IS SLIGHTLY OPEN.**

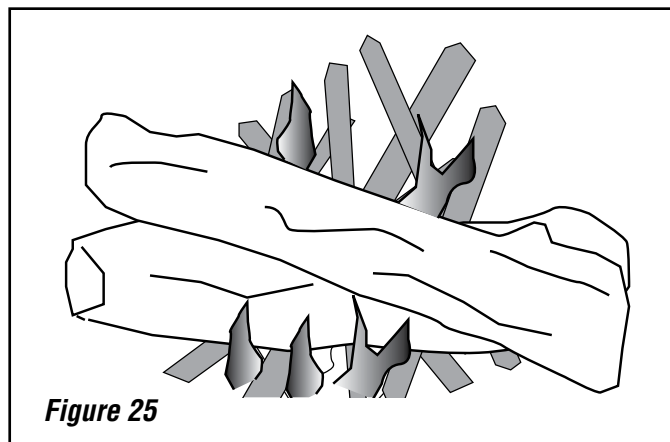
**CAUTION:** Do Not alter the adjustment range of the draft control for increased firing for any reason.

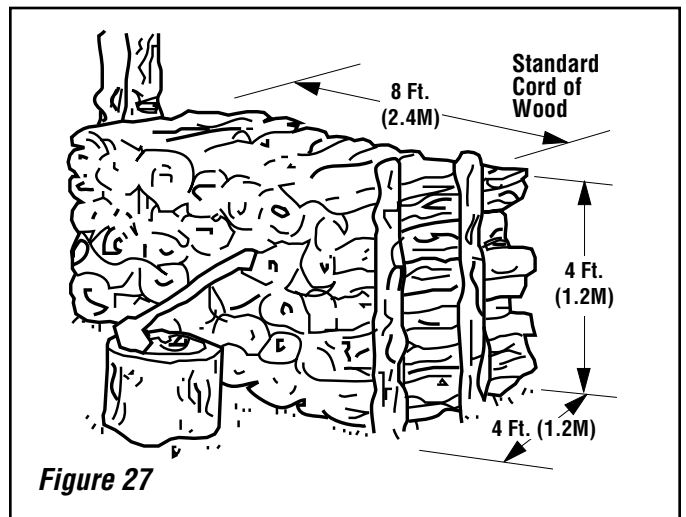
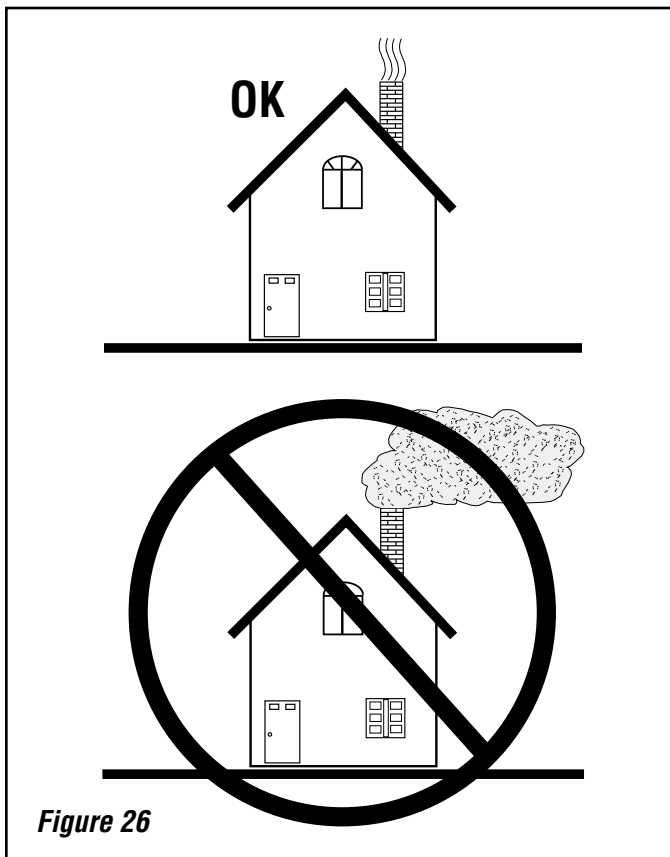
**Operate only with fuel door and ash drawer closed. Maintain all seals in good condition. Do not operate with broken glass.**



**SEE MAINTENANCE SECTION FOR GLASS CLEANING GUIDELINES AND TIPS FOR KEEPING THE GLASS CLEAN (PAGE 24).**

6. Once kindling is burning well, larger pieces of wood may be added, then the door should be fully closed if there was the need to keep it slightly open during start up.
7. For best results, use smaller pieces of wood to get the stove or fireplace insert temperature very high before loading larger wood for sustained burns. If necessary, crack the door to allow ignition of the fuel charge. Now you can add larger pieces of wood and after several minutes of high burn, set the left control for the desired heat output. Check the exhaust in about 15 to 20 minutes (*see Figure 26*). Large amounts of smoke indicate an improper burn setting (either too high or too low). Adjust and recheck in 5 to 10 minutes.





#### What does “Well-Seasoned” mean?

When a tree is cut down, the wood is green, full of sap and moisture. This moisture content can exceed 80%, which must be reduced to less than 20%. Wood properly seasoned is then capable of generating the heat the stove was designed to provide.

Green wood does not burn easily. Attempting to burn green wood often results in a lot of smoke and very little fire. Time is the most important factor in seasoning wood. Ideally the moisture content should be reduced to 11-20%. **NOTE: The use of a firewood moisture meter is recommended to ensure the firewood contains less than 20% moisture.**

#### Seasoning Guide

Softwoods – 6 months to 18 months

Hardwoods – 12 months to 24 months

Logs that are 5” diameter across or larger should be split in half, three pieces if over 8 inches, and four pieces when over a foot across. If a tree has been dead for 2 – 4 years it still needs to be cut, split, and seasoned for 6 to 24 months depending on the wood.

## FUEL

This appliance is designed and engineered to burn, dry, well-seasoned wood only.

Dry, seasoned wood is that which has been cut, split and allowed to dry under a covered area where air is free to flow and circulate under and around the wood (not under a tarp or plastic). Make sure wood is not stacked directly on the ground, it may absorb moisture from the ground. It should be allowed to dry in these conditions for a minimum of six months, preferably one year or more. **IT MUST BE UNDERSTOOD THAT WOOD CANNOT BE LEFT IN ANY KIND OF WET OR DAMP AREA OR IT WILL NEVER BECOME COMPLETELY SEASONED.**

Your stove will not operate at the level that it is meant to unless you use seasoned, dry wood. Do not burn driftwood or wood that has been in salt water, doing so will void your warranty. Do not burn incorrect fuels such as flammable liquids, grease, treated wood, coal, garbage, cardboard, solvents, or colored paper. Burning treated wood, garbage, solvents, or colored paper may result in the release of toxic fumes. This type of burning will also void your warranty.

**Do Not store fuel within space heater installation clearances or within the space required for refueling and ash removal.**

## GETTING THE MOST OUT OF YOUR STOVE

Recent developments in wood-burning technology have made wood-burning a cleaner and more convenient way to heat your home. Overall efficiency in a wood-burning appliance is a combination of combustion efficiency and heat transfer efficiency. Whether heating your entire home or just a room or two, your understanding of how to best operate your stove or insert will enhance its overall efficiency and performance. What this can mean to you is longer, cleaner burns, less wood use and more heat.

The following sections will outline techniques you can use to “get the most out of your stove.” Please read them carefully.

## MAXIMIZING YOUR STOVE’S OVERALL EFFICIENCY

**It is important to know that for clean highly efficient burns you will need to have sufficient temperatures inside the firebox for thorough combustion.** The best method for determining if you have sufficient temperatures is to watch the brick lining in your firebox. When you first light your stove or fireplace insert, the firebrick will turn a dark brown or black. After 20 to 30 minutes of a hot fire, most of the bricks should return to near their original beige color. This means the firebrick have reached a high enough temperature for your stove to achieve high combustion efficiency and you are ready to adjust the draft control to a lower setting.

**Second and just as important, is achieving a high level of heat transfer efficiency.** Slowing the rate of flow through the stove or insert enhances heat transfer, thus allowing more time for heat to be transferred into your home. To do this, be sure to thoroughly preheat your stove and then reduce the amount of primary air by closing the draft control down to a lower setting. (More air may produce a slightly greater amount of heat, but will greatly increase wood consumption).

To get the most out of your appliance, you will need to combine good combustion efficiency with good heat transfer practices. The following are some tips on how to operate your stove to achieve the highest overall efficiency.

1. Thoroughly preheat your stove before slowing the burn rate by closing the draft control.
2. When loading wood into a preheated stove or fireplace insert, allow a vigorous fire to build before lowering the draft control.
3. Operate your stove as much as possible in the low to medium burn ranges.
4. Do not lower the draft setting so low as to completely extinguish the flames in the firebox. Check for at least some small flames twenty minutes after setting the draft control.
5. Do not continually operate your stove or fireplace insert in the high (wide open) setting. This wastes wood by carrying a great deal of heat up the chimney and can damage your stove or fireplace insert and chimney.
6. Go outside and check your chimney. More than a very small amount of smoke indicates wasted heat, creosote build up and pollution (*see Figure 26*).

## ACHIEVING CLEAN, LONG BURNS

**To achieve long burn times, after having thoroughly preheated the stove, load the firebox without blocking the small air opening found in the center front of the firebox.** At this point, you may need to burn the stove with the draft open for a few minutes to ignite the wood. All Lennox Hearth Products stoves are EPA tested for emissions at low burn with the air control completely closed. Whether or not you should burn your stove with the air control completely closed will depend on the following factors:

- How you load your wood
- Your chimney type, height and draft
- Your wood type and its moisture content
- The temperature of the stove or fireplace insert
- Which model stove or insert you have

In order to maximize the burn time of your stove you may need to experiment to get the right balance of starting temperature, wood type, and draft control setting for your particular venting configuration. Do not reload the stove for long burns when the stainless secondary tubes or baffles are glowing red, or when the stove is uncomfortably hot to load. This indicates the stove is too hot to load for a long burn.

## BLOWER OPERATION (OPTIONAL KIT)

### Blower Operation

The blower can be operated in either manual or automatic mode. When operated automatically, the blower will turn on when the stove is hot, and turn off when the stove is cool.

— **MANUAL OPERATION:** Flip blower mode switch to the manual position (up) and adjust blower speed dial to desired setting. To turn blower off, rotate blower speed dial counter clockwise until it clicks “off.”

≡ **AUTO OPERATION:** Flip blower mode switch to auto position and turn blower speed dial clockwise until it clicks out of the “off” position. When the stove warms up (approx. 15-20 Mins), the blower will automatically turn on (adjust blower speed dial to desired speed setting). When the stove or insert cools down, the blower will automatically turn off.

### Blower Operation Guidelines

While in auto operation mode, the blower will turn off and on based on The temperature of the stove or fireplace insert. Auto operation ensures there is sufficient heat build-up to warm the air being moved by the blower before the blower is turned on. Likewise, when the stove cools off, the blower is turned off to prevent circulating cool air. Depending on the size and intensity of the fire it may be necessary to adjust the fan speed accordingly to ensure uninterrupted fan operation. For example a small fire may require a slower fan speed to keep the heat output by the fan consistent. If the blower is operated in manual mode, it may be necessary to adjust the blower speed as the fire begins to burn down and the stove is no longer hot enough to effectively heat the air moved by the blower. If the air coming from the blower feels cool, one should either decrease the blower speed or stoke the fire to build up more heat.

**NOTE:** Turn blower off before opening the door to load the fuel.

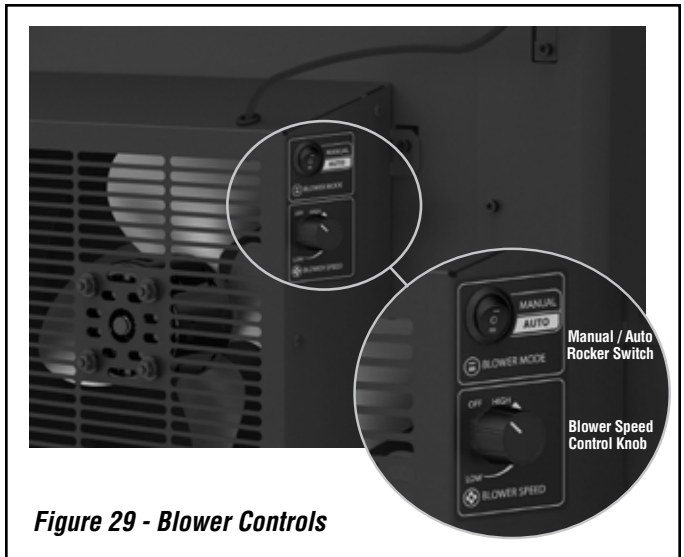


Figure 29 - Blower Controls

## ⚠ WARNINGS

The blower must be plugged directly into a properly grounded three-prong receptacle, 120 VAC, 60 Hz, single phase. Do not cut or remove the grounding prong from this plug. Do not route power cord under or in front of appliance.

Installation must be in accordance with National Electrical Code, ANSI/NFPA 70 - latest edition. In Canada, the current CSA C22.1 Canadian Electrical Code - latest edition.

**DANGER:** Disconnect power before servicing blower.

In the event that you remove the blower for any reason, make sure a cover plate (available from Lennox Hearth Products) is installed before using the heater. Excessive rear wall temperatures will result if the stove is burned without the cover plate. The cover plate is not necessary if a blower has never been installed because a knock-out will be in place to act as the cover.

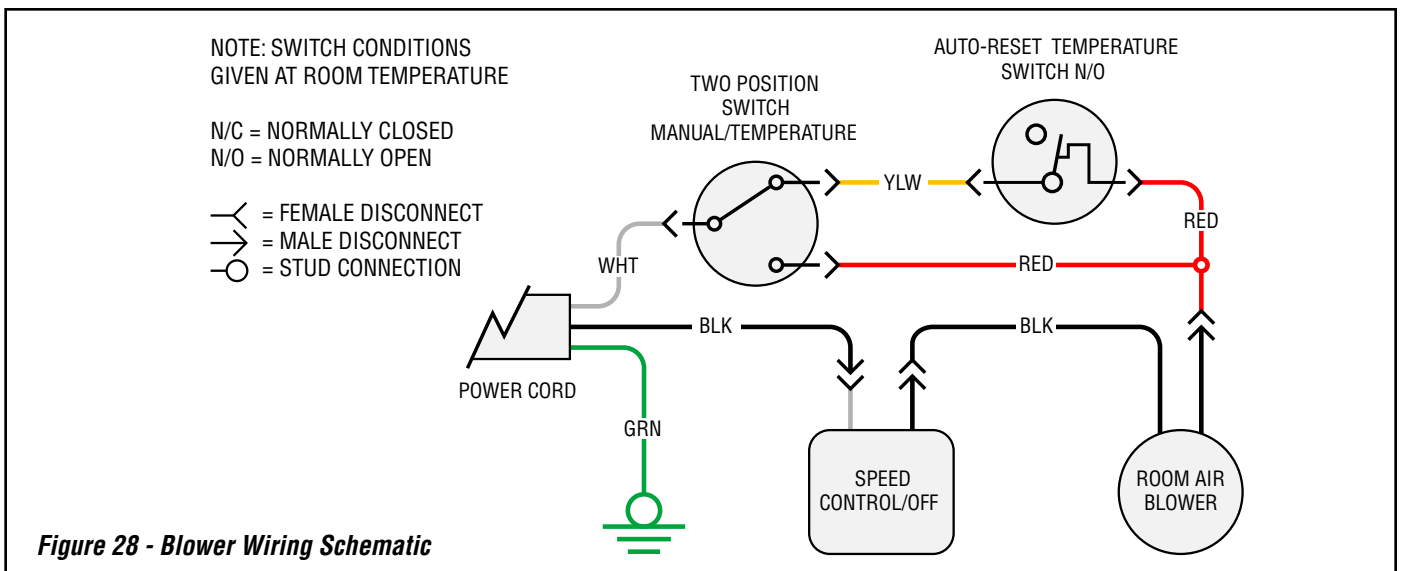


Figure 28 - Blower Wiring Schematic

NOTE: DIAGRAMS & ILLUSTRATIONS ARE NOT TO SCALE.

## DO'S AND DON'TS

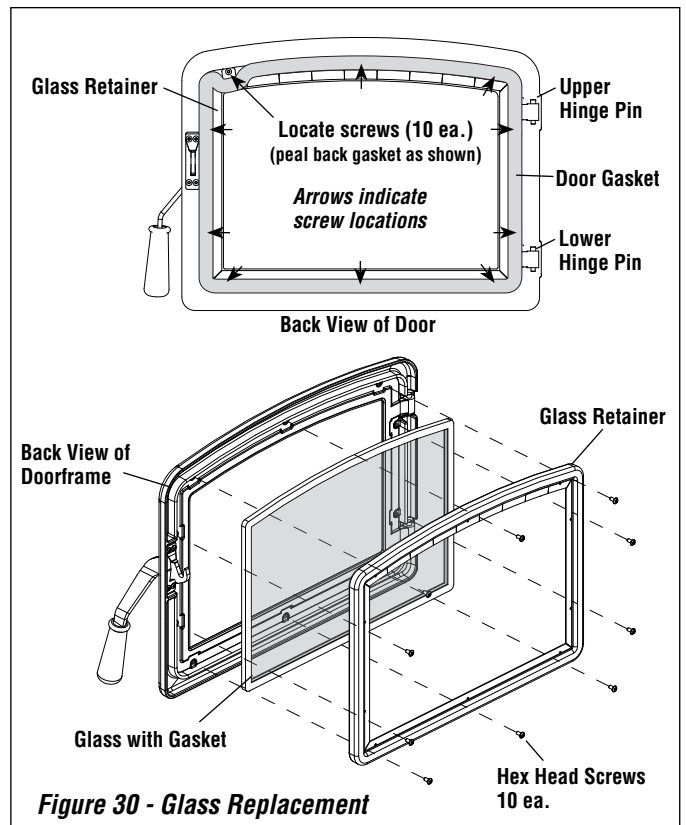
- DO NOT:** Install or operate the stove or fireplace insert before reading this manual.
- DO NOT:** Close the draft beyond the point at which the flames are completely extinguished.
- DO NOT:** Open the stove or fireplace insert door without **fully opening** the draft first.
- DO NOT:** Burn driftwood or wood that has been in salt water. This includes some mill ends and scrap lumber that has been floated in salt water on the way to the mill. (This will void your warranty).
- DO NOT:** Handle the Nickel Door Trim unnecessarily. Use the door handle only.
- DO NOT:** Force oversized logs into the firebox as this may dislodge the baffle assembly.
- DO NOT:** Close the door tightly during Burn-In Period.
- DO:** Be sure to clean any fingerprints from optional accessories that have plated surfaces before burning the appliance. Clean the plated surfaces only with household type glass cleaner and a very soft cloth.
- DO:** Consult local building department if other than recommended clearances are desired.
- DO:** Read instructions for the baffle boards occasionally to ensure you have not bumped or moved them out of place when loading wood.
- DO:** Check the chimney and baffle monthly to make sure they are clean.
- DO:** Burn seasoned, dry wood only! (RAIN = WET WOOD)
- DO:** Open the door frequently during Burn-In Period to keep gasket from adhering to the curing paint.
- DO:** Enjoy the warm feeling of your new Country® Collection stove.

## MAINTENANCE

### GLASS REPLACEMENT INSTRUCTIONS

(Refer to *Figure 30*)

- Step 1. Remove Door Assembly** - Remove the upper and lower hinge pins by pressing the bottom of each hinge pin up, then pull out from the top. Lift off door and place face down on a soft surface.
- Step 2. Remove Glass Retainer Screws (10 ea.)** - Using an 1/8" allen wrench remove the ten glass retainer screws. To locate screws, peel back the door gasket as necessary. The screws are located by the holes in the stainless steel glass retainer strips.
- Step 3. Remove Glass** - Carefully remove broken glass one piece at a time (protective leather gloves are recommended).
- Step 4. Clean Door Frame** - Clean the area of the door frame where the new glass with gasket will be installed.
- Step 5. Install New Glass Assembly** - Install the new glass with gasket (use only factory supplied 5mm ceramic glass with gasket. **Do not substitute**).
- Step 6. Reinstall Retainer and Screws** - Carefully reinstall the glass retainer and screws. Be very careful not to overtighten the screws (this could result in glass breakage when the stove is hot).
- Step 7. Reinstall Door** - Align hinges on door frame with corresponding hinge holes on the face of stove. Reinstall the upper and lower hinge pins from the top.



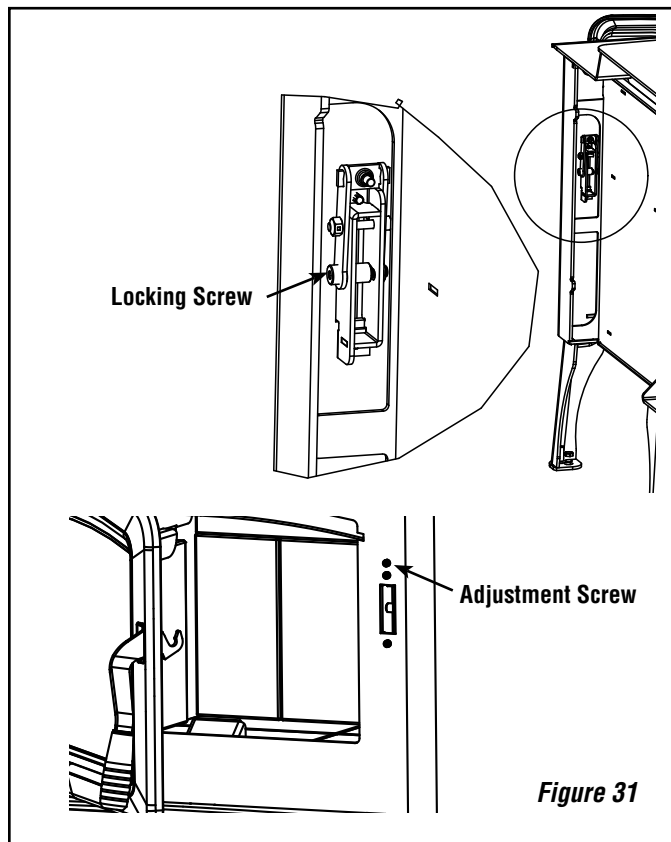
**Figure 30 - Glass Replacement**

NOTE: DIAGRAMS & ILLUSTRATIONS ARE NOT TO SCALE.

## MAINTENANCE

**DOOR HINGES:** If door hinges need lubricating, use an anti-seize compound (never use oil) available from your Lennox Hearth Products dealer.

**DOOR LATCH:** Adjustment Instructions - Remove the right side heat shield by loosening the 3 screws located on the back of the stove. Using a "L" shaped 5/32" allen wrench, loosen the locking screw in the latch assembly as shown in **Figure 31**. With the locking screw loosened, adjust the top 5/32" allen screw (**Figure 31**) in the front of the stove to adjust the door tension. Turning the screw to the right will tighten the door, turning the screw to the left will loosen the door. When you loosen the door it will be easiest to pull the roller pin to the full forward position and make slight adjustments to tighten to the desired tension. Assure that the tension on the front door creates a good seal between the gasket on the front door and the firebox front. After adjusting the door tension, re-tighten the lock screw and replace the heat shield.



**DOOR GASKET:** Periodically check gasket to make sure it is not over-compressed. If compressed, replace with a special woven door rope. (Don't try substituting rope, only use Lennox Hearth Products door rope).

**PLATED ACCESSORIES:** Clean only with household type glass cleaner and a very soft cotton cloth. Other products may damage plated finish, paint and gaskets.

**BAFFLE BOARDS:** Your baffle boards should be inspected during every chimney cleaning. If either board is damaged then replace baffle boards.

### GLASS CLEANING GUIDELINES

**WARNING: DO NOT CLEAN GLASS WHEN APPLIANCE IS HOT!**

Glass on any wood stove will not stay perfectly clean. Here are some guidelines for cleaning and caring for the glass:

- **Ensure the stove is cold prior to cleaning glass.**
- This appliance is designed to provide a flow of air over the inside of the glass, where along with high heat helps inhibit build-up on the glass. When build-up occurs, a commercial glass cleaner designed for stoves is recommended. Regular household glass cleaners will not clean creosote.

- Do not use abrasives such as steel pads, steel wool or oven cleaner as they will scratch the glass. Never scrape glass with a razor blade as this may pit the glass and make it impossible to clean in the future.
- Do not use chemical glass cleaners as they may damage the gaskets or painted surfaces.

### TIPS FOR KEEPING THE GLASS CLEAN

- Burn only dry seasoned cord wood. **Wet wood = Dirty glass.**
- A short, hot fire (15 - 20 minutes) may help to clean off some of the normal buildup. **Lower burns = more build-up. Higher burns = less build-up.**
- Keep freshly loaded wood away from the glass.
- After reloading, allow all the wood to catch flame before dampering down the stove.

### CREOSOTE FORMATION AND NEED FOR REMOVAL

When wood is burned slowly, it produces tar and other organic vapors, which combine with expelled moisture to form creosote. The creosote vapors condense in the relatively cool chimney flue of a slow-burning fire. As a result, creosote residue accumulates on the flue lining. When ignited, this creosote makes an extremely hot fire.

The chimney and chimney connector should be inspected at least once monthly during the heating season to determine if a creosote buildup has occurred. If creosote has accumulated (1/8" [3 mm] or more), it should be removed to reduce the risk of a chimney fire.

**Establish a routine for the fuel, wood burner and firing technique. Check daily for creosote build-up until experience shows how often you need to clean to be safe. Be aware that the hotter the fire the less creosote is deposited, and weekly cleaning may be necessary in mild weather even though monthly cleaning may be enough in the coldest months. Contact your local municipal or provincial fire authority for information on how to handle a chimney fire. Have a clearly understood plan to handle a chimney fire.**

### DISPOSAL OF ASHES

Ashes should be scooped out of a cool stove or fireplace insert with a small metal shovel. Ashes should be placed in a steel container with a tight fitting lid and moved outdoors immediately. Other waste shall not be placed in this container. The closed container of ashes should be placed on a non-combustible floor or on the ground, well away from all combustible materials, pending final disposal. If the ashes are disposed of by burial in soil or otherwise locally dispersed, they should be retained in the closed container until all the cinders have thoroughly cooled. Ashes can ignite up to 72 hours after removal from the appliance.

### ⚠ CAUTION

**Cleaning Glass: Ensure appliance is cold prior to cleaning glass. A commercial glass cleaner designed for stoves is recommended. Do not use abrasive cleaners. Do not clean with any materials, which may scratch or otherwise damage the glass. Scratches on the glass can develop into cracks or break. Inspect the glass regularly. If you detect a crack, extinguish the fire and contact your dealer for a replacement.**

### ⚠ WARNINGS

**Inspect and clean chimney and connector frequently. Under certain conditions of use, creosote buildup may occur rapidly.**

## TROUBLESHOOTING

Problem	Solution
<b>POOR DRAFT:</b>	Extend chimney in length or have the chimney realigned to the proper size flue. Oversized chimneys normally have poor drafts. Remember, the stove or fireplace inserts' draft depends solely on the natural draft of the chimney (See Draft Requirements on <b>Page 4</b> ). If your stove or fireplace insert is not drafting properly, your chimney is the problem. All stoves are thoroughly tested to ensure proper draft with the correct size chimney flue.
<b>EXCESSIVE DRAFT:</b>	With better chimneys being more common, excessive draft can be an issue. Alleviate excessive draft by slowing the burn rate of the stove or fireplace insert once it has reached proper operating temperature (See Maximizing Your Stoves Overall Efficiency on <b>Page 21</b> ).
<b>DIRTY GLASS:</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1) Burn smaller, hotter fires and check to make sure you are not setting the draft down too far with the draft control.</li><li>2) Make sure your wood is well-seasoned and dry (not open to rain - see Creosote [<b>Page 24</b>] and Fuel [<b>Page 20</b>] sections).</li><li>3) See Poor Draft section (above) and Cleaning Glass on <b>Page 24</b>.</li></ol>
<b>SMOKES WHEN DOOR IS OPEN:</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1) If smoke is entering the room, check to make sure your baffle boards are properly installed.</li><li>2) Check the chimney for blockage due to creosote (see Chimney [<b>Page 6</b>] and Creosote [<b>Page 24</b>] sections).</li><li>3) Check draft (See POOR DRAFT section above).</li></ol>
<b>WOOD BURNS TOO FAST:</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1) The draft control must be closed further.</li><li>2) Add fuel at lower firebox temperatures.</li><li>3) Load wood side to side and reduce the flow of air under wood.</li><li>4) The door seal may need replacing, check for leakage.</li><li>5) See "Excessive Draft."</li></ol>
<b>POOR HEAT OUTPUT:</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1) Check your wood. Wet, moist, unseasoned wood will not produce heat.</li><li>2) Your stove or fireplace insert needs to be seasoned (moisture removed from the steel and brick). Continue to burn a fire. It normally takes from one to three weeks of burning to season your stove (See Burn-In procedures on <b>Page 18</b>).</li><li>3) See Excessive Draft section above.</li></ol>
<b>PAINT GIVES OFF ODOR (smoke):</b>	Paint is tempering-in. Burn only moderately hot for the first few days until paint is fully cured. Then burn a very hot fire to cure any paint that may not easily cure. Open windows or door to ventilate (See Burn-In Period on <b>Page 18</b> ).

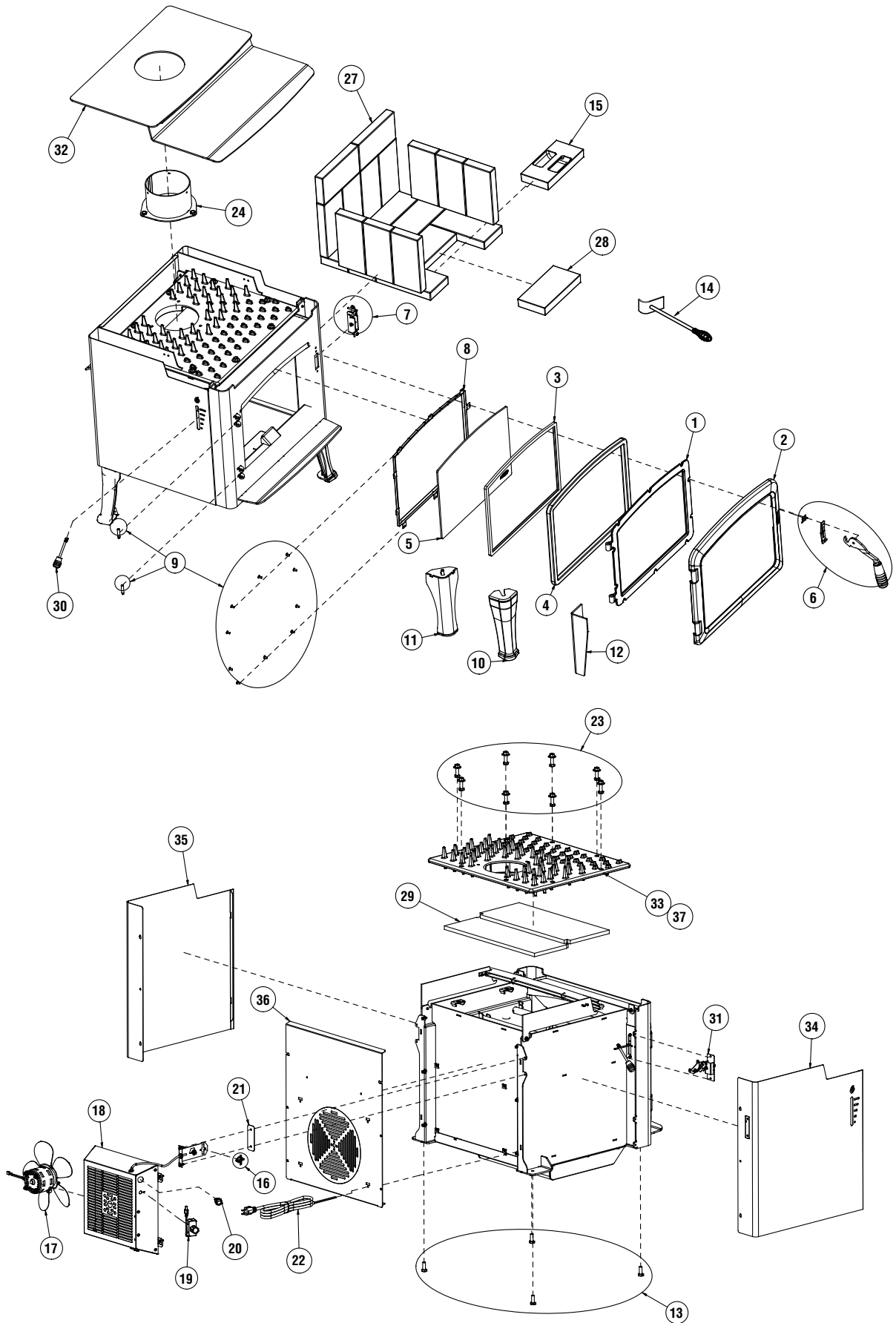
**REPLACEMENT PARTS - MODEL GRANDVIEW™ 230**

Contact an Lennox Hearth Products dealer to obtain any of these parts. Never use substitute materials. Use of non-approved parts can result in poor performance and safety hazards.

FRONT DOOR PARTS LIST		
Item #	Cat. No	Description
1	H8365	Inner Door Frame, Cast Iron
2	H8366	Outer Door Frame, Cast Iron
3	H8380	Glass Gasket 1"
4	H5639	Door Gasket 7/8"
5	H8392	Ceramic Glass With Gasket
6	H8395	Door Handle Kit
7	H8397	Door Latch Assembly (4 button head screws and latch)
8	H8394	Glass, Retainer Kit
9	H8398	Door Hardware Kit (includes 2 pins, door roller and 10 button head screws and door set screw)
LEG PARTS		
10	H8383	Coastal Brushed Nickel Leg - single leg
10	H8384	Coastal, Nickel Leg - single leg
10	H8385	Coastal, Black Leg - single leg
11	H8386	Lakeview, Steel Black Leg - single leg
	H5619	Olympic, Brushed Nickel Cast Leg - single leg
	H5621	Olympic, Nickel Cast Leg - single leg
	H5669	Olympic, Black Cast Leg - single leg
	H8382	Leg, Hardware, Bolt, Kit
PEDESTAL PARTS		
14	H5564	Ash Plug Remover and Rake
15	H8381	Removable Ash Plug

BLOWER PARTS		
Item #	Cat. No	Description
16	H8374	Blower Snap Switch
17	H8375	Blower Blade
18	H8376	Blower Cover
19	H5742	Speed Control - High Temperature
20	H8066	Blower Rocker Switch
	H8399	Blower Opening Cover Plate
22	H5660	Blower Power Cord
MISCELLANEOUS PARTS		
	71052	Dry Graphite (apply to door handle bushing)
	H5633	Anti Seize, 2 Gram Pouch
23	H8387	Heat Exchanger Bolt Kit
	H8388	Flue Ring Bolt Kit
	H8389	Ash Drawer Hardware Kit
	H8390	Taptite Qty 8 (34055)
	H8391	Button Head Screw Qty 8 (34027)
FIREBOX PARTS		
	H8367	Secondary Tube Retainer Clips
	H8373	Replacement Secondary Air Tube Kit
27	H8378	Complete Firebrick Kit (20 bricks included)
28	H5612	Firebrick 4-1/2" X 9", Each
29	H8379	Baffle Board Kit
BODY PARTS		
30	H8393	Damper Rod
31	H8396	Damper Assembly
32	H8368	Stove Top Replacement
33	H8369	Cast Iron Heat Exchanger (hardware included)
35	H8370	Left Side Heat Shield (hardware included)
34	H8371	Right Side Heat Shield (hardware included)
36	H8372	Rear, Heat, Shield (hardware included)
37	H8377	Heat Exchanger Gasket

REPLACEMENT PARTS - MODEL GRANDVIEW™ 230

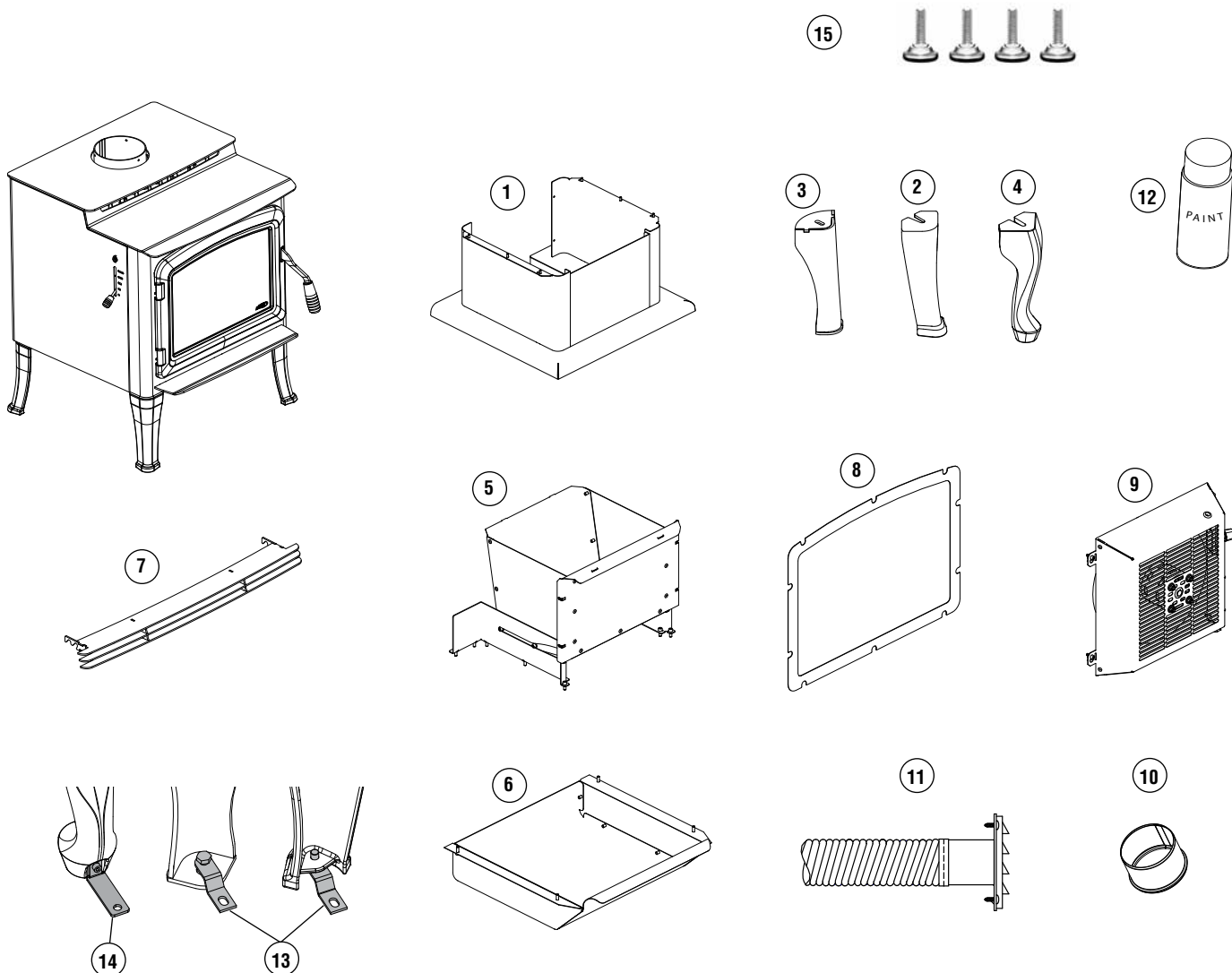


NOTE: DIAGRAMS & ILLUSTRATIONS ARE NOT TO SCALE.

**ACCESSORIES - MODEL GRANDVIEW™ 230**

PEDESTAL (REQUIRED)			
Item #	Cat. No.	Model	Description
1	H8343	PED-GV	Pedestal, Black
OR LEGS (REQUIRED)			
2	H8339	LEG-COSTL-BLK	Coastal Legs, Black
2	H8340	LEG-COSTL-BRNKL	Coastal Legs, Brushed Nickel
2	H8341	LEG-COSTL-NKL	Coastal Legs, Nickel
3	H8342	LEG-LKVIEW-BLK	Lakeview Legs, Black
4	70000	LEG-OLY-B	Olympic Sculptured Black
4	70002	LEG-OLY-N	Olympic Sculptured Nickel
4	70008	LEG-OLY-BRN	Olympic Sculptured Brushed Nickel
ASH DRAWERS			
5	H8344	ASHDR-KIT-PED-GV	Pedestal, Ash Drawer Kit
6	H8345	ASHDR-KIT-LEG-GV	Leg, Ash Drawer Kit
LOUVERS			
7	H8348	LVP-GV230-BLK	Louvers, Black
7	H8349	LVR-GV230-BRNKL	Louvers, Brushed Nickel

DOOR TRIM			
Item #	Cat. No.	Model	Description
8	H8346	DRTRM-GV230-NKL	Door Trim, Nickel
8	H8347	DRTRM-GV230-BRNKL	Door Trim, Brushed Nickel
BLOWER			
9	H8350	BLWR-GV-700-SS	Blower
OUTSIDE AIR KITS			
10	UZIAD	UZIAD	Outside Air Coupler for Connection of UZI to Fireplace
11	UZI	UZI	Outside Air Kit (4" I.D. x 10 ft. long insulated flex)
COMMON ACCESSORIES			
12	H8159	TSPK-B	Touch-up Spray Paint Kit, Black
13	H7665	WP-LEGF-LBRKT	Leg Tie Down Kit, Coastal & Lakeview Legs, Mobile Homes
14	H5308	W-LEGF-LBRKT	Leg Tie Down Kit, Olympic Legs, Mobile Homes
15	H7638	BELLA-LLK	Leg Leveling Pads
----	H8407	W-LLK	Leg Leveling Bolt Kit



NOTE: DIAGRAMS & ILLUSTRATIONS ARE NOT TO SCALE.

**VENTING COMPONENTS - MODEL GRANDVIEW™ 230**
**Security Chimneys™ Pipe**

Tubinox Components 6" Rigid Stainless Steel Liner			
Cat. No.	Model	Description	Pc. / Container
6LL6	6LL6	LENGTH 6" X 6"	4
6LL12	6LL12	LENGTH 6" X 12"	4
6LL24	6LL24	LENGTH 6" X 24"	4
6LL36	6LL36	LENGTH 6" X 36"	4
6LL48	6LL48	LENGTH 6" X 48"	4
6L7A	6L7A	ADJUSTABLE LENGTH (7 to 11)	4
6LT	6LT	SPLIT BASE TEE	4
6LTCS	6LTCS	TEE CAP	10
6LTC	6LTC	TWIST LOCK TEE CAP	4
6LE30	6LE30	ELBOW 30 DEGREE	4
6LE45	6LE45	ELBOW 45 DEGREE	4
6LE90	6LE90	ELBOW 90 DEGREE	4
6LST	6LST	FLASHING	5
6LSTSS	6LSTSS	FLASHING STAINLESS	1
6LSA	6LSA	SUPPORT ASSEMBLY	5
6LSB	6LSB	INTERIOR SUPPORT	5
6LAAM	6LAAM	ADAPTOR FLEX PIPE (MALE)	4
6LAAF	6LAAF	ADAPTOR FLEX PIPE (FEMALE)	4
6LLFLEX	6LLFLEX	STAINLESS FLEXIBLE LENGTH (6"X60")	4
6LMA	6LMA	MASONRY ADAPTOR	1
6LLR5	6LLR5	REDUCER LENGTH (6"-5")	4
6LLW7	6LLW7	INCREASER LENGTH (6"-7")	4
6LCC	6LCC	DELUXE RAIN CAP	1
6LCS	6LCS	REGULAR RAIN CAP	1
6LRSMI	6LRSMI	ADJUSTABLE INSULATION WALL THIMBLE 6" - 12"	1

Secure Black™ Single Wall Stove Pipe 6" SW Pipe and Accessories			
Cat. No.	Model	Description	Pc. / Container
6SWL6	6SWL6	LENGTH 6" X 6"	100
6SWL12	6SWL12	LENGTH 6" X 12"	5
6SWL24	6SWL24	LENGTH 6" X 24"	10
6SWL36	6SWL36	LENGTH 6" X 36"	2
6SWL48	6SWL48	LENGTH 6" X 48"	5
6SWLT	6SWLT	TELESCOPIC LENGTH 6" (42"-66")	1
6SWLA	6SWLA	ADJUSTABLE LENGTH 6" (3"-9")	5
6SWMA	6SWMA	SINGLE WALL MASONRY ADAPTOR 6"	1
6SWT	6SWT	TEE 6" (TEE CAP INCLUDED)	2
6SWE45	6SWE45	ELBOW 45 DEGREE 6"	4
6SWE90	6SWE90	ELBOW 90 DEGREE 6"	4
6SWE90A	6SWE90A	SWIVEL 90 DEGREE ELBOW 6"	10
6UP	6UP	FLUE EXTENSION 6"	10
6SWAB	6SWAB	STOVE ADAPTOR 6"	8
6SWIN7	6SWIN7	INCREASER LENGTH (6"-7")	4
6SWIN8	6SWIN8	INCREASER LENGTH (6"-8")	4
6SWOA	6SWOA	OVAL TO ROUND ADAPTOR 6"	5
6SWLK	6SWLK	DAMPER UNIT 6"	4
6PB	6PB	DECORATIVE COLLAR 6" (ASHT)	25
6PF	6PF	TRIM COLLAR 6" (ASHT)	5

Double Wall Black Stove Pipe 6" DL Pipe and Accessories			
Cat. No.	Model	Description	Pc. / Container
6DL6	6DL6	LENGTH 6" X 6"	8
6DL12	6DL12	LENGTH 6" X 12"	4
6DL24	6DL24	LENGTH 6" X 24"	2
6DL36	6DL36	LENGTH 6" X 36"	2
6DL42A	6DL42A	TELESCOPIC LENGTH (42" 66")	1
6DL3A	6DL3A	ADJUSTABLE LENGTH (3"-9")	4
6DL36A	6DL36A	ADJUSTABLE LENGTH (3"-34")	2
6DT	6DT	TEE (TEE CAP INCLUDED)	4
6DE45	6DE45	ELBOW 45 DEGREE	4
6DE90	6DE90	ELBOW 90 DEGREE	4
6DMA	6DMA	MASONRY ADAPTOR	1
6UP	6UP	FLUE EXTENSION	10
6DAB	6DAB	STOVE ADAPTOR	8
6DLW7	6DLW7	INCREASER LENGTH (6"-7")	4
6DLW8	6DLW8	INCREASER LENGTH (6"-8")	4
6DLK	6DLK	DAMPER UNIT DL 6"	4
6DQDH	6DQDH	DECORATIVE COLLAR	25
6DQ	6DQ	TRIM COLLAR	10

Safety and General

Planning Installation

Installation

Operation

Maintenance

Troubleshooting

Parts / Accessories

**VENTING COMPONENTS - MODEL GRANDVIEW™ 230**

Secure Temp® Factory-Built Chimney 6" Secure Temp ASHT and Secure Temp G-ASHT			
Cat. No.	Model	Description	Pc. / Container
<b>Lengths and Fittings</b>			
6L8	6L8	LENGTH 6" X 8"	1
6L12	6L12	LENGTH 6" X 12"	1
6L18	6L18	LENGTH 6" X 18"	1
6L24	6L24	LENGTH 6" X 24"	1
6L36	6L36	LENGTH 6" X 36"	1
6L48	6L48	LENGTH 6" X 48"	1
6LA	6LA	ADJUSTABLE LENGTH, 12"	1
6TI	6TI	INSULATED TEE (TCS INCLUDED)	1
6TCS	6TCS	INSULATED SS TEE CAP (INCLUDED WITH TI)	10
6TB	6TB	BASE TEE GALVANIZED (TC INCLUDED)	1
6TBS	6TBS	BASE TEE STAINLESS (TCS INCLUDED)	1
6TBD	6TBD	BASE TEE GALVANIZED DOUBLE (TC INCLUDED)	1
6TC	6TC	BASE TEE CAP GALVANIZED	10
6TCI	6TCI	INSULATED TEE CAP (USE WITH SME SUPPORT)	5
6TCP	6TCP	DRAIN TEE CAP (USE WITH SME SUPPORT)	5
6E15	6E15	INSULATED ELBOW 15 DEGREE	2
6E30	6E30	INSULATED ELBOW 30 DEGREE	1
<b>Aluminum Zinc Coated Steel (Lengths and Fittings)</b>			
6GL8	6GL8	LENGTH 6" X 8"	1
6GL12	6GL12	LENGTH 6" X 12"	1
6GL18	6GL18	LENGTH 6" X 18"	1
6GL24	6GL24	LENGTH 6" X 24"	1
6GL36	6GL36	LENGTH 6" X 36"	1
6GL48	6GL48	LENGTH 6" X 48"	1
6GLA	6GLA	ADJUSTABLE LENGTH, 12"	1
6GTI	6GTI	INSULATED TEE (TCS INCLUDED)	1
6TCS	6TCS	INSULATED SS TEE CAP (INCLUDED WITH GTI)	10
6GE15	6GE15	INSULATED ELBOW 15 DEGREE	2
6GE30	6GE30	INSULATED ELBOW ALUM-ZINC 30 DEGREE	1
<b>Supports</b>			
6UP	6UP	FLUE EXTENSION	10
PS	PS	SQUARE CATHEDRAL SUPPORT EXTENSION	1
6SSC	6SSC	SQUARE CATHEDRAL SUPPORT W/ COUPLER	1
6SSAC	6SSAC	ADJUSTABLE SQUARE CATHEDRAL SUPPORT w/COUPLER	1
6SFC	6SFC	FINISHING SUPPORT W/COUPLER	1

Cat. No.	Model	Description	Pc. / Container
<b>Supports (continued)</b>			
6SM	6SM	TEE SUPPORT	1
6SMA	6SMA	GALVALUME ADJUSTABLE TEE SUPPORT (2" TO 6")	5
SO	SO	OFFSET SUPPORT / WALL SUPPORT	10
ST	ST	ROOF SUPPORT	10
6SD	6SD	FLOOR SUPPORT	5
6SP	6SP	ANCHOR PLATE	10
<b>Braces and Firestops</b>			
6BF	6BF	FIRESTOP	10
6RSM30	6RSM30	ANGLED FIRESTOP - 30 DEGREE	
6RS	6RS	RADIATION SHIELD	5
6RSA2	6RSA2	2PC INSULATED ATTIC RADIATION SHIELD	1
6ARSA	6ARSA	ADJUSTABLE INSULATED ATTIC RADIATION SHIELD	1
6RSI	6RSI	INSULATED RADIATION SHIELD	1
6RSM	6RSM	INSULATED WALL THIMBLE	1
6RSMI30	6RSMI30	30-DEGREE RADIATION SHIELD	1
BS2	BS2	UNIVERSAL ROOF BRACE	1
BM	BM	UNIVERSAL WALL BAND	10
6BH	6BH	GUY WIRE BAND (WIRE NOT INCLUDED)	10
6FR	6FR	FLAT ROOF FLASHING	3
6FAR	6FAR	ADJUSTABLE ROOF FLASHING - 1/12- 7/12	3
6FARA	6FARA	ADJUSTABLE MALLEABLE ALUMINUM ROOF FLASHING 1/12 - 7/12	
6FBR	6FBR	ADJUSTABLE ROOF FLASHING - 8/12- 12/12	3
6FBRA	6FBRA	ADJUSTABLE MALLEABLE ALUMINUM ROOF FLASHING 8/12 - 12/12	
6FBBR	6FBBR	ADJUSTABLE ROOF FLASHING 12/12 - 21/12	3
6FPR	6FPR	PEAK ROOF FLASHING 1/12 -7/12	3
6FPBR	6FPBR	PEAK ROOF FLASHING 8/12 -12/12	3
6FC	6FC	STORM COLLAR	10
<b>Chimney Termination</b>			
6CC	6CC	RAIN CAP	1
PE	PE	UNIVERSAL SPARK ARRESTER BAND	10
<b>Chimney Accessories</b>			
6PF	6PF	DECORATIVE TRIM	5
6PB	6PB	DECORATIVE COLLAR	25
6PA	6PA	BLACK PIPE ADAPTOR	1
6PD	6PD	FINISHING CONE	1
<b>Fireplace Components</b>			
6EK-1	6EK-1	EXTERIOR KIT (INCLUDES 1 TI, 1 TCI, 1 SME, 1 RSM, 1 CC, 1 PB, 1 BM)	1
6IK	6IK	INTERIOR KIT (INCLUDES 1 SFC, 1 RSA2, 1CC)	1

**NOTES**

<b>Parts / Accessories</b>	<b>Operation</b>	<b>Installation</b>	<b>Planning Installation</b>	<b>Safety and General</b>
<b>Troubleshooting</b>	<b>Maintenance</b>			

## WARRANTY

Your wood appliance is covered by a limited warranty (provided with the appliance). Please read the warranty to be familiar with its coverage.

Retain this manual. File it with your other documents for future reference.

## REPLACEMENT PARTS

See **Page 26** for a complete replacement parts list. Use only parts supplied from the manufacturer.

Normally, all parts should be ordered through your Lennox Hearth Products distributor or dealer. Parts will be shipped at prevailing prices at time of order.

When ordering repair parts, always give the following information:

1. The model number of the appliance.

2. The serial number of the appliance.
3. The part number.
4. The description of the part.
5. The quantity required.
6. The installation date of the appliance.

If you encounter any problems or have any questions concerning the installation or application of this system, please contact your dealer.

## LENNOX HEARTH PRODUCTS

1508 Elm Hill Pike, Suite 108

Nashville, TN 37210

visit us at [www.LennoxHearthProducts.com](http://www.LennoxHearthProducts.com)

1-800-655-2008

## PRODUCT REFERENCE INFORMATION

We recommend that you record the following important information about your appliance. If you did not purchase your appliance directly from a Lennox Hearth Products dealer, then please call 1-800-655-2008 for the name and phone number of your nearest Lennox Hearth Products dealer who will answer your questions or address your concerns.

Your Appliance's Model Number \_\_\_\_\_

Your Appliance's Serial Number \_\_\_\_\_

The Date On Which Your Appliance Was Installed \_\_\_\_\_

Your Dealer's Name \_\_\_\_\_


**NATIONAL FIREPLACE INSTITUTE**  
**NFI**  
**CERTIFIED**  
[www.nficertified.org](http://www.nficertified.org)

We recommend that our woodburning hearth products be installed and serviced by professionals who are certified in the U.S. by the National Fireplace Institute® (NFI) as NFI Woodburning Specialists or who are certified in Canada by Wood Energy Technical Training (WETT).

  
Wood Energy  
Technical Training  
[www.wettinc.ca](http://www.wettinc.ca)

**NATIONAL FIREPLACE INSTITUTE**  
**NFI**  
**CERTIFIED**  
[www.nficertified.org](http://www.nficertified.org)

Nous recommandons que nos p eles   bois soient install es et que l'entretien soit effectu e par des professionnels certifi es, aux Etats-Unis par le National Fireplace Institute® (NFI) et au Canada, par le Wood Energy Technical Training (WETT).

  
Wood Energy  
Technical Training  
[www.wettinc.ca](http://www.wettinc.ca)

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